

Investor Presentation

Q2 Fiscal 2017 Update May 4, 2017

Safe Harbor For Forward Looking Statements



This presentation may contain "forward-looking statements" as defined by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding future prospects, plans, objectives, goals, projections, estimates of oil and gas quantities, strategies, future events or performance and underlying assumptions, capital structure, anticipated capital expenditures, completion of construction projects, projections for pension and other post-retirement benefit obligations, impacts of the adoption of new accounting rules, and possible outcomes of litigation or regulatory proceedings, as well as statements that are identified by the use of the words "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "intends," "plans," "predicts," "projects," "seeks," "will," "may," and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. The Company's expectations, beliefs and projections are expressed in good faith and are believed by the Company to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that management's expectations, beliefs or projections will result or be achieved or accomplished.

In addition to other factors, the following are important factors that, in the view of the Company, could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements: Delays or changes in costs or plans with respect to Company projects or related projects of other companies, including difficulties or delays in obtaining necessary governmental approvals, permits or orders or in obtaining the cooperation of interconnecting facility operators; governmental/regulatory actions, initiatives and proceedings, including those involving rate cases (which address, among other things, target rates of return, rate design and retained natural gas), environmental/safety requirements, affiliate relationships, industry structure, and franchise renewal; changes in laws, regulations or judicial interpretations to which the Company is subject, including those involving derivatives, taxes, safety, employment, climate change, other environmental matters, real property, and exploration and production activities such as hydraulic fracturing; impairments under the SEC's full cost ceiling test for natural gas and oil reserves; changes in the price of natural gas or oil; financial and economic conditions, including the availability of credit, and occurrences affecting the Company's ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms for working capital, capital expenditures and other investments, including any downgrades in the Company's credit ratings and changes in interest rates and other capital market conditions; factors affecting the Company's ability to successfully identify, drill for and produce economically viable natural gas and oil reserves, including among others geology, lease availability, title disputes, weather conditions, shortages, delays or unavailability of equipment and services required in drilling operations, insufficient gathering, processing and transportation capacity, the need to obtain governmental approvals and permits, and compliance with environmental laws and regulations: increasing health care costs and the resulting effect on health insurance premiums and on the obligation to provide other post-retirement benefits; changes in price differentials between similar quantities of natural gas or oil at different geographic locations, and the effect of such changes on commodity production, revenues and demand for pipeline transportation capacity to or from such locations; other changes in price differentials between similar quantities of natural gas or oil having different quality, heating value, hydrocarbon mix or delivery date; the cost and effects of legal and administrative claims against the Company or activist shareholder campaigns to effect changes at the Company; uncertainty of oil and gas reserve estimates; significant differences between the Company's projected and actual production levels for natural gas or oil; changes in demographic patterns and weather conditions; changes in the availability, price or accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments; changes in economic conditions, including global, national or regional recessions, and their effect on the demand for, and customers' ability to pay for, the Company's products and services; the creditworthiness or performance of the Company's key suppliers, customers and counterparties; economic disruptions or uninsured losses resulting from major accidents, fires, severe weather, natural disasters, terrorist activities, acts of war, cyber attacks or pest infestation; significant differences between the Company's projected and actual capital expenditures and operating expenses; changes in laws, actuarial assumptions, the interest rate environment and the return on plan/trust assets related to the Company's pension and other post-retirement benefits, which can affect future funding obligations and costs and plan liabilities; or increasing costs of insurance, changes in coverage and the ability to obtain insurance.

