POWER OVER YOUR PAIN

SPINAL CORD STIMULATION THERAPY can transform the QUALITY OF LIFE for people who are otherwise unable to find RELIEF from their chronic pain. Learn more about your options at PowerOverYourPain.com.

When pain lasts longer than 3 to 6 MONTHS, it’s considered chronic pain.1 Chronic pain can negatively impact every aspect of your life including PERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS, WORK PRODUCTIVITY & DAILY ROUTINE.2

CHRONIC PAIN BY THE NUMBERS

Chronic pain affects 100 MILLION AMERICANS—more than heart disease, cancer and diabetes combined.3 Costs include 515 MILLION WORKDAYS LOST and 40 MILLION DOCTOR VISITS annually.4 Chronic pain affects 1 IN 5 PEOPLE GLOBALLY.5

HOW SPINAL CORD STIMULATION (SCS) WORKS

1. A neurostimulator, similar in size to a cardiac pacemaker, is implanted in the body along with a thin wire called a lead. 2. The lead delivers these pulses to nerves along the spinal cord. 3. The pulses block pain signals before they reach the brain. 4. The painful feeling is replaced with a more comfortable sensation.

PEOPLE WITH SCS SYSTEMS HAVE REPORTED

50 PERCENT OR GREATER REDUCTION IN PAIN7 IMPROVED QUALITY OF LIFE7 REDUCTION OR ELIMINATION IN THE USE OF PAIN MEDICATIONS8

REDEFINING CHRONIC PAIN MANAGEMENT

Until now, one of the great challenges with neurostimulation has been giving people suffering from chronic pain access to the latest technologies without surgically replacing their device. The Protégé™ neurostimulator from St. Jude Medical is the world’s first and only SCS system that can be upgraded without surgical replacement.9

To learn more about solutions for chronic pain management, visit PowerOverYourPain.com.

Risks associated with the procedure and/or use of a neurostimulation system include infection, swelling, bruising, undesirable changes in stimulation, and the loss of strength or use in an affected limb or muscle group. Talk to your doctor about the possible complications associated with neurostimulation.