



**ABERDEEN**  
INTERNATIONAL

**Management's Discussion and Analysis**

**FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED  
OCTOBER 31, 2013 AND 2012**

## **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2013**

*(All amounts stated in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated)*

### **GENERAL**

This management's discussion and analysis of the operations, results and financial condition of Aberdeen International Inc. ("Aberdeen", or the "Company") should be read in conjunction with the condensed interim financial statements as at and for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013 and 2012, including the notes thereto. The condensed interim financial statements and related notes of Aberdeen have been prepared on a condensed basis in accordance with the International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). A detailed summary of the Company's significant accounting policies is included in Note 2 of the Company's annual audited financial statements as at and for the years ended January 31, 2013 and 2012, which have been consistently applied. The Company's functional and reporting currency is the Canadian dollar. Unless otherwise noted, all references to currency in this Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") refer to Canadian dollars.

Additional information regarding Aberdeen, including our Annual Information Form ("AIF") dated April 29, 2013 and press releases, has been filed electronically through the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("SEDAR") and is available online under the Company's profile at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com). This MD&A reports on the Company's activities through December 13, 2013.

Aberdeen's common shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol AAB.

### **CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION**

The annual report, including this MD&A, may contain certain "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities law, which are prospective and reflect management's expectations regarding Aberdeen's future growth, results of operations, performance and business prospects and opportunities. Forward-looking information can often be identified by forward-looking words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "goal", "plan", "intend", "estimate", "may" and "will" or similar words suggesting future outcomes, or other expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions, intentions or statements about future events or performance. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included herein, including without limitation, statements regarding the Company's plan of business operations; projections regarding future success based on past success; availability of financing on acceptable terms; ability to identify and execute investments; investment philosophy and business purposes; projected costs and expenditures; potential benefits of the business; anticipated returns; potential mineralization; projection of future revenue; targets for cash operating costs; and future plans and objectives of Aberdeen are forward-looking information that involve various risks and uncertainties. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, and actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from Aberdeen's expectations include, but are not limited to, in particular, past success or achievement does not guarantee future success; risks related to investment performance, market fluctuations, fluctuations in commodity prices, uncertainties relating to the availability and costs of financing needed in the future, the strength of the Canadian and US economies and financial markets, foreign exchange fluctuations, competition, political and economic risks in the countries and financial markets in which the Company's investments' interests are located and other risks included elsewhere in this MD&A under the heading "Risks and Uncertainties" as well as those factors discussed in or referred to in the AIF of the Company filed on April 29, 2013, under the profile of the Company at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com). Estimates and assumptions that have been considered when formulating forward-looking information include, with respect to the investments and investment philosophy of Aberdeen, management expertise and knowledge of the resources industry and the continued involvement of the current management team with Aberdeen. With regard to all information included herein relating to

investee companies, Aberdeen has relied exclusively on publicly available information disclosed by the respective companies.

Shareholders and prospective investors should be aware that these statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking information. Shareholders are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information. By its nature, forward-looking information involves numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, that contribute to the possibility that the predictions, forecasts, projections and various future events will not occur. Aberdeen undertakes no obligation to update publicly or otherwise revise any forward-looking information whether as a result of new information, future events or other such factors that affect this information, except as required by law.

## OVERVIEW

Aberdeen is a publicly traded global investment and merchant banking company focused on small capitalization companies in the resource sector. In general, the Company's investment philosophy is to acquire equity participation in:

- pre-IPO and/or early stage public resource companies with undeveloped and undervalued high-quality resources;
- companies in need of managerial, technical and financial resources to realize their full potential; and
- companies undervalued in foreign capital markets.

Aberdeen provides valued-added managerial and board advisory services to these companies in addition to investment capital. The Company's strategy is to optimize the return on its investments over a 24 to 36 month investment time frame. Aberdeen also has access to key experts in the mining and financial sector who can provide further assistance in evaluating and monitoring companies and their progress. As part of its business model, Aberdeen's officers and directors take active management, director and ownership roles in a significant percentage of companies in which Aberdeen invests.

The Company began operating as a global investment and merchant banking company in October 2007. As at October 31, 2013, the portfolio had investments in 39 companies with an estimated fair market value of \$41,052,236 (cost – \$53,650,169).

## FISCAL 2014 PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

Operating Results	For the three months ended		For the nine months ended	
	2013	October 31, 2012	2013	October 31, 2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Realized (loss) on investments, net	(2,786,446)	(193,938)	(5,953,491)	(65,384)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments, net	510,206	5,793,244	(7,799,172)	(20,876,536)
Net investment (loss) gain	(2,276,240)	5,599,306	(13,752,663)	(20,941,920)
Other revenue	424,432	507,401	853,899	1,577,809
Net (loss) income for the period	(2,530,035)	3,751,216	(13,730,617)	(22,271,013)
Basic and diluted (loss) income per share	(0.03)	0.04	(0.16)	(0.26)
			October 31, 2013	January 31, 2013
Investments				
Total equities, at fair value			38,052,236	53,332,006
Preferred shares, at fair value			3,000,000	3,000,000
Loans receivable			5,421,625	3,116,040
Total investments			46,473,861	59,448,046
Shareholders' equity			49,510,095	65,450,058

During the three months ended October 31, 2013, the Company realized loss on investments of \$2,786,446 compared to \$193,938 for the same quarter in the previous year. The Company had a net investment loss of \$2,276,240 compared to a gain of \$5,599,306 for the same quarter in the previous year. The Company's net loss for the three months ended October 31, 2013 was \$2,530,035 (\$0.03 per basic share) compared to an income of \$3,751,216 (\$0.04 per basic share) for the same quarter in the previous year.

During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company realized loss on investments of \$5,953,491 compared to \$65,384 for the previous year. The Company had a net investment loss of \$13,752,663 compared to \$20,941,920 for the previous year. The Company's net loss for the nine months ended October 31, 2013 was \$13,730,617 (\$0.16 per basic share) compared to \$22,271,013 (\$0.26 per basic share) for the previous year.

As at October 31, 2013, the Company's investments decreased to \$46,473,861 from \$59,448,046 as at January 31, 2013. During the three months ended October 31, 2013, the Company's shareholders' equity decreased to \$49,510,095 from \$65,450,058 as at January 31, 2013. The continued losses and the further decline of the value of the Company's investment portfolio during the nine months ended October 31, 2013 reflect a weak equity market as it relates to the resource sector.

## INVESTMENTS, AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS, AS AT OCTOBER 31, 2013.

At October 31, 2013, the Company's investment portfolio consisted of 24 publicly-traded investments and 15 privately-held investments for a total fair value of \$38,052,236. At January 31, 2013, the Company's investment portfolio consisted of 34 publicly-traded investments and 14 privately-held investments for a total fair value of \$53,332,006.

## PUBLIC INVESTMENTS

At October 31, 2013, the 24 Company's publicly-traded investments had a total fair value of \$17,984,380.

Public Issuer	Note	Security description	Cost	Estimated Fair value	% of FV
Agua Resources Ltd.*		2,550,540 common shares	\$ 276,923	\$ 182,724	1.1%
		277,393 option expire Dec 31, 2014			
		1,437,808 options expire May 31, 2015			
Alderon Iron Ore Corp.		450,000 common shares	450,000	792,000	4.4%
Antofagasta Gold Inc. **	(iii)	417,000 common shares	69,899	167,205	0.9%
		45,000 warrants expire Oct 14, 2014			
Black Iron Inc.	(iii)	5,616,000 common shares	3,280,504	1,010,880	5.6%
East Asia Minerals Corporation	(iii)	4,000,000 common shares	1,990,180	180,000	1.1%
		3,800,000 warrants expire Dec 15, 2013			
Forbes & Manhattan (Coal) Corp.	(iii)	2,398,008 common shares	3,425,128	699,330	4.0%
Kincora Copper Limited		6,443,558 common shares	1,610,890	193,307	1.1%
Mason Graphite Corp.		637,500 common shares	282,878	265,125	1.5%
		500,000 warrants expire Oct 30, 2014			
		250,000 warrants expire Jun 28, 2015			
Portex Minerals Inc.	(i,ii,iii)	21,249,315 common shares	1,062,466	956,219	5.3%
Rodinia Lithium Inc.	(iii)	3,978,333 common shares	2,426,646	198,917	1.1%
		1,500,000 warrants expire Dec 26, 2013			

Public Issuer	Note	Security description	Cost	Esimated Fair value	% of FV
Sandstorm Gold Ltd. ****		563,303 warrants expire Dec 4, 2014	266,501	151,698	0.8%
Savary Gold Corp.	(ii)	4,488,000 common shares	466,253	224,400	1.2%
Silver Bear Resources Inc.	(ii,iii)	5,782,000 common shares	2,341,212	786,917	4.4%
		1,449,275 warrants expire Jun 7, 2015			
		1,025,000 warrants expire Jun 4, 2016			
Sulliden Gold Corporation Ltd.	(iii)	14,500,000 common shares	11,084,289	11,745,000	65.3%
Total of 10 other investments	(iv)		2,479,562	430,658	2.2%
<b>Total public investments</b>			<b>\$ 31,513,331</b>	<b>\$ 17,984,380</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

\* Formerly New port Mining Ltd.,

\*\* Formerly Windamere Ventures Ltd.

\*\*\* Formerly Castillian Resources Corp.

#### Note

- (i) The Company has filed a Section 102 report pursuant to the Ontario Securities Act for this investment and has filed this early warning report on SEDAR.
- (ii) The Company owns, on a partially diluted basis, at least a 10% interest in the investee as at October 31, 2013.
- (iii) A director and/or officer of the Company is a director and/or officer of the investee corporation as at October 31, 2013.
- (iv) Total other investments held by the Company, which are not individually listed as at October 31, 2013. Directors and officers may hold investments personally.

At January 31, 2013, the Company's investment portfolio consisted of 34 publicly-traded investments for a total fair value of \$32,292,172.