Forward-looking statements include estimates of oil and gas quantities. Proved oil and gas reserves are those quantities of oil and gas which, by analysis of geoscience and engineering data, can be estimated with reasonable certainty to be economically producible under existing economic conditions, operating methods and government regulations. Other estimates of oil and gas quantities, including estimates of probable reserves, possible reserves, and resource potential, are by their nature more speculative than estimates of proved reserves. Accordingly, estimates other than proved reserves are subject to substantially greater risk of being actually realized. Investors are urged to consider closely the disclosure in our Form 10-K available at www.nationalfuelgas.com. You can also obtain this form on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

For a discussion of the risks set forth above and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from results referred to in the forward-looking statements, see "Risk Factors" in the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 and the Forms 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2016 and March 31, 2017. The Company disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date thereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Quality Assets - Exceptional Location - Unique Integration



Upstream

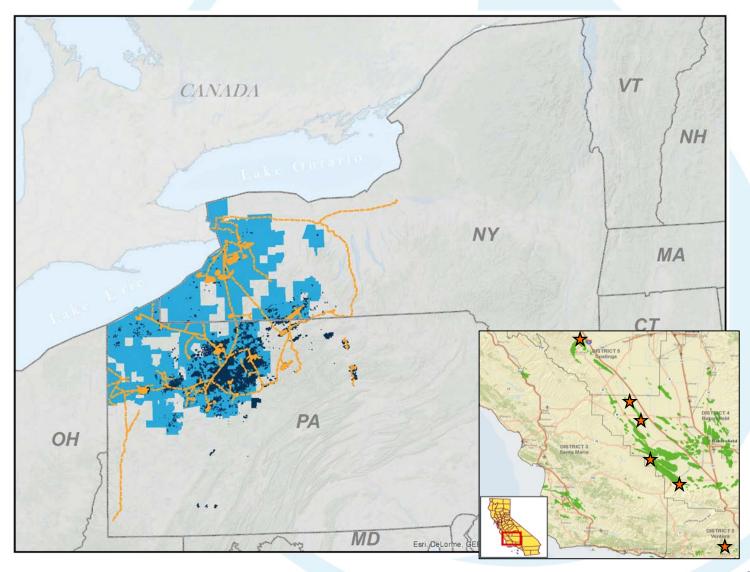
- 1.8 Tcfe Proved Reserves (1)
- 785,000 net acres in Appalachia mostly held in fee with no royalty
- 3 million Bbls annual CA crude oil production

Midstream

- \$285 million annual adjusted EBITDA (2)
- \$1.3+ billion midstream investments since 2010
- Coordinated gathering infrastructure build-out with NFG Upstream

Downstream

- 740,000 Utility customer accounts
- Stable, regulated earnings & cash flows
- Generates operational and financial synergies with other segments

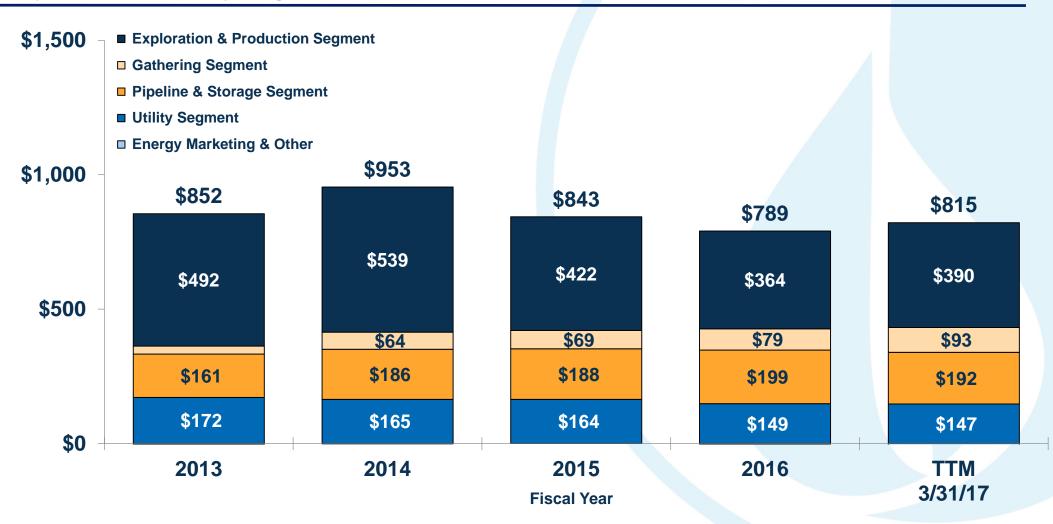


⁽¹⁾ Total proved reserves are as of September 30, 2016.

