



First Quarter 2019 Results

April 30th, 2019

Forward-looking and non-IFRS statements

Public communications, including oral or written communications such as this document, relating to Genworth MI Canada Inc. (the “Company”, “Genworth Canada” or “MIC”) often contain certain forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the impact of guideline changes by OSFI and legislation introduced in connection with the Protection of Residential Mortgage or Hypothecary Insurance Act (PRMHIA); the effect of changes to the mortgage insurance rules, including government guarantee mortgage eligibility rules and provincial housing initiatives; and the Company’s beliefs as to housing demand and home price appreciation, key macroeconomic factors, unemployment rates; as well as the Company’s future operating and financial results, sales expectations regarding premiums written, capital expenditure plans, dividend policy and the ability to execute on its future operating, investing and financial strategies, the Canadian housing market, and other statements that are not historical facts. These forward-looking statements may be identified by their use of words such as “may”, “would”, “could”, “will,” “intend”, “plan”, “anticipate”, “believe”, “seek”, “propose”, “estimate”, “expect”, and similar expressions. These statements are based on the Company’s current assumptions, including assumptions regarding economic, global, political, business, competitive, market and regulatory matters. These forward-looking statements are inherently subject to significant risks, uncertainties and changes in circumstances, many of which are beyond the ability of the Company to control or predict. The Company’s actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements, including as a result of changes in the facts underlying the Company’s assumptions, and the other risks described in the Company’s most recently issued Annual Information Form, Short Form Base Shelf Prospectus, Management’s Discussion and Analysis and all documents incorporated by reference in such documents. Management’s current views regarding the Company’s financial outlook are stated as of the date hereof and may not be appropriate for other purposes. Other than as required by applicable laws, the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

To supplement its financial statements, the Company uses select non-IFRS financial measures. Such non-IFRS financial measures include net operating income, operating earnings per common share (basic), operating earnings per common share (diluted), operating return on equity, insurance in-force, new insurance written, loss ratio, expense ratio, combined ratio, investment yield, Mortgage Insurer Capital Adequacy Test (MICAT) and Minimum Capital Test (MCT). The Company believes that these non-IFRS financial measures provide meaningful supplemental information regarding its performance and may be useful to investors because they allow for greater transparency with respect to key metrics used by management in its financial and operational decision making. Non-IFRS measures do not have standardized meanings and are unlikely to be comparable to any similar measures presented by other companies. These measures are defined in the Company’s glossary, which is posted on the Company’s website at <http://investor.genworthmicanada.ca>. A reconciliation from non-IFRS financial measures to the most readily comparable measures calculated in accordance with IFRS, where applicable, can be found in the Company’s most recent Management’s Discussion and Analysis, which is posted on the Company’s website and is also available at www.sedar.com.

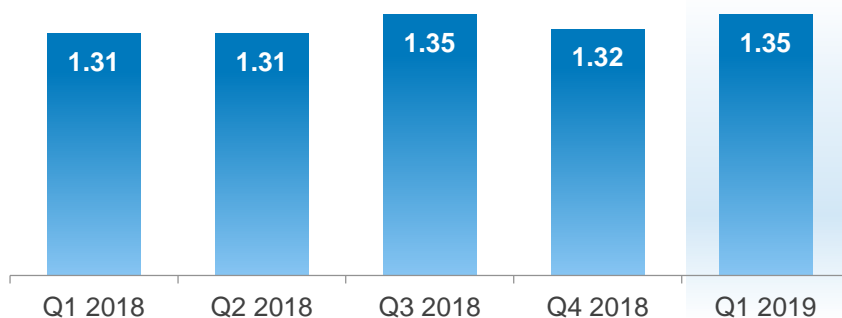
1Q19 financial results

| <i>\$MM except loss ratio, Op. ROE, Op. EPS & MICAT/MCT ratio</i> | Q1 2019 | Q4 2018 | Q1 2018 | Q / Q | Y / Y |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| Premiums written | \$105 | \$156 | \$115 | -32% | -9% |
| Premiums earned | \$169 | \$169 | \$171 | Flat | -1% |
| Loss ratio | 15% | 18% | 13% | -3 pts | +2 pts |
| Net income | \$97 | \$80 | \$128 | +21% | -24% |
| Net operating income | \$119 | \$117 | \$119 | +1% | Flat |
| Operating ROE | 12% | 12% | 12% | Flat | Flat |
| Operating EPS (dil.) | \$1.35 | \$1.32 | \$1.31 | +2% | +3% |
| MICAT/MCT ratio ¹ | 172% | 172% | 170% | Flat | +2 pts |