Public Issuer	Note	Security description	Cost	Estimated Fair value	% of FV
Agua Resources Ltd.*		4,144,232 common shares	\$ 2,262,886	\$ 697,112	2.2%
		277,393 option expire Dec 31, 2014			
		4,145,556 performance shares A			
		3,318,763 performance shares B			
		1,917,074 performance rights - class A			
		2,875,615 performance rights - class B			
		2,875,615 performance rights - class C			
Alderon Iron Ore Corp.		446,100 common shares	466,100	801,692	2.5%
Alder Resources Ltd.	(iii)	1,816,000 common shares	192,544	115,960	0.4%
		1,250,000 warrants expire Feb 1, 2014			
Allana Potash Corp.		2,853,500 common shares	1,006,690	1,655,030	5.1%
Antofagasta Gold Inc. **	(iii)	480,000 common shares	79,911	370,152	1.1%
		45,000 warrants expire Oct 14, 2014			
Black Iron Inc.	(iii)	6,000,000 common shares	3,504,812	2,700,000	8.4%
Cap-Ex Ventures Limited		1,313,500 common shares	1,089,209	625,175	1.9%
		1,175,000 warrants expire Jan 13, 2014			
Castillian Resources Corp.	(iii)	6,321,000 common shares	1,072,560	158,025	0.5%
		2,273,000 warrants expire Jun 21, 2013			
East Asia Minerals Corporation	(iii)	4,000,000 common shares	1,990,180	1,240,460	3.8%
		3,800,000 warrants expire Dec 15, 2013			
Emerita Gold Corp.	(iii)	1,470,588 common shares	250,000	250,000	0.8%
Ferro Iron Ore Corp.	(ii)	2,100,000 common shares	105,000	536,970	1.7%
		1,050,000 warrants expire Sep 26, 2014			
Forbes & Manhattan (Coal) Corp.	(iii)	2,415,907 common shares	3,458,263	1,386,953	4.3%
		550,000 performance shares			
Kincora Copper Limited		6,668,558 common shares	1,667,140	433,456	1.3%
Portex Minerals Inc.	(i,ii)	21,249,315 common shares	1,062,466	1,062,466	3.3%

Public Issuer	Note	Security description	Cost	Esimated Fair value	% of FV
Premier Royalty Inc.	(iii)	3,884,849 warrants expire Dec 4, 2014	266,501	1,679,032	5.2%
Rodinia Lithium Inc.	(iii)	3,978,333 common shares	2,426,646	777,725	2.4%
		1,500,000 warrants expire Dec 26, 2013			
Silver Bear Resources Inc.	(iii)	4,019,780 common shares	2,077,191	1,634,024	5.1%
		1,449,275 warrants expire Jun 7, 2015			
Sulliden Gold Corporation Ltd.	(iii)	15,398,672 common shares	11,789,861	14,474,752	44.8%
Valencia Ventures Inc.	(ii,iii)	1,038,444 common shares	93,460	170,409	0.5%
		1,038,444 warrants expire Nov 1, 2014			
Total of 15 other investments	(iv)		4,483,464	1,522,779	4.7%
Total public investments			\$ 39,344,884	\$ 32,292,172	100.0%

\* Formerly New port Mining Ltd.,

\*\* Formerly Windamere Ventures Ltd.

\*\*\* Formerly Garrison International Ltd.

\*\*\*\* Formerly Auger Resources Ltd.

#### Note

- (i) The Company has issued a Section 102 report under the Ontario Securities Act for this investment.
- (ii) The Company owns, on a partially diluted basis, at least a 10% interest in the investee as at January 31, 2013.
- (iii) A director and/or officer of the Company is a director and/or officer of the investee corporation as at January 31, 2013.
- (iv) Total other investments held by the Company, which are not individually listed as at January 31, 2013. Directors and officers may hold investments personally.

## PRIVATE INVESTMENTS

At October 31, 2013, the 15 Company's privately-held investments had a total fair value of \$20,067,856.

Private Issuer	Note	Security description	Cost	Estimated Fair value	% of FV
Brazil Potash Corp.	(iii)	1,650,062 common shares	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 4,301,299	21.4%
DT Plantations Limited*	(ii)	2,770,000 common shares	200,000	277,000	1.4%
		500,000 warrants			
Forbes Ram Holdings Inc.	(ii,iii,v)	8,000,000 common shares	8,000,000	8,000,000	39.9%
Indo Gold Limited	(ii,iii)	7,500,000 common shares	1,560,000	1,481,550	7.4%
Irati Energy Ltd.		2,213,179 common shares	1,994,975	3,873,063	19.3%
Legacy Platinum Corp.	(ii,iii)	3,515,000 common shares	2,352,377	1,065,045	5.3%
Metal Prospecting AS	(iii)	202,310 common shares	179,752	159,592	0.8%
Ram River Coal Corp.		750,000 common shares	37,500	750,000	3.7%
Total of 7 other investments	(iv)		2,965,034	160,307	0.8%
Total private investments			\$ 19,789,638	\$ 20,067,856	100.0%

\* Warrants expire 12 months after listing date

#### Note

- (ii) The Company owns, on a partially diluted basis, at least a 10% interest in the investee as at October 31, 2013.
- (iii) A director and/or officer of the Company is a director and/or officer of the investee corporation as at October 31, 2013.
- (iv) Total other investments held by the Company, which are not individually listed as at October 31, 2013. Directors and officers may hold investments personally.
- (v) The Company owns 80% of the outstanding common shares and voting rights of Forbes Ram Holdings Inc. (a Canadian corporation) as at October 31, 2013. There are no contractual arrangements, financial support, or other restrictions with Forbes Ram Holdings Inc. Refer to "New accounting policies" under Note 2 of the Company's annual financial statements as of and for the year ended January 31, 2013 relating to the exemption to consolidating particular subsidiaries for investment entities.

At January 31, 2013, the 14 Company's privately-held investments had a total fair value of \$21,039,384.

Private Issuer	Note	Security description	Cost	Estimated Fair value	% of FV
Brazil Potash Corp.	(iii)	1,650,062 common shares	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 3,291,214	15.6%
DT Plantations Limited.		2,770,000 common shares	200,000	277,000	1.3%
Forbes Ram Holdings Inc.	(ii,iii,v)	8,000,000 common shares	8,000,000	8,000,000	38.0%
Indo Gold Limited	(ii,iii)	7,500,000 common shares	1,560,000	1,560,000	7.4%
Irati Energy Ltd.		2,213,179 common shares	1,994,975	3,873,063	18.5%
Legacy Platinum Corp.	(ii,iii)	3,115,000 common shares	2,231,174	1,557,500	7.4%
Ram River Coal Corp.		750,000 common shares	37,500	750,000	3.6%
Raven Minerals Corp.*	(ii)	1,600,000 common shares 800,000 warrants	400,000	720,000	3.4%
Scandinavian Metals Inc.	(ii,iii)	22,762,765 common shares	2,038,139	569,069	2.7%
Tag Resources (Pty) Ltd.	(ii)	7,005,141 common shares	341,530	364,968	1.7%
Total of 4 other investments	(iv)		135,365	77,020	0.4%
<b>Total private investments</b>			<b>\$ 19,438,683</b>	<b>\$ 21,039,834</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

\* Warrants expire 12 months after listing date

#### Note

- (ii) The Company owns, on a partially diluted basis, at least a 10% interest in the investee as at January 31, 2013.
- (iii) A director and/or officer of the Company is a director and/or officer of the investee corporation as at January 31, 2013.
- (iv) Total other investments held by the Company, which are not individually listed as at January 31, 2013. Directors and officers may hold investments personally.
- (v) The Company owns 80% of the outstanding common shares and voting rights of Forbes Ram Holdings Inc. (a Canadian corporation) as at January 31, 2013. There are no contractual arrangements, financial support, or other restrictions with Forbes Ram Holdings Inc. Refer to "New accounting policies" under Note 2 of the Company's annual financial statements as of and for the year ended January 31, 2013 relating to the exemption to consolidating particular subsidiaries for investment entities.

During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company invested approximately \$1.4 million in portfolio acquisitions and disposed of investments receiving proceeds of \$18 million for a realized loss of \$6 million. During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company made major new investments in Apogee Silver Ltd. (silver), Metal Processing AG (private, base metal), Pitchblack Resources Ltd. (iron and precious metal), Mason Graphite Corp. (graphite), Savary Gold Corp. (gold), Legacy Platinum Corp. (private, platinum), and Silver Bear Resources Inc. (silver) through conversion of debt. The Company reduced its holdings in the following companies: Aguia Resources Ltd. (potash/phosphate), Alder Resource Ltd. (gold and base metal), Allana Potash Corp. (potash), Apogee Silver Ltd. (silver), Black Iron Inc. (iron), Cap-Ex Iron Ore Limited (iron), Coastal Gold Corp. (gold), Desert Eagle Resources Ltd. (gold), Emerita Gold Corp. (gold), Goldstar Minerals Inc. (gold), Gold Stream Minerals Inc. (gold), Potash Atlantico Corp. (potash), and Sulliden Gold Corp. (gold).

During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the fair market value of the Company's total investment portfolio had a cumulated unrealized loss of \$12.6 million. The Company had unrealized losses of approximately \$8.1 million from its base metals holdings, \$4.7 million loss from silver and gold holdings, \$1.6 million loss from energy holdings, and \$1.8 million gain from agriculture holdings.

## LOANS

As a normal course of business, Aberdeen may provide loans to junior resource companies both to support existing investments and to seed new investments. Loans are considered by management to be part of the investment portfolio and are provided in addition to, or as an alternative to equity financing, in order to enhance overall returns and reduce investment risk (e.g. secured loans).

Aberdeen's loan portfolio as at October 31, 2013 and January 31, 2013:

		October 31, 2013	January 31, 2013
Brookwater Venture Inc.	Unsecured	\$ 100,000	\$ -
Coastal Gold Corp*	Unsecured	118,650	-
DT Plantations Inc.	Unsecured	312,810	-
Forbes Royalty Corporation	Unsecured	333,520	-
Irati Energy Ltd.	Convertible	300,000	-
Legacy Platinum Corp.	Secured	1,752,862	1,367,338
Metal Prospecting AS	Convertible	210,360	219,120
Pitchblack Resources Ltd.	Unsecured	-	107,476
Rodinia Lithium, Inc.	Secured LOC	722,778	-
Silver Bear Resources Inc.	Convertible	31,000	-
Temujin Mining Corp.	Convertible	1,539,645	1,342,106
Other loans	Convertible	-	80,000
		<b>\$ 5,421,625</b>	<b>\$ 3,116,040</b>

\* formerly Castillian Resources Corp.

#### *Legacy Platinum Corp.*

On June 10, 2011, the Company entered into a convertible loan agreement with Legacy Platinum Corp. ("Legacy"). The Company loaned Legacy \$320,000, which was originally due and payable on June 10, 2012, subsequently extended to December 31, 2013. The loan is unsecured and included interest of 10% per annum calculated and payable semi-annually in kind by an increase to the principal amount owing. Legacy has an option to either repay the loan plus accrued interest any time prior to the maturity date in cash, or issue shares of Legacy that equal the total value of the principals outstanding plus accrued interest based on the share value of its most recent equity financing.