Balanced Earnings and Cash Flows



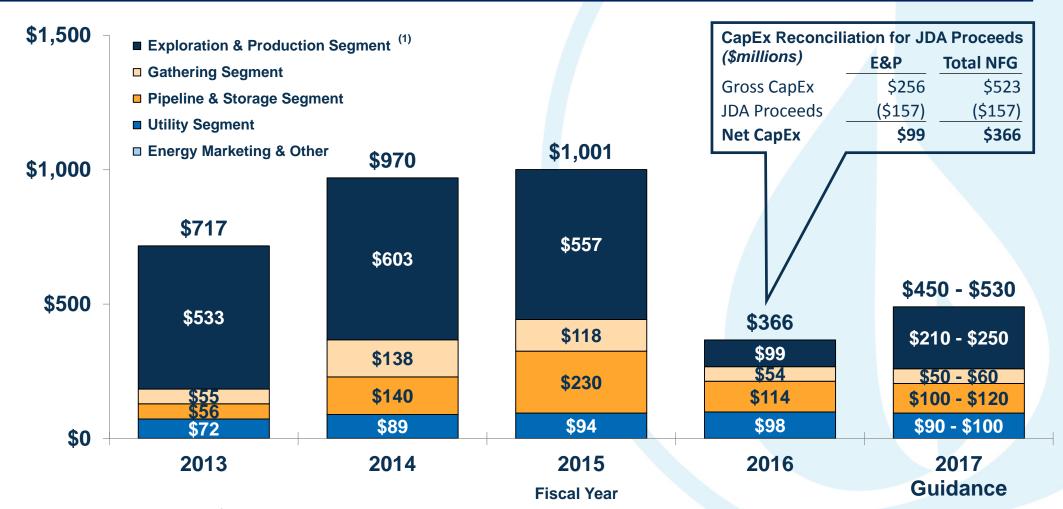
Adjusted EBITDA by Segment (\$ millions)



Flexibility to Responsibly Deploy Capital



Capital Expenditures by Segment (\$ millions)



¹⁾ FY 2016 actual capital expenditures reflects the netting of \$157 million of up-front proceeds received from joint development partner for working interest in joint development wells. FY 2017 guidance also reflects the netting of anticipated proceeds received from the joint development partner.

Northern Access Project Status



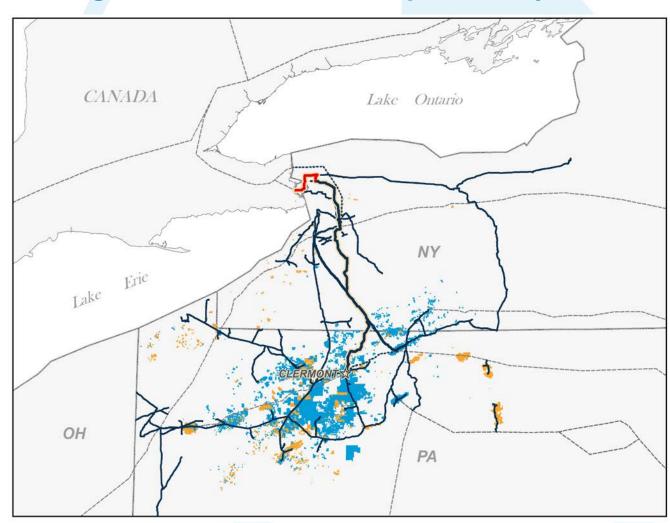
National Fuel Remains Committed to Building the Northern Access Pipeline Project