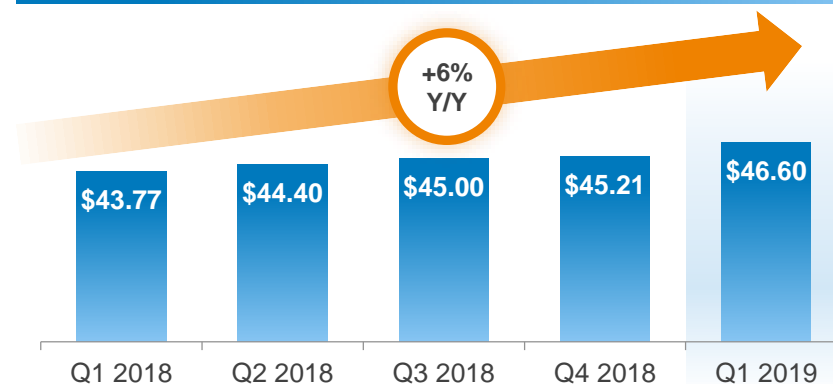
Q1 key highlights

- Total premiums written decreased Y/Y primarily due to the carry-over impact in 1Q18 of higher mortgage insurance commitment volumes from 4Q17 due to increased demand ahead of regulatory changes
- Low loss ratio of 15% reflects strong portfolio quality and stable employment in most regions
- Net operating income up Q/Q, primarily due to lower losses on claims, partly offset by modestly higher expenses
- Ongoing capital strength with MICAT ratio of 172%¹
- Book value per share growth of 6% Y/Y

Operating EPS (\$, diluted)








Book Value Per Share (\$, diluted, incl. AOCI)



1. 1Q19 MICAT ratio represents an estimate. Effective January 1, 2019, the MCT ratio was replaced with the MICAT ratio. The OSFI supervisory MICAT target ratio and minimum MICAT ratio under the Protection of Residential Mortgage or Hypothecary Insurance Act for 2019 remains at 150% and the Company's internal target ratio for 2019 under the MICAT remains unchanged at 157%. Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

Our environment today

| Risk | Assessment  Denotes change from Q4'18 |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Economic |  |
| Housing & mortgage markets |  |
| Insurance portfolio |  |
| Regulatory |  |