On June 21, 2011, the Company entered into a second loan agreement with Legacy for an additional loan of US\$500,000, which was originally due and payable on June 21, 2012, subsequently extended to December 31, 2013. This loan is unsecured and carries the same term and condition as the first loan.

On April 16, 2012, the Company loaned an additional US\$400,000 to Legacy, which is due and payable on demand. This loan is unsecured and carries the same terms and conditions as the first loan. On August 15, 2013, the term of the agreement was amended to include a) a loan to a maximum amount of US\$1,000,000, b) the loan is secured against all the assets of Legacy and ranks senior in priority and preference to any unsecured indebtedness of Legacy.

During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company loaned an additional \$200,000 and US\$52,100 (\$53,022) to Legacy. As of October 31, 2013, the loan principal and accrued interest totalling \$607,645 and US\$1,160,977 (\$1,210,551) remained outstanding. An officer of Aberdeen, Richard Bishop, serves as an officer of Legacy.

#### *Pitchblack Resources Ltd.*

On October 7, 2011, Pitchblack Resources Ltd. ("Pitchblack") issued a promissory note to the Company for a loan of \$100,000. The note bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum, compounded annually. The outstanding principal amount and interest accrued are due and payable on demand anytime after March 1, 2012.

On March 1, 2012, the Company extended the term of the loan to be due on demand after June 30, 2012. As of January 31, 2013, loan principal plus accrued interest totalling \$111,286 remained outstanding.



On May 8, 2013, the Company extended the maturity date of the loan to October 31, 2014. On September 30, 2013, outstanding principal plus accrued interest totalling \$121,203 was repaid by 400,000 shares of Legacy.  
*Temujin Mining Corp.*

Pursuant to a loan agreement dated January 27, 2012, the Company agreed to provide a loan facility to Temujin from time to time at the sole discretion of the Company. The principal of the loan was to mature, and become due and payable on December 31, 2012, and was subsequently extended to December 31, 2013. The loan is unsecured and earned interest of 10% per annum calculated and payable semi-annually. Temujin has an option to either repay the loan plus accrued interest any time prior to the maturity date in cash, or issue shares of Temujin that equal the total value of the principal plus accrued interest to the Company at a price per common share agreeable between both parties at the time of conversion.

During the year-ended January 31, 2013, the Company loaned \$88,400 and US\$1,257,100 (\$1,253,706) to Temujin. As of January 31, 2013, the loan principal and accrued interest totaling \$95,592 and US\$1,337,434 (\$1,333,823) remained outstanding.

During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company loaned an additional \$19,620 and US\$133,898 (\$137,485) to Temujin, and received repayment of US\$18,000 (\$18,524). As of October 31, 2013, the loan principal and accrued interest totaling \$123,290 and US\$1,559,637 (\$1,626,234) remained outstanding. Directors and an officer of Aberdeen, Stan Bharti and David Stein, serve as directors of Temujin.

#### *Forbes & Manhattan West Africa Resources Inc.*

On October 23, 2012, the Company entered into an unsecured loan agreement with Forbes & Manhattan West Africa Resources Inc. ("Forbes West Africa"), whereby the Company agreed to advance Forbes West Africa up to \$100,000 at any time on or before December 31, 2012. Each advance will mature and be due and payable on its anniversary date. Interest on principal as well as overdue and unpaid accrued interest is calculated and payable annually at 20% per annum. The first advance plus any unpaid interest accrued will be converted to shares of Forbes West Africa on maturity date at \$0.10 per share. The second advance plus any unpaid interest accrued will be converted to shares of Forbes West Africa on maturity date at \$0.12 per share. On October 19, 2012, the Company advanced \$50,000 to Forbes West Africa.

During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company reviewed the recoverability of the loan and determined an impairment provision is required. Consequently, a provision on loan principal of \$50,000 and accrued interest of \$10,356 was made.

#### *Metal Prospecting AS*

On November 12, 2012, the Company entered into an unsecured loan agreement with Metal Prospecting AS ("Metpro"), whereby the Company agreed to advance Metpro NOK1,200,000 (\$219,120). The principal of the loan will mature, to be due and payable in cash on the earlier of (a) December 31, 2013, and (b) the date on which Portex Minerals Inc. ("Portex") completes its acquisition of Metpro, or at any time when the Company declares the principal to be due, or (c) at any time when the Company declares the principal to be due in the event of a default, or (d) the Company exercises the option to convert the outstanding loans into shares of Metpro at NOK2.40 (\$0.44) per share in the event of default. Interest on the principal is calculated at a rate of 1.5% per month, compounded monthly and payable quarterly commencing January 1, 2013. The loans rank senior in priority and preference to any other indebtedness of Metpro.

As of October 31, 2013, principal plus accrued interest totalling NOK1,218,685 (\$213,635) remained outstanding. An officer of Aberdeen, David Stein, serves as a director of Metpro.

*Forbes & Manhattan (Russia) Inc.*

On November 14, 2012, the Company entered into an unsecured loan agreement with Forbes & Manhattan (Russia) Inc. ("Forbes Russia"), and Forbes & Manhattan, Inc. ("Forbes"), the second lender, whereby each lender agreed to advance Forbes Russia (A) \$30,000 on the date of the loan and, (B) additional funds from time to time up to a maximum of \$250,000. Each advance will mature and be due and payable on its anniversary date. Interest on principal as well as overdue and unpaid accrued interest is calculated and payable annually at 10% per annum. Each lender may convert the outstanding loan plus interest into shares of Forbes Russia at \$0.05 per common shares at any time before the maturity date.

On February 13, 2013, Forbes Russia repaid \$24,000 of the outstanding principal. During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company reviewed the recoverability of the loan and determined an impairment provision is required. Consequently, a provision on loan principal of \$6,000 and accrued interest of \$1,032 was made.

*Brookwater Venture Inc.*

On February 7, 2013, Brookwater Venture Inc. ("Brookwater") issued a promissory note to the Company for \$100,000. The principal of the note will mature, be due and payable on February 7, 2014. The note is unsecured and earns interest at 13% per annum calculated monthly and payable on maturity. In the event of default, interest at 15% will be charged on overdue and unpaid principal and accrued interest calculated daily and compounded monthly.

As of October 31, 2013, principal plus accrued interest totalling \$109,474 remained outstanding.

*Rodinia Lithium Inc.*

On February 25, 2013, the Company entered into a secured loan agreement with Rodinia Lithium Inc. ("Rodinia") whereby the Company agreed to make available to Rodinia a secured line of credit up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 ("Line of Credit"). Rodinia made an initial drawdown of \$300,000 on February 27, 2013. All subsequent drawdown requests from Rodinia are subject to approval by the Company. Interest on each drawdown shall be accrued at 10% per annum, calculated and payable quarterly with the first quarterly interest payment due on June 30, 2013. The principal and accrued interest of the final drawdown will mature and become due and payable on demand on the third anniversary, or in an event of default, the Company may declare the Principal due. The Line of Credit is secured against each of the properties that Rodinia owns in Salar de Centenario and shall rank senior in priority and preference to any unsecured indebtedness of Rodinia. On October 30, 2013, the term of the agreement was amended to include a monthly drawdown of \$100,000 per month up to \$600,000 until December 31, 2013. The overdue and unpaid quarterly interest installment was capitalized to loan principal.

During the nine months ended October, the Company loaned an additional \$400,000 to Rodinia. As of October 31, 2013, principal plus accrued interest totalling \$728,861 remained outstanding. A director and an officer of Aberdeen, David Stein, Ryan Ptolemy, serves as director and officer of Rodinia.

*DT Plantations Limited*

On March 12, 2013, DT Plantations Limited ("DT") issued a promissory note to the Company for US\$300,000 (\$308,040). The note will mature, be due and payable on the earlier of (a) March 7, 2014, or (b) the date upon which DT completes a financing for greater than USD\$1,000,000. The note is unsecured and earns interest at 10% per annum. In the event of default, interest at 12% will be charged on overdue and unpaid principal and accrued interest calculated daily and compounded monthly. In consideration of the debt financing, the Company received 500,000 DT warrants to purchase shares of DT at \$0.15 per share for a period of 12 months from the date DT becomes publicly listed.

As of October 31, 2013, principal plus accrued interest totalling US\$321,863 (\$335,607) remained outstanding.

### *Silver Bear Resources Inc.*

On April 2, 2013, Silver Bear Resources Inc. ("Silver Bear") issued a promissory note to the Company for \$400,000. The note will mature and be due and payable on the earlier of (a) October 2, 2013; (b) the date upon which Silver Bear completes a financing for an amount equal or greater than \$2,000,000; and (c) any other date when the Company declares the principal due in the event of a default. In the event of (b), the Company is only entitled to interest accrued as of the date of repayment on a pro rata basis, except in the event when the Company chooses to convert the principal into shares of Silver Bear. In such case, the principal and full amount of interest payable shall be repaid in the form of shares on the closing date of Silver Bear's equity financing. The note is unsecured and earns interest at 30% per annum calculated bi-annually and payable upfront in the amount of \$60,000 upon the date of signing the promissory note.

The Company loaned \$400,000 to Silver Bear and received \$60,000 interest on April 3, 2013. On June 4, 2013, the Company converted \$369,000 of its loan into units of Silver Bear through Silver Bear's financing, leaving an outstanding balance of \$31,000 as at October 31, 2013. A director of Aberdeen, Stan Bharti, serves as a director of Silver Bear.

### *Coastal Gold Corp. (formerly Castillian Resources Corp.)*

On April 11, 2013, the Company entered into a term loan agreement with Coastal Gold Corp. ("Coastal") and converted the outstanding receivable of \$118,650 to a term loan. The loan is unsecured and earns 10% interest per annum. Principal of the loan plus accrued interest will mature, be due and payable in cash on December 31, 2014. In the event of a change of control that occurs to Coastal, the outstanding principal and all interest accrued will become due and payable in cash on the date on which such change of control occurs.

As of October 31, 2013, principal plus accrued interest totalling \$125,281 remained outstanding. A director of Aberdeen, Michael Hoffman, serves as a director of Coastal.

### *Irati Energy Ltd.*

During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company loaned Irati Energy Ltd. ("Irati") \$600,000. The loan is interest free and to be repaid in cash minus expenses. On September 18, 2013, \$115,107 was repaid to the Company.

As of October 31, 2013, the Company made a provision on the expected expenditure of \$184,893 leaving an outstanding balance of \$300,000.

## **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The net loss for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013 was \$2,530,035 and \$13,730,617 compared to an income of \$3,751,216 and loss of \$22,271,013 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012. This was a result of lower total year-to-date investment losses along with decreases in other revenue and lower operating, general and administration expenses. The income for the prior year quarter was due to an unrealized gain recognized on its loans receivable from Premier Royalty.