Project in-service not expected before 2019 due to regulatory delays

- **February 3, 2017** NFG received FERC 7(c) certificate
- March 3, 2017 NFG filed petition for rehearing with FERC seeking waiver of NYS DEC Clean Water Act Section 401 Water Quality Certification (WQC) and preemption on state level permits
- April 7, 2017 NY DEC issued notice of denial of WQC and other state stream and wetland permits for NY portion of project (PA DEP WQC received in January 2017)
- April 21, 2017 NFG filed appeal of NY DEC WQC notice of denial with US Court of Appeals for the 2nd Circuit

Project Spending Update:

- Total project spending to-date: ~\$68 million
- Fiscal 2017 Pipeline & Expenditure capital expenditure guidance reduced by \$115 million
- Minimal remaining commitments



The Bridge to Northern Access



National Fuel Will Continue to Grow Integrated Businesses While We Sort Through Northern Access Delay

Exploration & Production Strategy

- ✓ Near-term in-basin pricing supports plans for 10%+ annual production growth over next 3 years
 - WDA Development Maintain 1 rig program
 - Convert Northern Access firm sales from Dawn (95 MMcf/d) and layer-in new firm sales on TGP 300
 - Utica expected to provide further upside to WDA economics and returns
 - EDA Development Adding 2nd Seneca rig in May 2017
 - Prepare well inventory for Atlantic Sunrise capacity (190 Mdth/d) starting mid-2018
 - Commence Utica development of EDA-Tract 007 (Tioga County) in fiscal 2018 for further growth

Midstream Strategy

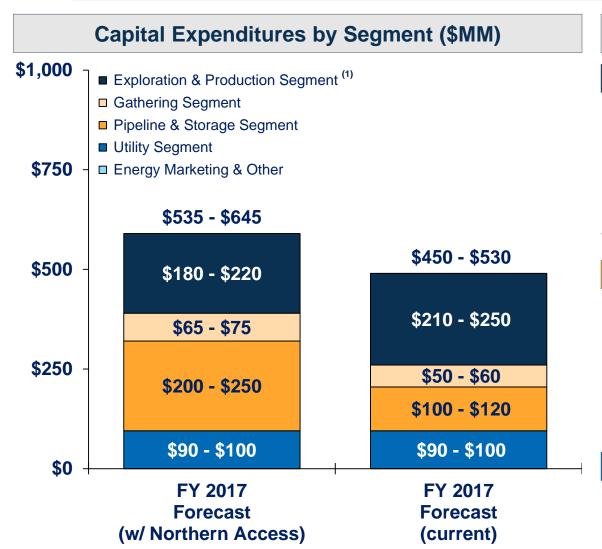
- ✓ Gathering system throughput and revenues will benefit from Seneca's production growth
- ✓ Opportunities for continued investment in system expansion and modernization
 - Foundation shipper agreements in place for Empire North Project and new Line N expansion
 - Need for system modernization will result in Pipeline & Storage rate base growth

Corporate Strategy

- ✓ Near-term improvement in balance sheet/credit metrics
- ✓ Maintain commitment to growing the dividend
- ✓ Continue to leverage operational, financial and strategic benefits of the integrated model

Near-term Capital Budget and Operating Plan





FY2017 Operating Plan

Upstream

- Appalachia:
 - 2 rigs (1 WDA / 1 EDA) / 1 daylight only frac crew
 - 2nd rig added in May 2017 to prepare for Atlantic Sunrise capacity
 - 10-well Utica appraisal program concurrent with Marcellus drilling in WDA
- California: \$35- \$45 million capex to maintain production levels

Midstream

- Gathering: Just-in-time installation of gathering pipelines and compression facilities to accommodate Seneca's development plans
- Pipeline & Storage:
 - FY17 capex reduced by \$115 million due to Northern Access delay
 - Line D expansion and system maintenance and modernization