Key observations

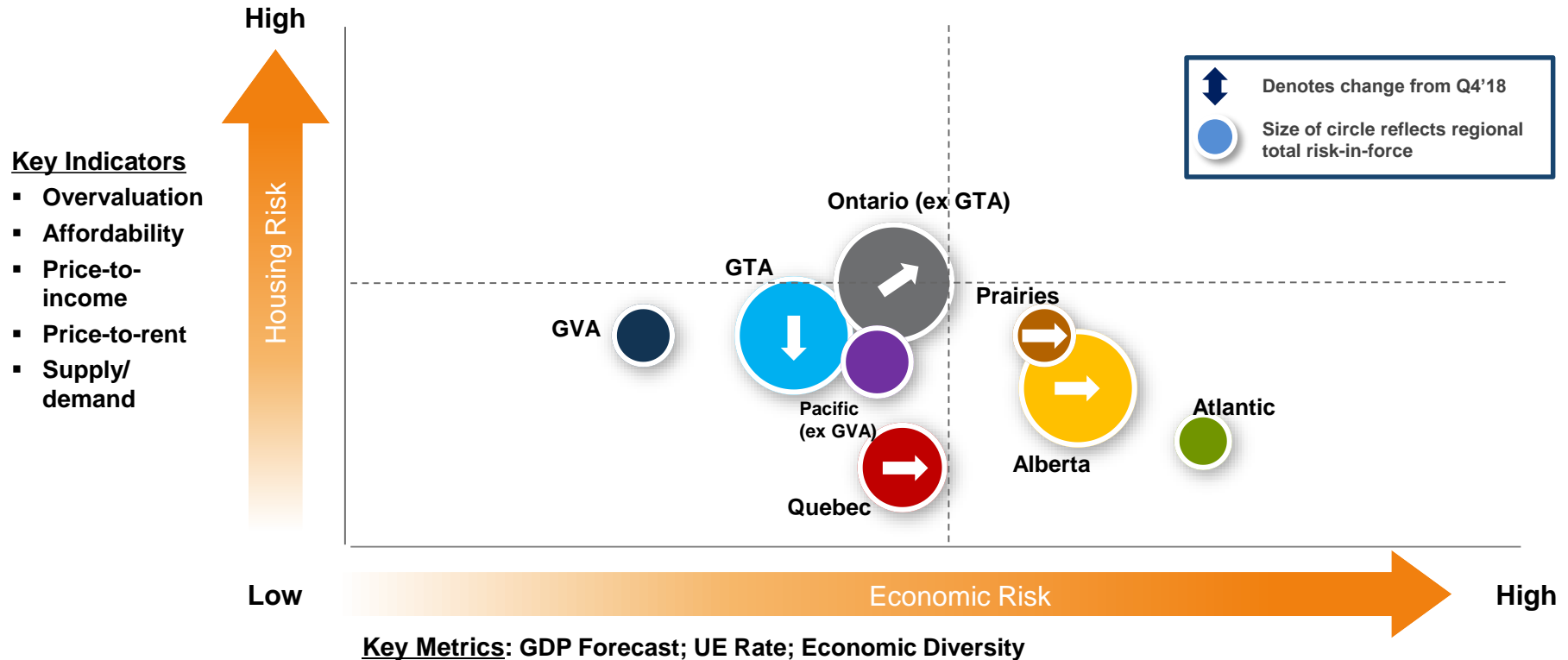
- GDP forecast for 2019¹ reduced to 1.2% (from 1.7%), reflecting slower than expected global growth and ongoing trade tensions
 - Growth expected to pick up in the second half of 2019
 - BoC overnight rate maintained at 1.75% in April¹; No increases expected in 2019
 - Unemployment levels near historic lows; expected to be stable/modestly higher in '19
- Housing bubble risk continues to diminish across the GTA
 - Modest softening of house prices in GVA driven by affordability constraints and regulatory changes
 - Buyers market in Alberta putting downward pressure on prices. Primarily driven by reduced consumer confidence and softer economic conditions
- Portfolio quality remains strong. Average credit score for transactional new insurance written was 748 in Q1'19
 - New insurance written with stacked risk factors² remains very low
 - Qualifying rate provides ~200bps buffer against payment shock from rising rates
- Government of Canada introduced first-time home buyer incentive program to address affordability issues; details of the program still being finalized with a view to launching by September; Genworth-insured mortgages eligible to participate
 - Regulatory environment supporting reduced product risk and strong underwriting practices

REDUCED GDP GROWTH EXPECTATIONS FOR 2019 BUT OVERALL MACROECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT CONTINUES TO BE SOUND

1. BoC GDP forecast: Monetary Policy Report, April 2019.
 2. Stacked risk factors defined as: Purchase only; 90%+ LTV and <=660 credit score, and >40 TDSR.

Regional risk assessment

| Quarterly Snapshot | TOR | VAN | MTL | CGY | CANADA |
|------------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|--------|
| Q1'19 Q/Q Teranet HPI ¹ | 0.0% | -1.9% | 0.7% | -1.7% | -0.7% |
| Q1'19 UE Rate ¹ | 6.6% | 4.8% | 5.7% | 7.5% | 5.8% |