The realized loss on investments of \$2,786,446 and \$5,953,491, and unrealized gain of \$510,206 and unrealized loss of \$7,799,172 during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013 reflected continued weak markets experienced by our investment portfolio and the equity markets in the resource sector.

The Company does not have revenue in royalties during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013 compared to royalties of \$nil and \$559,503 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012. The Company sold its gold royalty interests on May 31, 2012.

During the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company recorded interest and dividend revenue of \$424,432 and \$829,899 compared with \$437,401 and \$808,306 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012. Interest was earned on the Company's loans outstanding. Loans receivable at October 31, 2013 totaled \$5,421,625. Dividends were earned on the Company's preferred shares held. The Company also received dividend from the wind up of Potash Atlantico Corp.

During the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company recorded revenue for advisory service fees of \$nil and \$24,000 compared with \$70,000 and \$210,000 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 for debt financing / restructuring and equity financing services provided to pre-IPO or early stage public companies.

General and administrative expense for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013 was \$1,422,786 and \$5,292,656 compared to \$1,093,505 and \$7,926,023 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012. The decrease is mainly due to no bonuses being paid in the current year. For the nine months ended October 31, 2013 and 2012, other major expenses of the Company that comprise general and administrative expenses include salaries, consulting, benefits, deferred share units ("DSU") and bonus of \$1,997,837 (2012 - \$6,064,747). The Company paid \$nil bonus (2012 - \$4,052,000) and granted 800,000 DSUs to non-executive directors of the Company in the current year; share-based compensation of \$860,301 (2012 - \$397,176) as the Company granted 8,600,000 restricted share units ("RSU") to certain directors and officers of the Company, of which, one-third vested on the date of grant; legal, accounting and professional fees of \$247,272 (2012 - \$606,449); filing and transfer agent fees of \$36,662 (2012 - \$39,886); shareholder communication and promotion of \$126,332 (2012 - \$190,168); travel of \$126,271 (2012 - \$229,031); general office and administration costs of \$266,455 (2012 - \$373,566); donation of \$nil (2012 - \$25,000), and business development costs of \$1,631,526 (2012 - \$nil) incurred in strategic asset management venture and other business development activities. The Company made a provision on loan, interest and investment receivable of \$284,200 (2012 - (\$9,766)) and recognized \$nil loss on disposal of royalty interests (2012 - \$1,526,194).

The carrying value of royalty interests are depleted using the units-of-production method over the life of the property to which the royalty interest relates. During the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company did not record any depletion expense on royalty interest compared to \$151,700 recorded for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 prior to the sale of its gold royalty interests on May 31, 2012.

The Company recorded a foreign exchange gain of \$54,991 and \$94,271 during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013 compared with a foreign exchange loss of \$16,631 and \$1,563,041 during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012. The loss in the prior year was mainly due to the closure of the royalty division which functional currency was US dollars.

During the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company recorded a current income tax recovery of \$952,142 and \$2,323,826 and a deferred tax expense of \$150,000 and deferred tax recovery of \$2,327,000 compared with recovery of \$317,980 and expense of \$2,853,116 in current income tax and expense of \$1,568,000 and a recovery of \$11,120,000 in deferred tax during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012. The current income tax recovery was the result of the loss on the portfolio investments; partially offset by other revenues and general and administrative expenses. The deferred income tax recovery was a result of the unrealized losses on the portfolio investments.

## **CASH FLOWS**

Cash (used in) generated by operating activities during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013 was (\$651,692) and \$3,923,686 compared with (\$2,016,379) and (\$4,306,834) during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012. The difference between the operating cash flow and the net loss for the year largely reflects the unrealized nature of many of the losses recorded on the investments. Operating cash flow was largely generated by interest income, offset by general and administrative expenses, purchase of restricted share units and net changes in investment, loan and non-cash working capital. During the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013, \$nil and (\$4,243,515) were used in repaying the margin loan, and \$20,040 and (\$1,365,658) were used in the purchase of portfolio

investments, while proceeds on the disposal of portfolio investments were \$1,049,313 and \$17,970,467, short-term loans provided of (\$1,352,614) and (\$3,384,745), short-term loans repaid of \$615,107 and \$657,631. In the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, (\$941,692) and (\$10,765,713) was used to purchase portfolio investments, while proceeds on the disposal of portfolio investments were \$958,988 and \$4,638,293, short-term loans totaling (\$1,815,380) and (\$5,335,481) were provided and \$636,530 and \$1,737,140 were repaid.

Cash used in financing activities during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013 was \$101,098 and \$3,069,647 compared to \$938,697 and \$1,946,611 during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012. The Company purchased 9.1 million restricted share units at an average price of \$0.32 during the nine months ended October 31, 2013 (2012 - \$nil). The Company purchased and cancelled 725,180 shares at an average price of \$0.17 per share during the nine months ended October 31, 2013 (2012 – 727,800 at an average price of \$0.44) under NCIB, which was offset by cash of \$21,600 (2012 - \$108,000) generated through the exercise of share purchase options. The Company suspended its dividend policy during the nine months ended October 31, 2013 compared with \$1,734,088 paid in dividends during the nine months ended October 31, 2012.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Aberdeen relies upon various sources of funds for its ongoing operating activities. These resources include proceeds from dispositions of investments, interest and dividend income from investments, advisory fees, and corporate borrowings from the Company's margin account.

Aberdeen generated cash of \$3,923,686 from its operating activities and used cash of \$3,069,647 in its financing activities during the nine months ended October 31, 2013. Included in cash used in operations \$1,365,658 in net new investments and \$17,970,467 generated from the disposal of portfolio investments. The estimated fair value of its portfolio investments of \$38,052,236, loans receivable of \$5,421,625, other assets of \$6,428,120, amounts receivable of \$778,238 and cash of \$1,176,224. This was partially offset by liabilities of \$2,346,348. The Company used \$2,968,409 in the purchase of restricted share units. The Company also maintains up to \$10 million margin loan facility with its prime broker to help to manage its short-term cash flow needs.

## SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

The following are highlights of audited financial data of the Company for the most recently completed three financial years ended January 31:

	2013	2012	2011
	\$	\$	\$
Investment (losses) gains and revenues	(20,413,876)	(36,883,707)	64,224,744
Net (loss) income for the year	(30,630,419)	(37,813,636)	34,840,202
Basic (loss) income per share	(0.35)	(0.44)	0.40
Diluted (loss) income per share	(0.35)	(0.44)	0.37
Total assets	75,789,655	106,197,743	168,294,702
Total liabilities	10,339,607	10,116,570	31,980,093
Total dividends declared and distributed	1,734,088	1,742,297	-

## QUARTERLY INFORMATION

The following is a summary of unaudited financial data for the most recently completed eight quarters:

(Tabular amounts in \$000, except for per share amounts)

<b>Summary Financial Information for the Eight Quarters Ended October 31, 2013</b>				
<u>Period</u>	<u>Investment (losses) gains &amp; revenues</u>	<u>Total assets</u>	<u>Net (loss) income</u>	<u>Basic and diluted (loss) income per share</u>
<u>2014</u>				
3 <sup>rd</sup> Qtr	(1,852)	51,856	(2,530)	(0.03)
2 <sup>nd</sup> Qtr	(2,134)	55,455	(3,820)	(0.04)
1 <sup>st</sup> Qtr	(8,913)	59,567	(7,381)	(0.09)
<u>2013</u>				
4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr	(1,050)	75,790	(8,359)	(0.09)
3 <sup>rd</sup> Qtr	6,107	79,618	3,751	0.04
2 <sup>nd</sup> Qtr	(6,978)	76,578	(10,142)	(0.12)
1 <sup>st</sup> Qtr	(18,493)	84,376	(15,880)	(0.18)
<u>2012</u>				
4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr	(16,190)	106,198	(17,572)	(0.20)

The eight quarters listed above reflects royalty and interest revenue generated from the Company's royalty revenue received from Simmer and Jack Mines, Limited ("Simmers") and First Uranium Corporation, and Simmers loan from fiscal 2012 through the second quarter of fiscal 2013. The Company began making investments in pre-IPO and early stage public resource companies in the third quarter of 2008. These investments are fair valued with an unrealized gain or loss going through the statements of operations and comprehensive income. For the past eight financial quarters in fiscal 2014, 2013 and 2012, the Company recorded losses on its investment portfolio, with the exception of the third quarter of 2013. During the third quarter of 2013, the Company recorded an unrealized gain on its loans receivable from Premier Royalty.

## OUTLOOK

Aberdeen's investment portfolio continued to decline as a result of continued weakness in equity markets for junior mining and resource stocks. Gold prices remained volatile during the quarter. Despite our bullishness over the longer-term, Aberdeen expects the weak commodities and junior equities markets to continue in the short to medium term.

Aberdeen is undergoing a strategic review process. Management of Aberdeen has committed to pursue a strategy that would transition the Company from an investment holding company to an asset management business over the coming years. Aberdeen has engaged Sixpoint Partners LLC ("Sixpoint") of New York as its strategic advisor. Aberdeen has built a strong track record over the past eight years as the primary investment vehicle for the Forbes & Manhattan Group. With a fundamental change in the mining capital market dynamics over the past few years, we firmly believe Aberdeen can deliver its best value going forward by adjusting its business model to better take advantage of the tremendous market opportunities we are seeing.

## **NORMAL COURSE ISSUER BID (“NCIB”)**

On May 28, 2013, the Company announced its intention to make a NCIB, subject to TSX approval, to buy back its common shares through the facilities of the TSX. Any purchases made pursuant to the NCIB will be made in accordance with the rules of the TSX and in some instances may be effected through alternative trading systems and will be made at the market price of the common shares at the time of the acquisition.

The maximum number of common shares that may be purchased for cancellation pursuant to the NCIB is that number of common shares that represents 10% of the common shares in the public float. Based on the 70,739,102 common shares in the public float as at May 27, 2013, the maximum number of shares to be purchased and cancelled would be 7,073,910. Daily purchases will be limited to 50,036 common shares other than block purchase exceptions. The actual number of common shares that would be purchased, if any, and the timing of such purchases will be determined by Aberdeen considering market conditions, stock prices, its cash position, and other factors. Aberdeen made a previous NCIB that terminated effective February 26, 2013, pursuant to which Aberdeen purchased 1,005,500 securities at a weighted average price per security of \$0.41.

Purchases under the NCIB are permitted to commence on May 30, 2013 and will terminate on May 29, 2014 or the date upon which the maximum number of common shares have been purchased by Aberdeen pursuant to the NCIB. There cannot be any assurance as to how many common shares, if any, will ultimately be acquired by Aberdeen under the NCIB. Aberdeen intends that any shares acquired pursuant to the NCIB will be cancelled.