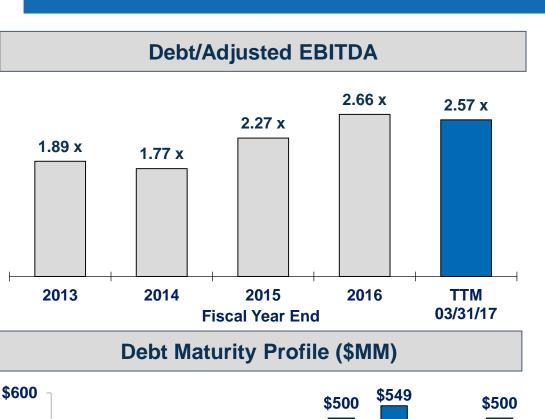
Downstream

Utility: Pipeline replacement and system modernization spending.

¹⁾ Reflects the netting of anticipated proceeds received from the joint development partner for working interest in joint development wells. Current E&P guidance increased \$30 million to reflect changes in the timing of Seneca's development activities. Note: A reconciliation to Capital Expenditures as presented on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows is included at the end of this presentation.

Strong Balance Sheet & Liquidity











\$3.7 Billion Total Capitalization as of March 31, 2017

Liquidity

Committed Credit Facilities
Short-term Debt Outstanding
Available Short-term Credit Facilities
Cash Balance at 03/31/17
Total Liquidity at 03/31/17

\$ 1,250 MM

\$ 0 MM

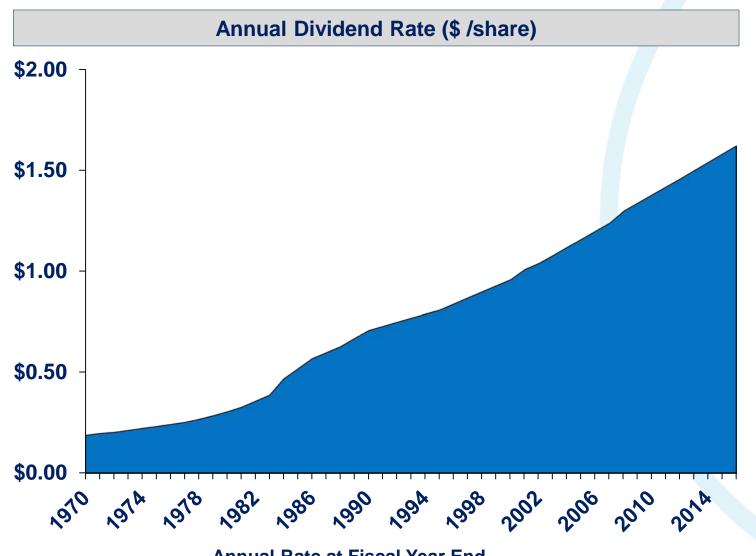
\$ 1,250 MM

\$ 231 MM

\$ 1,481 MM

Committed to the Dividend





NFG's Dividend Consistency

Consecutive Payments	114 Years
Consecutive Increases	46 Years
Current Dividend Rate	\$1.62 per Share
Current Dividend Yield (1)	3.0%