Housing risk moderate to low for most regions. Strong improvement in GTA Y/Y

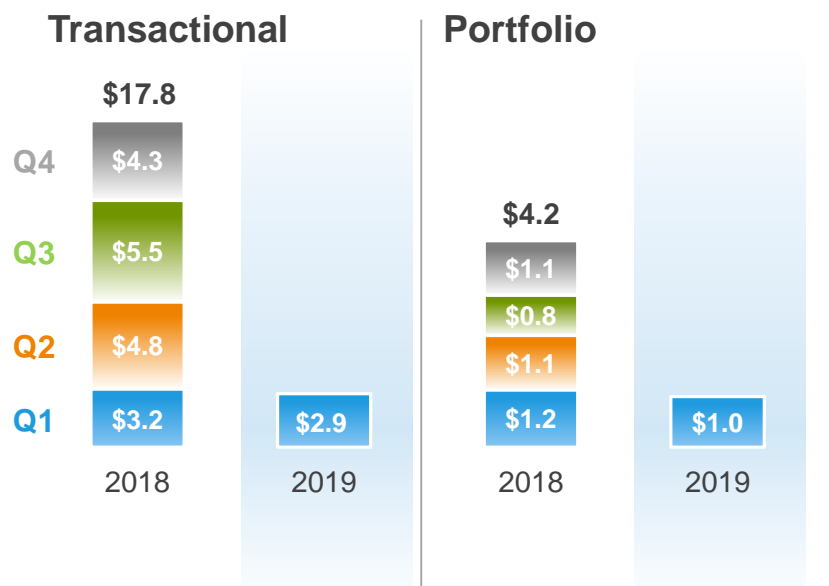


Modest increase in economic risk primarily driven by oil producing regions. National GDP growth expected to return to ~2% in 2020 & 2021

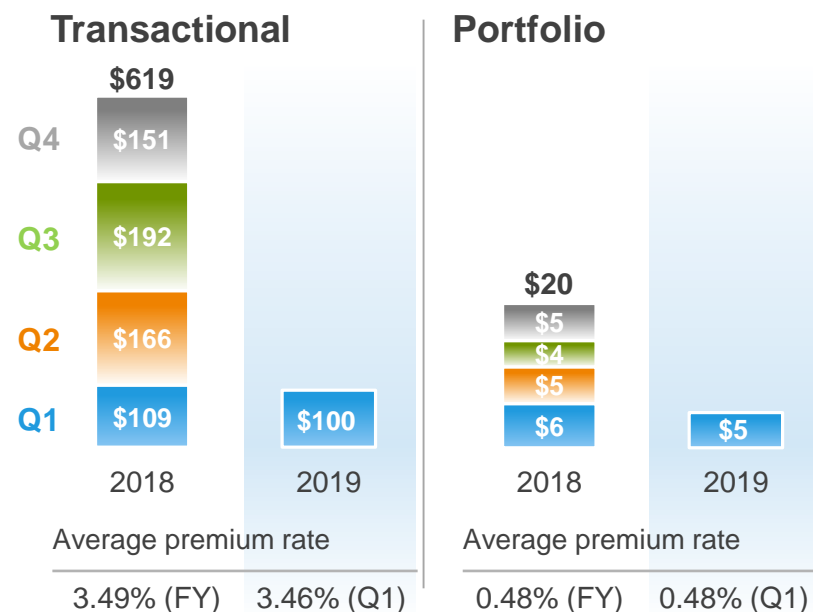
¹ HPI and UE based on quarterly averages (Calgary UE uses a three-month rolling exit).

Graph based on Company's estimates of housing and economic risk as at Q1'19, including regional GDP forecast as per BoC/major FIs and key housing indicators at the end of Q1'19.

New insurance written (\$ billions)



Premiums written (\$ millions)



Transactional insurance highlights

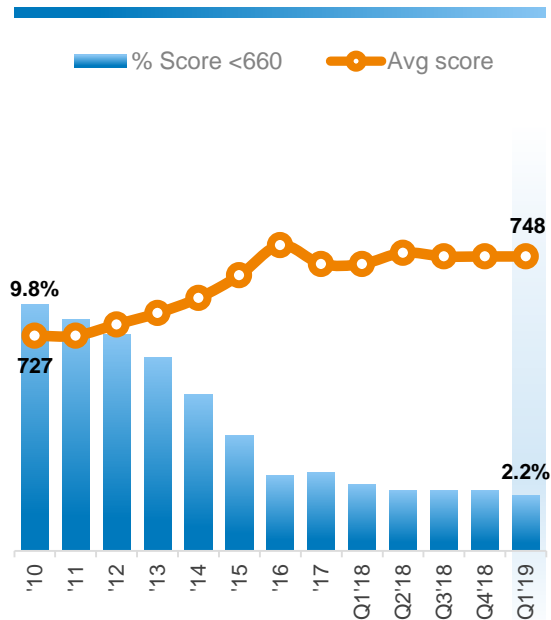
- NIW decreased modestly Y/Y primarily attributable to the carry-over impact in 1Q18 of higher mortgage insurance commitment volumes from 4Q17 due to increased demand ahead of regulatory changes
- Premiums written decreased Y/Y by 8% primarily due to lower new insurance written
- 1Q19 mortgage insurance commitment volumes up modestly Y/Y, which should bode well for 2Q19 new insurance written

Portfolio insurance highlights

- NIW decreased modestly from the prior year period, and from the prior quarter
- Premiums written were lower than the prior year period primarily due to lower new insurance written and a lower average premium rate, driven by a greater proportion of lower LTV loans