During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company purchased and cancelled 725,180 shares (2012 – 727,800) at an average price of \$0.17 per share (2012 – \$0.44).

## **COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES**

### *Management contracts*

The Company is party to certain management contracts. These contracts contain minimum commitments of approximately \$1,200,000 ranging from 30 days to 12 months and additional contingent payments of up to approximately \$12,200,000 upon the occurrence of a change of control. As a triggering event has not taken place, the contingent payments have not been reflected in the condensed interim financial statements as at and for the nine months ended October 31, 2013.

### *Tax positions*

In assessing the probability of realizing income tax assets and the valuation of income tax liabilities, management makes estimates related to expectations of future taxable income, applicable tax planning opportunities, expected timing of reversals of existing temporary differences and the likelihood that tax positions taken will be sustained upon examination by applicable tax authorities. In making its assessments, management gives additional weight to positive and negative evidence that can be objectively verified. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecasted cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. The Company considers relevant tax planning opportunities that are within the Company's control, are feasible and within management's ability to implement. Examination by applicable tax authorities is supported based on individual facts and circumstances of the relevant tax position examined in light of all available evidence. Where applicable tax laws and regulations are either unclear or subject to ongoing varying interpretations, it is reasonably possible that changes in these estimates can occur that materially affect the amounts of income tax assets recognized. Also, future changes in tax laws could limit the Company from realizing the tax benefits from the deferred tax assets. The Company reassesses unrecognized income tax assets at each reporting period.

### Strategic advisor

The Company has engaged a strategic advisor to provide the Company with advice regarding potential strategic financing alternatives. The Company will pay the strategic advisor \$500,000 with \$250,000 paid on May 23, 2013 and \$250,000 payable on November 30, 2013. In addition, the Company will pay the strategic advisor a monthly retainer at the end of each month starting December 23, 2013 if the agreement is not terminated at the Company's option. In addition, the Company is committed to paying success fees to the strategic advisor on the occurrence of certain successful events.

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### Fair value

IFRS requires that the Company disclose information about the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities. Fair value estimates are made at the statements of financial position date, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties in significant matters of judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect these estimates.

The Company has determined the carrying value of its financial instruments as follows:

- i. The carrying value of cash, amounts receivable, due to brokers, accounts payable and accrued liabilities reflected on the statements of financial position approximate fair value because of the limited terms of these instruments.
- ii. Loans receivable, public and private investments and preferred shares are carried at amounts in accordance with the Company's accounting policy as set out in Note 2 of the annual audited financial statements as at and for the year ended January 31, 2013.
- iii. Prior to maturity, the outstanding loans receivable are carried at their discounted value. Following their maturity, loans receivable are carried at their estimated realizable value.

The following table illustrates the classification of the Company's financial instruments, measured at fair value on the statements of financial position as at October 31, 2013 categorized into levels of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1 (Quoted Market price)	Level 2 (Valuation technique - observable market Inputs)	Level 3 (Valuation technique - non-observable market inputs)	Total
<b>Investments, fair value</b>				
Publicly traded investments	\$ 17,654,947	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,654,947
Non-trading warrants on public investments	-	329,433	-	329,433
Private investments, performance and preferred shares	-	-	23,067,856	23,067,856
Convertible debenture	-	-	2,081,005	2,081,005
<b>October 31, 2013</b>	<b>\$ 17,654,947</b>	<b>\$ 329,433</b>	<b>\$ 25,148,861</b>	<b>\$ 43,133,241</b>

The following table illustrates the classification of the Company's financial instruments, measured at fair value on the statements of financial position as at January 31, 2013 categorized into levels of the fair value hierarchy:



<b>Investments, fair value</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<i>(Quoted Market price)</i>	<i>(valuation technique - observable market Inputs)</i>	<i>(valuation technique - non-observable market inputs)</i>	
Publicly traded investments	\$ 29,844,392	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,844,392
Non-trading warrants on public investments	-	2,447,780	-	2,447,780
Private investments, performance and preferred shares	-	-	24,039,834	24,039,834
Convertible debenture	-	-	3,008,564	3,008,564
<b>January 31, 2013</b>	<b>\$ 29,844,392</b>	<b>\$ 2,447,780</b>	<b>\$ 27,048,398</b>	<b>\$ 59,340,570</b>

The following table presents the changes in fair value measurements of financial instruments classified as Level 3 for the periods ended October 31, 2013 and January 31, 2013. These financial instruments are measured at fair value utilizing non-observable market inputs. The net realized losses and net unrealized gains are recognized in the statements of operations and comprehensive income.

<b>Investments, fair value</b>	<b>Nine months ended</b>	<b>Year ended</b>
	<b>October 31, 2013</b>	<b>January 31, 2013</b>
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 27,048,398	\$ 18,047,185
Net purchases - shares	350,956	11,905,128
Disposal - shares	(1,607,941)	(12,831,765)
Unrealized and realized loss net	(1,322,934)	8,106,955
Transfer of investment from public to private, net	1,607,941	(2,465,862)
Conversion of debenture to public company's shares	-	(10,400,000)
Preferred shares net additions	-	3,000,000
Convertible debenture net additions	(927,559)	11,686,757
<b>Balance, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 25,148,861</b>	<b>\$ 27,048,398</b>

## TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company's officers and directors may have investments in and hold management and/or director and officer positions in some of the investments that the Company holds. The following is a list of total investments and the nature of the relationship of the Company's officers or directors with the investment as at October 31, 2013.

Investment	Nature of relationship	Estimated Fair value	% of FV
Antofagasta gold Inc. **	Director (Bruce Humphrey), officer (Ryan Ptolemy) and shareholders	167,205	0.4%
Black Iron Inc.	Directors (Bruce Humphrey, Pierre Pettigrew), officer (Stan Bharti) and shareholders	1,010,880	2.5%
Brazil Potash Corp.*	Director (Stan Bharti), officer (Ryan Ptolemy) and shareholders	4,301,299	10.5%
Coastal Gold Corp. ***	Director (Michael Hoffman) and shareholders	56,441	0.1%
East Asia Minerals Ltd.	Director (David Stein) and shareholders	180,000	0.4%
Forbes & Manhattan (Coal) Corp.	Directors (Stan Bharti, Bernard Wilson) and shareholders	699,330	1.7%
Forbes Ram Holdings Inc.*	Director (Stan Bharti) and shareholders	8,000,000	19.5%
Indo Gold Limited *	Officer (Stan Bharti) and shareholders	1,481,550	3.6%
Legacy Platinum Inc.*	Officer (Richard Bishop) and shareholders	1,065,045	2.6%
Metal Prospecting AS	Director (David Stein) and shareholders	159,592	0.4%
Portex Minerals Inc.	Officer (Richard Bishop) and shareholders	956,219	2.3%
Rodinia Lithium Inc.	Director (David Stein), Officer (Ryan Ptolemy) and shareholders	3,198,917	7.8%

Investment	Nature of relationship	Estimated Fair value	% of FV
Silver Bear Resources Inc.	Director (Stan Bharti) and shareholders	786,917	1.9%
Sulliden Gold Corporation Ltd.	Directors (Stan Bharti, George Faught, Pierre Pettigrew, Bruce Humphrey) and shareholders	11,745,000	28.7%
Valencia Ventures Inc.	Director (Bernard Wilson) and shareholders	13,528	0.0%
Wolf Resource Development Corp. ****	Director (George Faught) and shareholders	126,414	0.3%
Total of 23 other investments	Shareholders/warrant holders	7,103,899	17.3%
<b>Total Investments - October 31, 2013</b>		<b>\$ 41,052,236</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

\* Private company

\*\* Formerly Windamere Ventures Ltd.

\*\*\* Formerly Castillian Resources Corp.

\*\*\*\* Formerly Ferro Iron Ore Corp.

The following is a list of the total investments and the nature of the relationship of the Company's officers or directors with the investment as at January 31, 2013.

Investment	Nature of relationship	Estimated Fair value	% of FV
Alder Resources Ltd.	Director (Pierre Pettigrew), officer (Ryan Ptolemy), and shareholders	\$ 115,960	0.2%
Antofagasta gold Inc. **	Officer (Ryan Ptolemy) and shareholders	370,152	0.7%
Black Iron Inc.	Director (Pierre Pettigrew), officer (Stan Bharti), and shareholders	2,700,000	4.8%
Brazil Potash Corp.*	Director (Stan Bharti), officer (Ryan Ptolemy), and shareholders	3,291,214	5.8%
Castillian Resources Corp.	Director (Michael Hoffman) and shareholders	158,025	0.3%
Goldstar Minerals Inc.***	Major shareholder (Stan Bharti) and shareholders	46,850	0.1%
East Asia Minerals Ltd.	Director (David Stein) and shareholders	1,240,460	2.2%
Emerita Gold Corp.	Major shareholder (Stan Bharti) and shareholders	250,000	0.4%
Forbes & Manhattan (Coal) Corp.	Directors (Stan Bharti, Bernard Wilson) and shareholders	1,386,953	2.5%
Forbes Ram Holdings Inc.*	Director (Stan Bharti) and shareholders	8,000,000	14.2%
Indo Gold Limited *	Officer (Stan Bharti) and shareholders	1,560,000	2.8%
Legacy Platinum Inc.*	Officer (Richard Bishop) and shareholders	1,557,500	2.8%
Premier Royalty Inc.	Director (George Faught) and shareholders	1,679,032	3.0%
Rodinia Lithium Inc.	Officer (Ryan Ptolemy) and shareholders	3,777,725	6.7%
Sagres Energy Inc.	Advisor (Stan Bharti) and shareholders	43,333	0.1%
Scandinavian Metals Inc.*	Director (Stan Bharti) and shareholders	569,069	1.0%
Silver Bear Resources Inc.	Director (Stan Bharti) and shareholders	1,634,024	2.9%
Sulliden Gold Corporation Ltd.	Directors (Stan Bharti, George Faught, Pierre Pettigrew), and shareholders	14,474,752	25.7%
Valencia Ventures Inc.	Director (Bernard Wilson) and shareholders	170,409	0.3%
Total of 29 other investments	Shareholders/warrant holders	13,306,548	23.6%
<b>Total Investments - January 31, 2013</b>		<b>\$ 56,332,006</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

\* Private company

\*\* Formerly Windamere Ventures Ltd.