Annual Rate at Fiscal Year End

Upstream Overview

Exploration & Production

Significant Appalachian Acreage Position

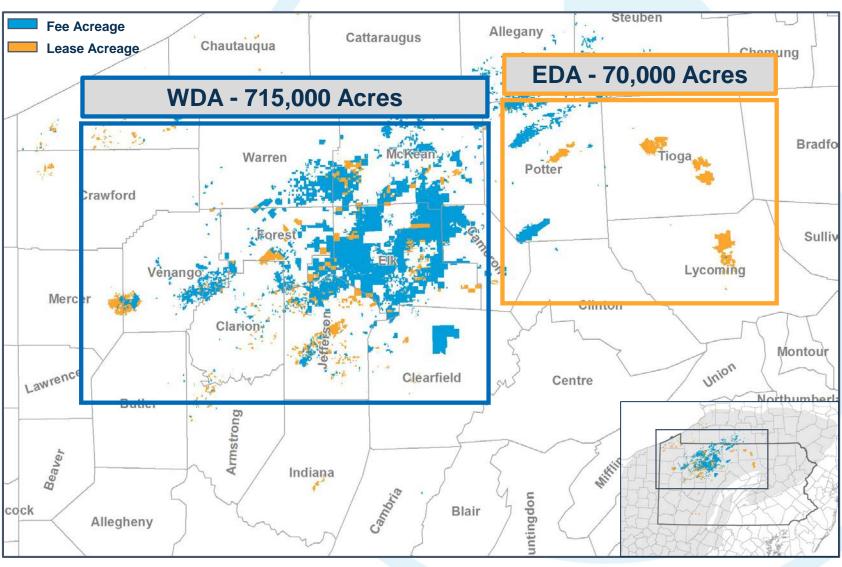


Western Development Area (WDA)

- Daily gross production: ~280 MMcf/d
- Large inventory of high quality Marcellus acreage economic under \$2.00/Mcf
- Fee ownership lack of royalty enhances economics
- Highly contiguous nature drives cost and operational efficiencies

Eastern Development Area (EDA)

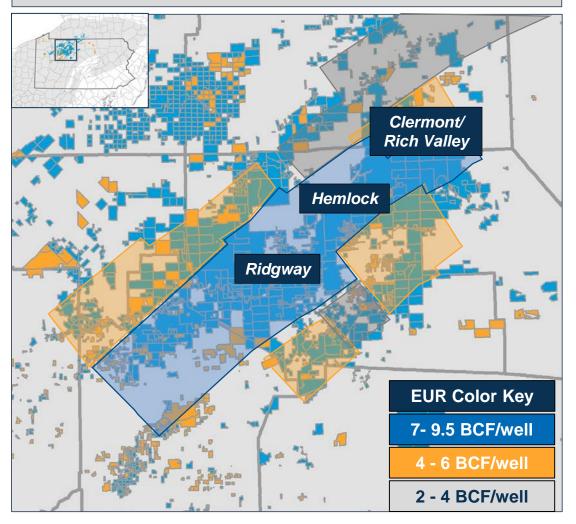
- Daily gross production: ~300 MMcf/d
- Mostly leased (16-18% royalty) with no significant near-term lease expirations
- > 100 remaining Marcellus and Utica locations economic under \$1.80/Mcf
- Additional Utica & Geneseo potential
- Near-term development tailored to fill capacity on Atlantic Sunrise in mid-2018



Marcellus Shale: Western Development Area



WDA Tier 1 Acreage – 200,000 Acres



WDA Highlights

- ✓ Large drilling inventory of quality Marcellus dry gas
 - ~1,100 locations economic < \$2.00/MMBtu realized
- ✓ Fee acreage provides flexibility/enhances economics
 - No royalty on most acreage
 - No lease expirations or requirements to drill acreage
- ✓ Highly contiguous position drives best in class Marcellus well costs
 - Multi-well pad drilling averaging 10 wells with 8,000 ft. laterals
 - Water management operations lowering water costs to under \$1 /Bbl
- ✓ NFG midstream infrastructure supporting growth
- **✓** Early Utica test results in CRV on trend with other Utica wells in NE Pa.
 - Will have 8 Utica test wells on-line by end of FY 2017