Strong portfolio quality

Credit score¹



Highlights



Credit quality remains very strong



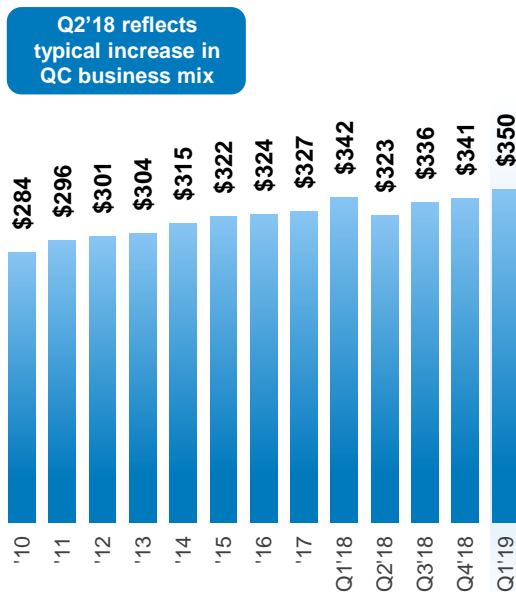
Modest increase in average home price Y/Y reflecting modest growth in FTHBs⁴ household income⁵



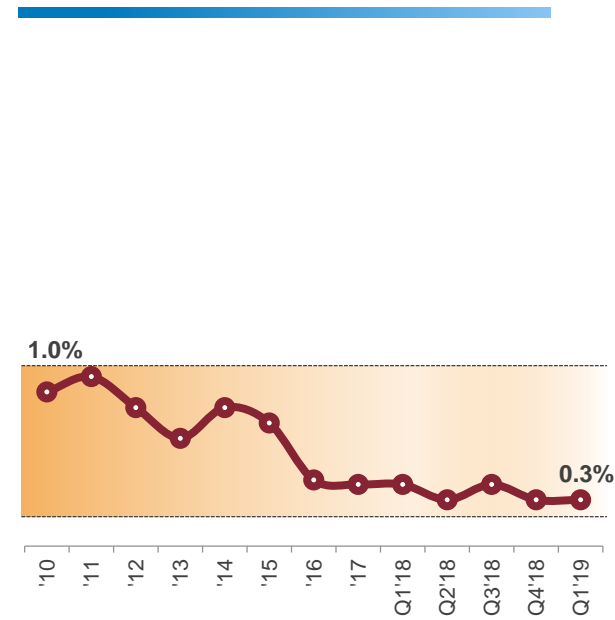
Limited exposure to loans with **stacked risk factors**

Average home price²

(In '\$000s)



Stacked risk factors³



CONTINUED PORTFOLIO QUALITY STRENGTH

Strong financial performance

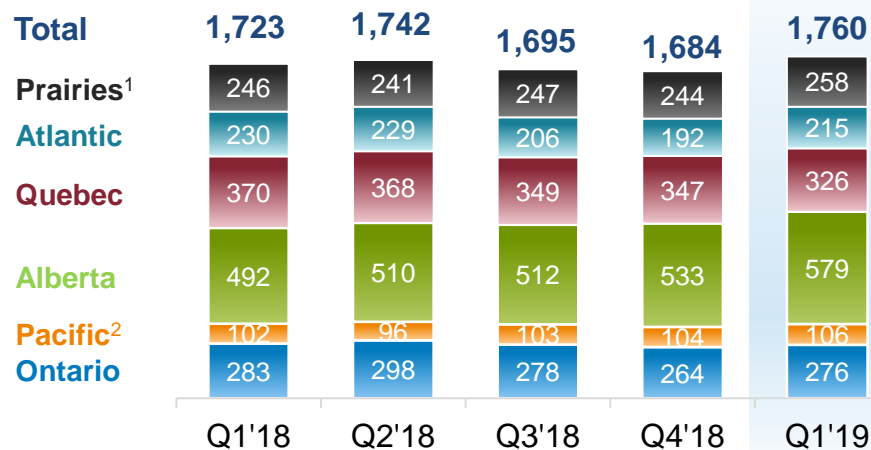
| \$MM except EPS & BVPS | Q1'19 | Q4'18 | Q1'18 |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Transactional premiums written | \$100 | \$151 | \$109 |
| Portfolio premiums written | 5 | 5 | 6 |
| Total premiums written | \$105 | \$156 | \$115 |
| Premiums earned | 169 | 169 | 171 |
| Losses on claims | (25) | (30) | (22) |
| Expenses | (33) | (32) | (32) |
| Underwriting income | \$110 | \$106 | \$117 |
| Operating investment income ¹ | 57 | 57 | 50 |
| Net operating income | \$119 | \$117 | \$119 |
| Net income | \$97 | \$80 | \$128 |
| Operating EPS (diluted) | \$1.35 | \$1.32 | \$1.31 |
| Book value per share (diluted, incl. AOCI) | \$46.60 | \$45.21 | \$43.77 |