In addition to the investments listed above, the Company also provided loans to companies which directors and officers are also directors and officers of Aberdeen. Directors and officers of Aberdeen may also hold investments in these companies. Below are transactions and balances outstanding at the end of each reporting period:

	Loans provided to related parties				Loans receivable from related parties	
	Three months ended October 31,		Nine months ended October 31,		As at October 31,	As at January 31,
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2013
Coastal Gold Corp.***	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 118,650	\$ -	\$ 118,650	\$ -
Forbes & Manhattan Inc.	\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Forbes Royalty Corporation	\$ 333,520	\$ -	\$ 333,520	\$ -	\$ 333,520	\$ -
Legacy Platinum Corp.*	\$ 200,000	\$ 35,723	\$ 253,022	\$ 434,883	\$ 1,752,862	\$ 1,367,338
Metal Prospecting AS	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 210,360	\$ 219,120
Rodinia Lithium Inc.	\$ 300,000	\$ -	\$ 700,000	\$ -	\$ 722,778	\$ -
Sable Platinum Holdings (Pty.) Ltd	\$ -	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ -
Sagres Engergy Inc.	\$ -	\$ 349,650	\$ -	\$ 349,650	\$ -	\$ -
Scandinavian Metals Inc.**	\$ (90,000)	\$ 60,622	\$ -	\$ 885,622	\$ -	\$ -
Silver Bear Resources Inc.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 400,000	\$ -	\$ 31,000	\$ -
Temujin Mining Corp.	\$ 13,184	\$ 157,059	\$ 157,105	\$ 1,241,902	\$ 1,539,645	\$ 1,342,106
	<u>\$ 1,256,704</u>	<u>\$ 803,054</u>	<u>\$ 2,462,297</u>	<u>\$ 3,112,057</u>	<u>\$ 4,708,815</u>	<u>\$ 2,928,564</u>

\* loan receivable includes capitalized interest

\*\* loan written off

\*\*\* formerly Castillian Resources Corp.

The Company earned or accrued interest income and debt arrangement fees from the following companies. Below are transactions and balance outstanding at the end of each reporting period:

	Interest and dividend earned from related parties				Interest and dividend receivable from related parties	
	Three months ended October 31,		Nine months ended October 31,		As at October 31,	As at January 31,
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2013
Coastal Gold Corp.***	\$ 2,991	\$ -	\$ 6,632	\$ -	\$ 6,632	\$ -
Forbes & Manhattan Inc.	\$ 5,068	\$ -	\$ 5,068	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Forbes Royalty Corporation	\$ 4,643	\$ -	\$ 4,643	\$ -	\$ 4,643	\$ -
Legacy Platinum Corp.*	\$ 62,611	\$ 32,882	\$ 127,579	\$ 87,545	\$ 65,333	\$ 23,479
Metal Prospecting AS	\$ 10,205	\$ -	\$ 31,295	\$ -	\$ 3,276	\$ 3,287
Potash Alantico Corp.	\$ 183,889	\$ -	\$ 183,889	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Rodinia Lithium Inc.*	\$ 76,604	\$ 68,055	\$ 230,806	\$ 93,945	\$ 370,029	\$ 162,000
Sable Platinum Holdings (Pty.) Ltd	\$ -	\$ 329	\$ -	\$ 329	\$ -	\$ -
Sagres Engergy Inc.	\$ -	\$ 766	\$ -	\$ 766	\$ -	\$ -
Scandinavian Metals Inc.**	\$ -	\$ 45,467	\$ -	\$ 111,201	\$ -	\$ -
Silver Bear Resources Inc.	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ 60,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Temujin Mining Corp.	\$ 41,746	\$ 29,982	\$ 117,215	\$ 54,137	\$ 209,879	\$ 87,309
	<u>\$ 407,757</u>	<u>\$ 177,481</u>	<u>\$ 767,127</u>	<u>\$ 347,923</u>	<u>\$ 659,792</u>	<u>\$ 276,075</u>

\* overdue interest was capitalized to loan receivable

\*\* interest written off

\*\*\* formerly Castillian Resources Corp.

During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company received dividend income of \$183,889 from Potash Alantico Corp. An officer of Aberdeen, Ryan Ptolemy serves as an officer of Potash Alantico Corp.

In addition, the Company also earned financing advisory service fees from companies which directors and officers are also directors and officers of Aberdeen. Directors and officers of Aberdeen may also hold investments in these companies. Below are transactions and balances outstanding at the end of each reporting period:

	Advisory service fees earned from related parties				Advisory service fees due from related parties	
	Three months ended October 31,		Nine months ended October 31,		As at October 31,	As at January 31,
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2013
Coastal Gold Corp.*	\$ -	\$ 45,000	\$ -	\$ 135,000	\$ -	\$ 75,000
	\$ -	\$ 45,000	\$ -	\$ 135,000	\$ -	\$ 75,000

\* formerly Castillian Resources Corp.

During the reporting periods, the Company entered into the following transactions in the ordinary course of business with related parties.

	Sales of goods and services				Purchases of goods and services			
	Three months ended October 31,		Nine months ended October 31,		Three months ended October 31,		Nine months ended October 31,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Forbes & Manhattan, Inc.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,271	\$ 75,000	\$ 77,299	\$ 225,000	\$ 227,299
Other miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 220	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,491	\$ 75,000	\$ 77,299	\$ 225,000	\$ 227,299

The Company shares office space with other companies who may have common officers or directors. The costs associated with this space are administered by an unrelated Company.

Mr. Stan Bharti, a director of the Company, is the Executive Chairman of Forbes & Manhattan, Inc., a corporation that provides administrative and consulting services to the Company, including but not limited to strategic planning and business development. Forbes & Manhattan, Inc. charges a monthly consulting fee of \$25,000.

The amounts outstanding on advisory service fees and other fees are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and no fixed term of repayment. No guarantees have been given or received. No expense has been recognized in the current or prior periods for bad or doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties on these fees.

### Compensation of Key Management Personnel of the Company

In accordance with IAS 24, key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company.

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the period were as follows:

	Three months ended October 31,		Nine months ended October 31,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Short-term benefits*	\$ 281,167	\$ 292,500	\$ 990,167	\$ 4,354,060
Share-based payments	\$ 34,000	\$ 3,780	\$ 419,000	\$ 431,650
	\$ 315,167	\$ 296,280	\$ 1,409,167	\$ 4,785,710

During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, the Company paid \$34,000 to a director who retired as director from the Company.

During the nine months ended October 31, 2013, no options were exercised by directors or officers of the Company. During the nine months ended October 31, 2012, a director of the Company exercised 900,000 options at \$0.12 per share.

## **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES**

The Company's accounting policies are described in Note 2 to annual financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2013. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The following is a list of the accounting policies that the Company believes are critical, due to the degree of uncertainty regarding the estimates and assumptions involved and the magnitude of the asset, liability, revenue or expense being reported.

### *Investments*

Purchases and sales of investments are recognized on a trade date basis. Public and private investments at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value with changes in fair value reported in profit (loss).

At each financial reporting period, the Company's management estimates the fair value of its investments based on the criteria below and reflects such valuations in the financial statements.

Transaction costs are expensed as incurred in the statements of comprehensive (loss). The determination of fair value requires judgment and is based on market information where available and appropriate. At the end of each financial reporting period, the Company's management estimates the fair value of investments based on the criteria below and reflects such changes in valuations in the statements of comprehensive (loss). The Company is also required to present its investments (and other financial assets and liabilities reported at fair value) into three hierarchy levels (Level 1, 2, or 3) based on the transparency of inputs used in measuring the fair value, and to provide additional disclosure in connection therewith. The three levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 – investment with quoted market price;
- Level 2 – investment which valuation technique is based on observable market inputs; and
- Level 3 – investment which valuation technique is based on non-observable market inputs.

Publicly-traded investments:

1. Securities, including shares, options, and warrants which are traded on a recognized securities exchange and for which no sales restrictions apply are recorded at fair values based on quoted closing prices at the statements of financial position date or the closing price on the last day the security traded if there were no trades at the statements of financial position date. These are included in Level 1.
2. Securities which are traded on a recognized securities exchange but which are escrowed or otherwise restricted as to sale or transfer are recorded at amounts discounted from market value. Shares that are received as part of a private placement that are subject to a standard four-month hold period are not discounted. In determining the discount for such investments, the Company considers the nature and length of the restriction, business risk of the investee corporation, relative trading volume and price volatility and any other factors that may be relevant to the ongoing and realizable value of the investments. These are included in Level 2.
3. Warrants or options of publicly-traded securities which do not have a quoted price are carried at an estimated fair value calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model if sufficient and reliable observable market inputs are available. If no such market inputs are available or reliable, the warrants and options are valued at intrinsic value. These are included in Level 2.
4. Performance Shares are convertible into common shares if or when the investee companies meet certain milestones. These Performance Shares are recorded at fair value when the certainty of meeting these milestones is probable. These are included in Level 3.

The amounts at which the Company's publicly-traded investments could be disposed of may differ from carrying values based on market quotes, as the value at which significant ownership positions are sold is often different than the quoted market price due to a variety of factors such as premiums paid for large blocks or discounts due to illiquidity. Such differences could be material.

Privately-held investments:

1. Securities in privately-held companies (other than options and warrants) are initially recorded at cost, being the fair value at the time of acquisition. At the end of each financial reporting period, the Company's management estimates the fair value of investments based on the criteria below and reflects such valuations in the financial statements. These are included in Level 3. Options and warrants of private companies are carried at \$nil.

With respect to valuation, the financial information of private companies in which the Company has investments may not always be available, or such information may be limited and/or unreliable. Use of the valuation approach described below may involve uncertainties and determinations based on the Company's judgment and any value estimated from these may not be realized or realizable. In addition to the events described below, which may affect a specific investment, the Company will take into account general market conditions when valuing the privately-held investments in its portfolio. In the absence of occurrence of any of these events or any significant change in general market conditions indicates generally that the fair value of the investment has not materially changed.