Q1 highlights

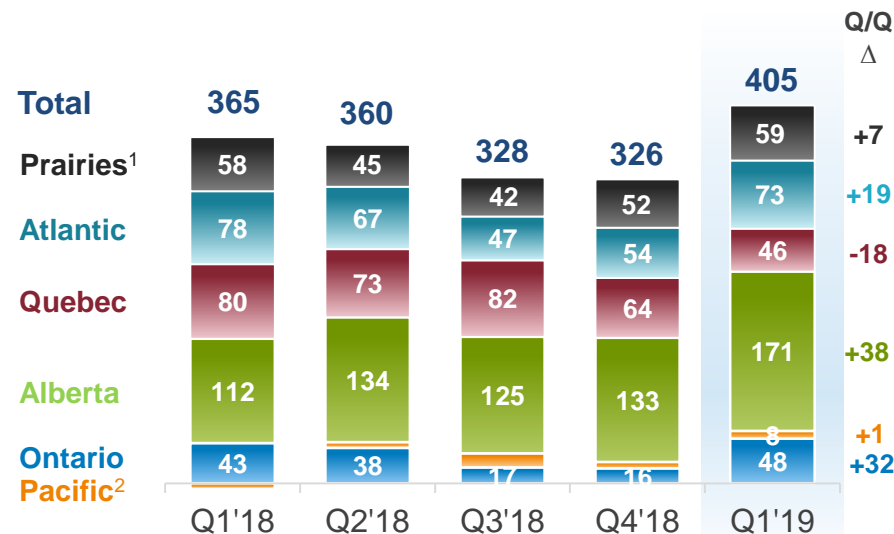
- Transactional premiums written lower by 8% Y/Y, primarily due to lower NIW
- Premiums earned flat Q/Q
- Loss ratio of 15%, down 3 pts Q/Q largely due to a lower average reserve per delq., and modestly higher favourable reserve development, partly offset by a seasonal increase in new delqs., net of cures
- Operating investment income relatively flat Q/Q at \$57 million
- Net income higher Q/Q due to lower level of realized and unrealized losses on derivatives and foreign exchange and lower losses on claims
- Net operating income up \$2 million Q/Q largely due to lower losses on claims, partly offset by modestly higher expenses
- Book value per share up 6% Y/Y to \$46.60

Delinquency trends

Outstanding delinquencies



New delinquencies, net of cures, by region



Delinquency rate based on reported outstanding balances³

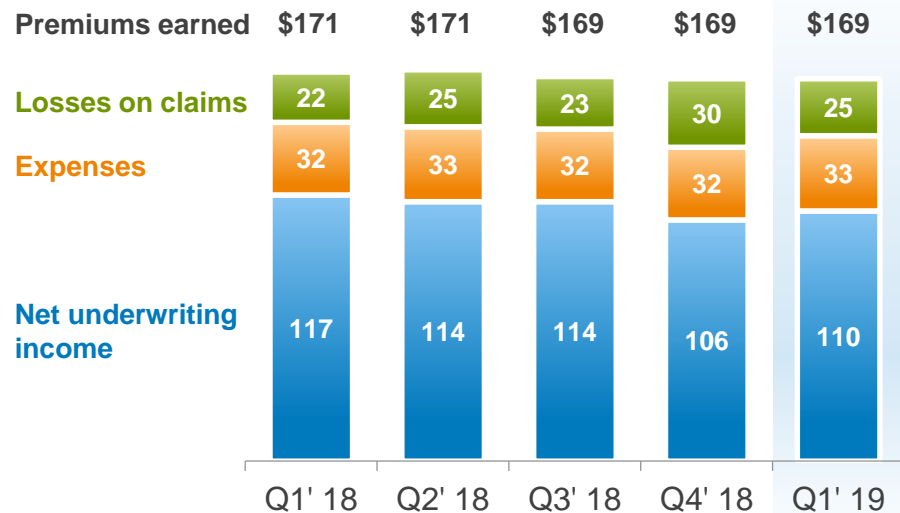
| | Q1'18 | Q2'18 | Q3'18 | Q4'18 | Q1'19 |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Transactional | 0.28% | 0.28% | 0.27% | 0.26% | 0.28% |
| Portfolio | 0.08% | 0.08% | 0.09% | 0.09% | 0.09% |
| Total | 0.18% | 0.19% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.20% |