2. An upward adjustment is considered appropriate and supported by pervasive and objective evidence such as a significant subsequent equity financing by an unrelated, professional investor at a transaction price higher than the Company's carrying value; or if there have been significant corporate, political or operating events affecting the investee company that, in management's opinion, have a positive impact on the investee company's prospects and therefore its fair value. In these circumstances, the adjustment to the fair value of the investment will be based on management's judgment and any value estimated may not be realized or realizable. Such events include, without limitation:

- political changes in a country in which the investee company operates which, for example, reduce the corporate tax burden, permit mining where, or to an extent that, it was not previously allowed, or reduce or eliminate the need for permitting or approvals;
  - receipt by the investee company of environmental, mining, aboriginal or similar approvals, which allow the investee company to proceed with its project(s);
  - filing by the investee company of a National Instrument 43-101 technical report in respect of a previously non-compliant resource;
  - release by the investee company of positive exploration results, which either proves or expands their resource prospects; and
  - important positive management changes by the investee company that the Company's management believes will have a very positive impact on the investee company's ability to achieve its objectives and build value for shareholders.
3. Downward adjustments to carrying values are made when there is evidence of a decline in value as indicated by the assessment of the financial condition of the investment based on third party financing, operational results, forecasts, and other developments since acquisition, or if there have been significant corporate, political or operating events affecting the investee company that, in management's opinion, have a negative impact on the investee company's prospects and therefore its fair value. The amount of the change to the fair value of the investment is based on management's judgment and any value estimated may not be realized or realizable. Such events include, without limitation:
- political changes in a country in which the investee company operates which increases the tax burden on companies, which prohibit mining where it was previously allowed, which increases the need for permitting or approvals, etc.;
  - denial of the investee company's application for environmental, mining, aboriginal or similar approvals which prohibit the investee company from proceeding with its projects;
  - the investee company releases negative exploration results;
  - changes to the management of the investee company take place which the Company believes will have a negative impact on the investee company's ability to achieve its objectives and build value for shareholders;
  - the investee company is placed into receivership or bankruptcy; and
  - based on financial information received from the investee company, it is apparent to the Company that the investee company is unlikely to be able to continue as a going concern.

The resulting values may differ from values that would be realized had a ready market existed. The amounts at which the Company's privately-held investments could be disposed of may differ from the carrying value assigned. Such differences could be material.

#### Preferred shares:

Preferred shares are designated at fair value through profit or loss, with changes in fair value reported in the statement of comprehensive (loss). The preferred shares are initially recorded at cost, being the fair value at the time of acquisition. Upward or downward adjustments to carrying values are made when there is evidence of a change in value as indicated by the assessment of the financial condition of the investment. Cumulative dividends expected to be received are included in the fair value of each investment. These are included in level 3.

#### Investments in associates:

Investments in associates are those entities over which the Company has or is deemed to have significant influence, but not control over, the financial and operating policies. Investments in associates are held as part of the Company's investment portfolio and carried in the statement of financial position at fair value even though the Company may have significant influence over the companies. This treatment is permitted by IAS 28, Investments in Associates ("IAS 28"), which allows investments held by venture capital or similar organizations to be excluded from its scope where those investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with IFRS 9, with changes in fair value recognized in the statement of comprehensive (loss) within unrealized gains or losses on investments.

#### Investments with control:

The Company owns 80% of the outstanding common shares and voting rights of Forbes Ram Holdings Inc. (a Canadian corporation). There are no contractual arrangements, financial support, or other restrictions with Forbes Ram Holdings Inc. The Company has reviewed the guidance of early adoption of IFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, and determined that it qualifies for the exemption from consolidation given that the Company has the following typical characteristics of an investment entity:

- (a) *The Company has more than one investment;*
- (b) *The Company has more than one investor;*
- (c) *The Company has investors that are not related parties of the entity; and*
- (d) *The Company has ownership interests in the form of equity or similar interests.*

As a result of this exemption, the Company's investment in Forbes Ram Holdings Inc. is recorded as a financial instrument, similarly to Aberdeen's private investments.

#### Loans receivable:

1. Secured debentures are carried at cost. The recoverability of the secured debentures is assessed when events occur indicating impairment. Recoverability is based on factors such as failure to pay interest on time and failure to pay the principal. An impairment loss is recognized in the period when it is determined that the carrying amount of the assets will not be recoverable. At that time the carrying amount is written down to fair value. Secured debentures are financial instruments classified as loans and receivables.
2. Convertible debentures and convertible notes issued from publicly traded companies are carried at the higher of the loan receivable value of the loan or the fair value of the common shares or units receivable from the conversion assuming the conversion can be done at the Company's option. The conversion feature of convertible debentures and convertible notes issued from private companies are carried at nominal value. Convertible debentures and convertible notes are financial instruments classified as held for trading.

#### *Financial assets other than investments at fair value*

Financial assets which are managed to collect contractual cash flows made up of principal and interest are designated as at amortized cost. All other financial assets are designated as at fair value through profit or loss. All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets designated at amortized cost, directly attributable transaction costs. Financial assets at amortized cost are measured at initial cost plus interest calculated using the effective interest rate method less cumulative repayments and cumulative impairment losses.

A financial asset is derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset. The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. For amounts deemed to be impaired, the impairment provision is based upon the expected loss.

#### *Impairment of financial assets*

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Financial assets are considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that a change in the market, economic or legal environment in which the Company invested has had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset. An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the



original effective interest rate. An impairment loss in respect of an available-for-sale investment is calculated by reference to its fair value.

Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of comprehensive (loss). For financial assets measured at amortized cost, any reversal of impairment is recognized in the statement of comprehensive (loss).

#### *Revenue Recognition*

Realized gains and losses on the disposal of investments and unrealized gains and losses in the value of investments are reflected in the statement of comprehensive (loss) on a trade date basis. Upon disposal of an investment, previously recognized unrealized gains or losses are reversed, so as to recognize the full realized gain or loss in the period of disposition. All transaction costs are expensed as incurred. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date. Interest income and other income are recorded on an accrual basis. Deferred revenue is recognized over the period for which the revenue is earned.

The Company earns advisory service fees as well as interest and dividend income. Such revenue is recognized based on contractual obligations and when collection is reasonably assured.

#### *Income Taxes*

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to the translation gain or loss on the royalty division, recognized directly in other comprehensive income or loss.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, and differences relating to investments in jointly controlled entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

#### *Share-Based Payments*

Share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Fair value is measured at grant date and each tranche is recognized on a graded-vesting basis over the period in which options vest. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognized in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity reserve.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service.

For options that expire unexercised, the recorded value is transferred to retained earnings.

## **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### *New accounting policies*

Certain new standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements to existing standards were issued by the IASB or IFRIC that are mandatory for accounting periods effective beginning February 1, 2013. Updates that are not applicable or are not consequential to the Company have been excluded thereof.

IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures (“IFRS 7”) was amended by the IASB in December 2011 to amend the disclosure requirements in IFRS 7 to require information about all recognized financial instruments that are offset in accordance with paragraph 42 of IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation. The amendments also require disclosure of information about recognized financial instruments subject to enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements even if they are not set off under IAS 32. The Company has determined that the adoption of IFRS 7 did not result in any material change to the condensed interim financial statements.

IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement (“IFRS 13”) was issued by the IASB in May 2011. IFRS 13 is a new standard which provides a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement considerations for use across IFRS. IFRS 13 clarifies that fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. It also establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. The Company has determined that the adoption of IFRS 13 did not result in any material change to the condensed interim financial statements.

IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements (“IAS 1”) was amended by the IASB in June 2011. As a result of the amendment, items in other comprehensive income will be required to be presented in two categories: items that will be reclassified into profit or loss and those that will not be reclassified. The flexibility to present a statement of comprehensive income as one statement or two separate statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive income remains unchanged. The Company has determined that the adoption of ISA 1 did not result in any material change to the condensed interim financial statements.

IAS 19 – Employee Benefits (“IAS 19”) was amended by the IASB in June 2011 to include revised requirements for pension and other post-retirement benefits, termination benefits and other changes. IAS 19 requires the recognition of all changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) when they occur such that service costs and net interest is recognized in profit or loss while re-measurements are recorded in other comprehensive income. The Company has determined that the adoption of ISA 19 did not result in any material change to the condensed interim financial statements.

### *Future accounting policies*

Certain pronouncements were issued by the IASB or the IFRIC that are mandatory for accounting periods on or after February 1, 2014 or later periods. Many are not applicable or do not have a significant impact to the Company and have been excluded. The following have not yet been adopted and are being evaluated to determine their impact on the Company.

IAS 32 – Financial Instruments: Presentation (“IAS 32”) was amended by the IASB in December 2011 to clarify certain aspects of the requirements on offsetting. The amendments focus on the criterion

that an entity currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and the criterion that an entity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The amendments to IAS 32 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014. Earlier adoption is permitted.

## **RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

The investment in pre-IPO and early stage public resource companies involves significant risks, which even a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not eliminate. Certain risk factors listed below are related to investing in the resource industry in general while others are specific to Aberdeen. For an additional discussion of risk factors and other information please refer to the Company's Annual Information Form filed on April 29, 2013, under the profile of the Company at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

### *Portfolio Exposure*

Given the nature of Aberdeen's activities, the results of operations and financial condition of the Company are dependent upon the market value of the securities that comprise the Company's investment portfolio. Market value can be reflective of the actual or anticipated operating results of companies in the portfolio and/or the general market conditions that affect the resource sector. Various factors affecting the resource sector could have a negative impact on Aberdeen's portfolio of investments and thereby have an adverse effect on its business. Additionally, the Company's investments are mostly in small-cap businesses that may never mature or generate adequate returns or may require a number of years to do so. Junior exploration companies may never achieve commercial discoveries and production. This may create an irregular pattern in Aberdeen's investment gains and revenues (if any) and an investment in the Company's securities may only be suitable for investors who are prepared to hold their investment for a long period of time. Macro factors such as fluctuations in commodity prices and global political and economical conditions could have an adverse effect on the resource industry, thereby negatively affecting the Company's portfolio of investments. Company-specific risks, such as the risks associated with mining operations generally, could have an adverse effect on one or more of the investments in the portfolio at any point in time. Company-specific and industry-specific risks that materially adversely affect the Company's investment portfolio may have a materially adverse impact on operating results.

### *Dependence on Management, Directors and Investment Committee*

Aberdeen is dependent upon the efforts, skill and business contacts of key members of management, for among other things, the information and deal flow they generate during the normal course of their activities and the synergies that exist amongst their various fields of expertise and knowledge. Accordingly, the Company's success may depend upon the continued service of these individuals who are not obligated to remain consultants to Aberdeen. The loss of the services of any of these individuals could have a material adverse effect on the Company's revenues, net income and cash flows and could harm its ability to maintain or grow existing assets and raise additional funds in the future.

### *Sensitivity to Macro-Economic Conditions*

Due to the Company's focus on the resource industry, the success of Aberdeen's investments is interconnected to the strength of the mining, agriculture and other commodity industries. The Company may be adversely affected by the falling share prices of the securities of investee companies; as Aberdeen's share prices have directly and negatively affected the estimated value of Aberdeen's portfolio of investments. The Company may also be adversely affected by fluctuations in commodity prices which may dictate the prices at which resource companies can sell their product. The participation and involvement of Aberdeen representatives with investee companies, the related demand on their time and the capital resources required of Aberdeen may be expected to increase in the event of any weaknesses in the macro-economic conditions affecting these companies, as it would be expected that the Company would be required to expend increased time and efforts reviewing strategic alternatives and attracting any

funding required for such investee companies. The factors affecting current macro-economic conditions are beyond the control of the Company.