- Higher net new delinquencies Q/Q primarily due to seasonal increases in ON & the Atlantic region, and pressure in AB, partly offset by a decrease in QC
- Strong overall loss ratio performance reflects strong portfolio quality and stable employment in most regions

Solid underwriting profitability

Underwriting profitability (\$ millions)



| | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Loss ratio | 13% | 14% | 14% | 18% | 15% |
| Expense ratio | 19% | 19% | 19% | 19% | 20% |
| Combined ratio | 32% | 33% | 32% | 37% | 35% |
| Avg. reserve per delq. (\$000s) | \$68.2 | \$67.7 | \$67.8 | \$73.5 | \$71.7 |
| New delqs. net of cures | 365 | 360 | 328 | 326 | 405 |

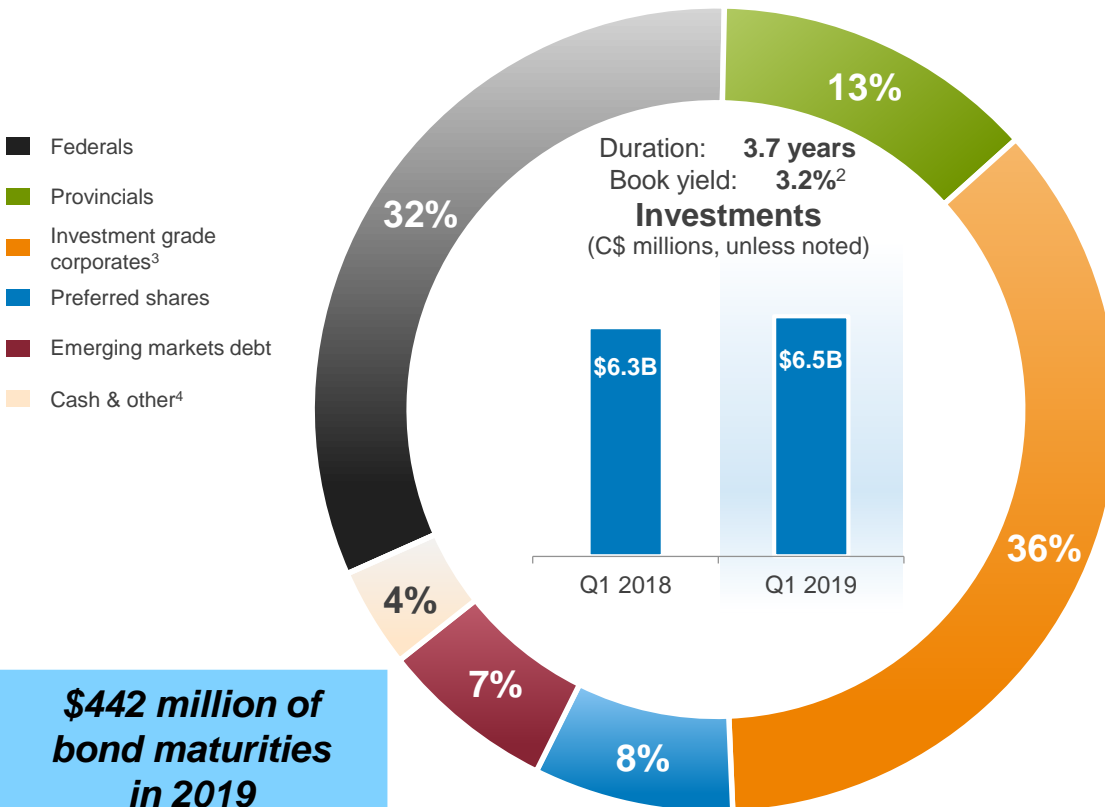
Highlights

- Full year 2019 premiums earned are expected to be flat to modestly lower Y/Y due to relatively smaller recent books
- Trend of relatively low loss ratios ranging from 13% to 18% over the past 5 quarters reflects strong portfolio quality and stable employment in most regions
- 2019 full year loss ratio expected range remains 15% to 25%