#### *Cash Flow and Revenue*

Aberdeen's revenue and cash flow is generated primarily from financing activities and proceeds from the disposition of investments. The availability of these sources of income and the amounts generated from these sources are dependent upon various factors, many of which are outside of the Company's direct control. The Company's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if its access to the capital markets is hindered, whether as a result of a downturn in the market conditions generally or to matters specific to the Company, or if the value of its investments decline, resulting in losses upon disposition.

#### *Private Issuers and Illiquid Securities*

Aberdeen invests in securities of private issuers. Securities of private issuers may be subject to trading restrictions, including hold periods, and there may not be any market for such securities. These limitations may impair the Company's ability to react quickly to market conditions or negotiate the most favourable terms for exiting such investments. Investments in private issuers are subject to a relatively high degree of risk. There can be no assurance that a public market will develop for any of Aberdeen's private company investments, or that the Company will otherwise be able to realize a return on such investments.

The value attributed to securities of private issuers will be the cost thereof, subject to adjustment in limited circumstances, and therefore may not reflect the amount for which they can actually be sold. Because valuations, and in particular valuations of investments for which market quotations are not readily available, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate within short periods of time and may be based on estimates, determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have resulted if a ready market had existed for the investments.

Aberdeen also invests in illiquid securities of public issuers. A considerable period of time may elapse between the time a decision is made to sell such securities and the time the Company is able to do so, and the value of such securities could decline during such period. Illiquid investments are subject to various risks, particularly the risk that the Company will be unable to realize its investment objectives by sale or other disposition at attractive prices or otherwise be unable to complete any exit strategy. In some cases, the Company may be prohibited by contract or by law from selling such securities for a period of time or otherwise be restricted from disposing of such securities. Furthermore, the types of investments made may require a substantial length of time to liquidate.

The Company may also make direct investments in publicly-traded securities that have low trading volumes. Accordingly, it may be difficult to make trades in these securities without adversely affecting the price of such securities.

#### *Possible Volatility of Stock Price*

The market prices of the Company's Common Shares have been and may continue to be subject to wide fluctuations in response to factors such as actual or anticipated variations in its results of operations, changes in financial estimates by securities analysts, general market conditions and other factors. Market fluctuations, as well as general economic, political and market conditions such as recessions, interest rate changes or international currency fluctuations may adversely affect the market price of the Common Shares. The purchase of Common Shares involves a high degree of risk and should be undertaken only by investors whose financial resources are sufficient to enable them to assume such risks and who have no need for immediate liquidity in their investment. Securities of the Company should not be purchased by persons who cannot afford the possibility of the loss of their entire investment. Furthermore, an investment in the Company should not constitute a major portion of an investor's portfolio.

### *Trading Price of Common Shares Relative to Net Asset Value*

Aberdeen is neither a mutual fund nor an investment fund and due to the nature of its business and investment strategy and the composition of its investment portfolio, the market price of its Common Shares, at any time, may vary significantly from the Company's net asset value per Common Share. This risk is separate and distinct from the risk that the market price of the Company's Common Shares may decrease.

### *Available Opportunities and Competition for Investments*

The success of the Company's operations will depend upon: (i) the availability of appropriate investment opportunities; (ii) the Company's ability to identify, select, acquire, grow and exit those investments; and (iii) the Company's ability to generate funds for future investments. Aberdeen can expect to encounter competition from other entities having similar investment objectives, including institutional investors and strategic investors. These groups may compete for the same investments as Aberdeen, may be better capitalized, have more personnel, have a longer operating history and have different return targets. As a result, the Company may not be able to compete successfully for investments. In addition, competition for investments may lead to the price of such investments increasing that may further limit the Company's ability to generate desired returns. There can be no assurance that there will be a sufficient number of suitable investment opportunities available to invest in or that such investments can be made within a reasonable period of time. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to identify suitable investment opportunities, acquire them at a reasonable cost or achieve an appropriate rate of return. Identifying attractive opportunities is difficult, highly competitive and involves a high degree of uncertainty. Potential returns from investments will be diminished to the extent that the Company is unable to find and make a sufficient number of investments.

### *Share Prices of Investments*

Investments in securities of public companies are subject to volatility in the share prices of the companies. There can be no assurance that an active trading market for any of the subject shares is sustainable. The trading prices of the subject shares could be subject to wide fluctuations in response to various factors beyond Aberdeen's control, including, quarterly variations in the subject companies' results of operations, changes in earnings, results of exploration and development activities, estimates by analysts, conditions in the resource industry and general market or economic conditions. In recent years equity markets have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations. These fluctuations have had a substantial effect on market prices, often unrelated to the operating performance of the specific companies. Such market fluctuations could adversely affect the market price of the Company's investments.

### *Concentration of Investments*

Other than as described herein, there are no restrictions on the proportion of the Company's funds and no limit on the amount of funds that may be allocated to any particular investment. The Company may participate in a limited number of investments and, as a consequence, its financial results may be substantially adversely affected by the unfavourable performance of a single investment. Completion of one or more investments may result in a highly concentrated investment in a particular company, commodity or geographic area, resulting in the performance of the Company depending significantly on the performance of such company, commodity or geographic area.

### *Additional Financing Requirements*

The Company anticipates ongoing requirements for funds to support its growth and may seek to obtain additional funds for these purposes through public or private equity, or debt financing. There are no assurances that additional funding will be available at all, on acceptable terms or at an acceptable level. Any additional equity financing may cause shareholders to experience dilution, and any debt financing would result in interest expense and possible restrictions on the Company's operations or ability to incur additional debt. Any limitations on the Company's ability to access the capital markets for additional funds could have a material adverse effect on its ability to grow its investment portfolio.

### *No Guaranteed Return*

There is no guarantee that an investment in the Company's securities will earn any positive return in the short term or long term. The task of identifying investment opportunities, monitoring such investments and realizing a significant return is difficult. Many organizations operated by persons of competence and integrity have been unable to make, manage and realize a return on such investments successfully. In addition, past performance provides no assurance of future success.

### *Management of Aberdeen's Growth*

Significant growth in the business, as a result of acquisitions or otherwise, could place a strain on the Company's managerial, operational and financial resources and information systems. Future operating results will depend on the ability of senior management to manage rapidly changing business conditions, and to implement and improve the Company's technical, administrative and financial controls and reporting systems. No assurance can be given that the Company will succeed in these efforts. The failure to effectively manage and improve these systems could increase costs, which could have a materially adverse effect on the Company's operating results and overall performance.

### *Due Diligence*

The due diligence process undertaken by the Company in connection with investments may not reveal all facts that may be relevant in connection with an investment. Before making investments, the Company conducts due diligence that it deems reasonable and appropriate based on the facts and circumstances applicable to each investment. When conducting due diligence, the Company may be required to evaluate important and complex business, financial, tax, accounting, environmental and legal issues. Outside consultants, legal advisors, accountants and investment banks may be involved in the due diligence process in varying degrees depending on the type of investment. Nevertheless, when conducting due diligence and making an assessment regarding an investment, the Company relies on resources available, including information provided by the target of the investment and, in some circumstances, third-party investigations. The due diligence investigation that is carried out with respect to any investment opportunity may not reveal or highlight all relevant facts that may be necessary or helpful in evaluating such investment opportunity. Moreover, such an investigation will not necessarily result in the investment being successful.

### *Exchange Rate Fluctuations*

A significant portion of the Company's investment portfolio could be invested in US dollar denominated investments or other foreign currencies. Changes in the value of the foreign currencies in which the Company's investments are denominated could have a negative impact on the ultimate return on its investments and overall financial performance.

### *Non-controlling Interests*

The Company's investments include debt instruments and equity securities of companies that it does not control. Such instruments and securities may be acquired through trading activities or through purchases of securities from the issuer. These investments are subject to the risk that the company in which the investment is made may make business, financial or management decisions with which

Aberdeen does not agree or that the majority stakeholders or the management of the investee company may take risks or otherwise act in a manner that does not serve the company's interests. If any of the foregoing were to occur, the values of the Company's investments could decrease and its financial condition, results of operations and cash flow could suffer as a result.

## **SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent to October 31, 2013, the Company granted 500,000 RSUs to an executive director of the Company. Of the total RSUs granted, one third vest immediately; one third each of the remaining balance vest on January 1, 2014 and July 1, 2014 respectively.

## **CHANGE OF MANAGEMENT**

On July 18, 2013, Bruce Humphrey was elected as director of the Company at its annual meeting. Mr. Humphrey, P. Eng., is a mining engineer with over 35 years' experience working in senior management roles with both junior and senior mining companies. From 2007 to 2009 he served as Chairman of Consolidated Thompson Iron Mines Limited. He served as the President and Chief Executive Officer of Desert Sun Mining Corp. from October 2004 to April 2006. From May 1998 to May 2004, Mr. Humphrey served as Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Goldcorp Inc. Mr. Humphrey currently sits on the board of Antofagasta Gold Inc., Black Iron Inc., and Sulliden Gold Corporation Ltd. He is a member of the Professional Engineers of Ontario. The Company would like to welcome Mr. Humphrey to the board. Jean-Guy Lambert did not stand for re-election at the annual shareholders meeting. The Company would also like to thank Mr. Lambert for his service over the past three years.

## **MULTILATERAL INSTRUMENT 52-109 DISCLOSURE**

### *Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures*

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under provincial and territorial securities legislation, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

We have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and have concluded, based on our evaluation that they are sufficiently effective to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the Company is made known to management and disclosed in accordance with applicable securities regulations.

### *Internal controls over financial reporting*

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), together with other members of Management, have designed internal controls over financial reporting based on the Internal Control-Integrated Framework set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). These controls are intended to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS.

We have not identified any changes to our internal control over financial reporting which would materially affect, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

The CEO and CFO, together with other members of Management, have evaluated the effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting as defined by National Instrument 52-109, and have concluded, based on our evaluation that they are operating effectively as at October 31, 2013.

## **SUPPLEMENT TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

As at December 13, 2013, the following common shares, common share purchase options, RSUs and DSUs were issued and outstanding:

- 85,449,422 common shares;
- 6,807,500 common share purchase options with exercise prices ranging from \$0.12 to \$0.87, expiring between January 14, 2014 and June 12, 2017;
- 166,666 RSUs vesting on November 1, 2013, 3,033,334 RSUs vesting on January 1, 2014, and 3,033,333 RSUs vesting on July 1, 2014;
- 600,000 DSUs with no fixed vesting date.