Investments contribute steady income

Total investments and net derivative assets (\$6.5B¹)

Investments: \$6.5B

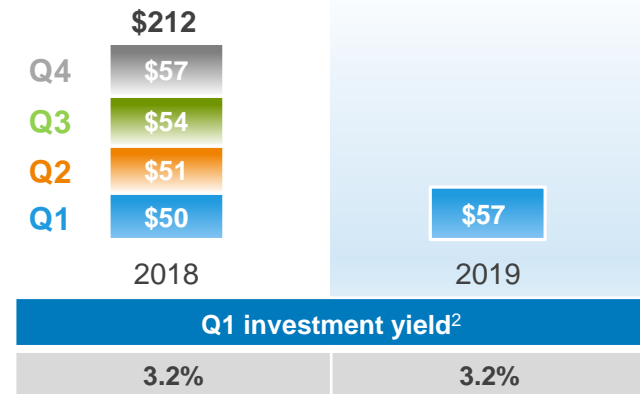


\$442 million of bond maturities in 2019

Interest rate hedge program

| Interest rate swaps | Forward curve ⁵ |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Notional (C\$B) | \$3.5 |
| Floating rate ⁵ | 1.75% - 2.00% |
| Fixed rate ⁵ | 1.17% |
| Spread | -0.60% - 0.80% |
| Potential impact on 2019 full year operating investment income | ~\$20MM - \$30MM |

Operating Investment Income (excluding realized/unrealized gains, \$ millions)



EXPECT FLAT OR MODESTLY HIGHER INVESTMENT INCOME IN 2019 INCLUSIVE OF FAVOURABLE CONTRIBUTION FROM INTEREST RATE HEDGING PROGRAM

Note: Company sources.

1. Represents market value, includes accrued investment income and other receivables and net derivative financial instruments. 2. Investment yield represents pre-tax equivalent book yield after dividend gross-up of portfolio (as at Mar. 31st, 2019). 3. Includes CLOs. 4. Cash includes short-term investments. 5. Floating rate reflects the anticipated range of the average for the three months ended March 31st, 2019 based on management's estimate of the forward curve as at April 29th, 2019; fixed rate represents the contract rates for our existing portfolio of interest rate swaps as at Mar. 31st, 2019.

Regulatory capital as at Mar. 31st, 2019

(by category, \$ millions unless otherwise noted)*

| | MICAT | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Mar. 31 st , 2019 | Jan. 1 st , 2019 |
| Capital available | 4,468 | 4,370 |
| Capital required | 2,590 | 2,548 |
| MICAT ratio | 172% | 172% |
| Internal MICAT target | 157% | 157% |
| Holdco cash ¹ | ~\$87 million | ~\$55 million |

2019 Mortgage Insurer Capital Adequacy Test

- 2019 Mortgage Insurer Capital Adequacy Test (“MICAT”) eliminates the updating of credit scores for 2015 and prior books and increases the base total asset requirement for insurance risk by 5%
- Changes are net positive to capital required in 2019

Highlights

- Strong capital position with MICAT ratio of 172% and ample financial flexibility including holding company cash and liquid investments of \$87 million and a \$300 million undrawn credit facility
- With the identified trend of lower lapses, as compared to 2017 and prior years, and the potential for a larger transactional market size, management has revised the expected level of capital redeployment from \$500 to \$700 million to \$400 to \$550 million for the full year
- With \$275 million in debt maturing in June 2020, evaluating refinancing a portion of the maturity by issuing new debt in 2019

Key strategic priorities

1

Drive market share growth by leveraging advanced analytics and process enhancements to improve our **customer experience**



2

Continue to exercise **prudent risk management** and proactive **loss mitigation**



3

Develop **innovative product solutions** to enhance our **value proposition**



4

Right-size our capital levels to **drive improved returns**



5

Influence key **government stakeholders** to focus on **first time homebuyer affordability**



FOCUSED ON PRUDENT GROWTH AND CAPITAL EFFICIENCY



Jonathan A. Pinto, MBA, LL.M
Vice President, Investor Relations



905.287.5482



jonathan.pinto@genworth.com

Investor Relations



investor.genworthmicanada.ca



investor@genworth.com