WDA Tier 1 Marcellus Economics⁽¹⁾

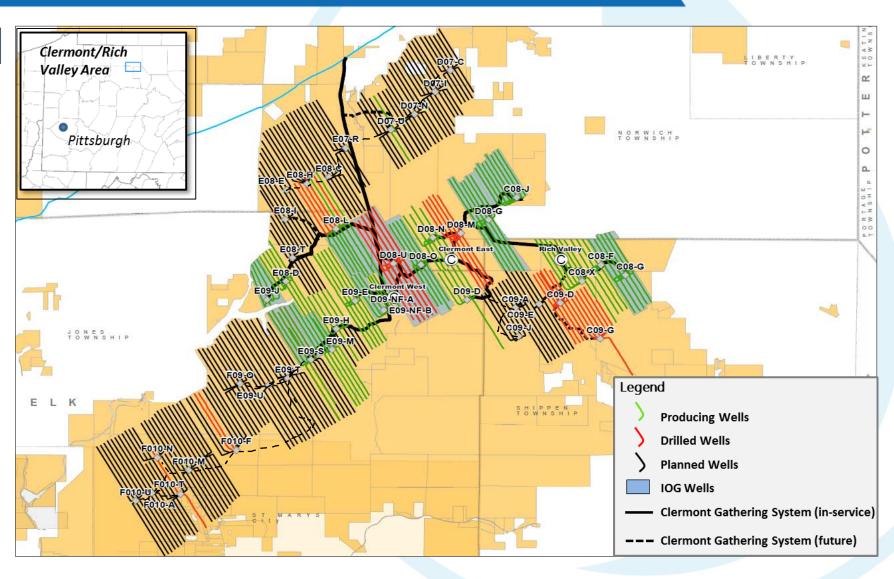
		Avg		\$3.00	15% IRR
	Locations	Lateral	EUR	NYMEX/Dawn	Realized
	Remaining	Length (ft)	(Bcf)	IRR%	Price
CRV	22	8,000	8.5-9.5	33%	\$1.70
Hemlock/Ridgway	631	8,800	8-9	32%	\$1.76
Other Tier 1	406	8,500	7-8	28%	\$1.84

WDA Clermont/Rich Valley Development



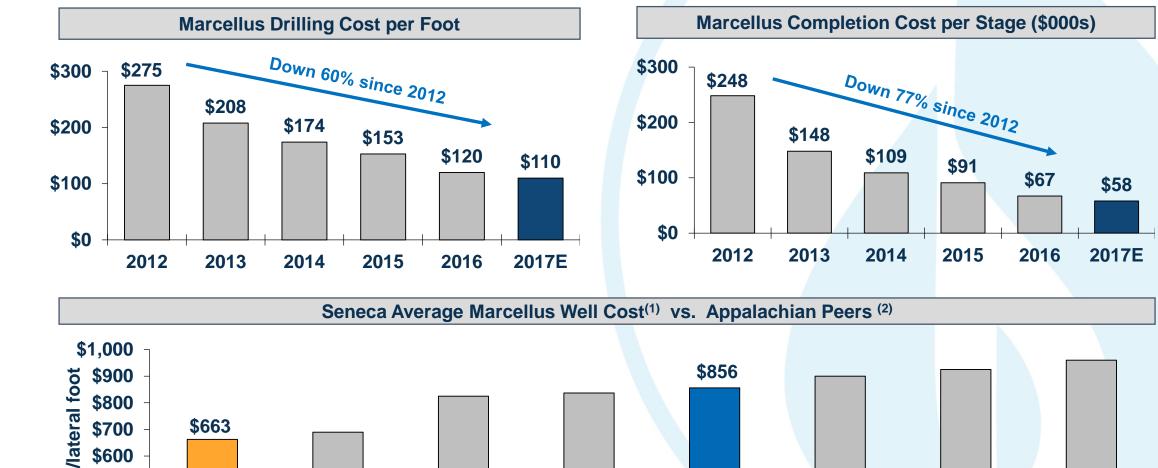
CRV Development Summary

- Gross daily production: ~270 MMcf/d
- 1-rig/daylight only frac crew
- Marcellus well costs averaging
 ~\$660 per lateral ft.
- Developing 75 Marcellus wells with joint development partner (IOG)
 - 75 wells drilled
 - 63 wells online/producing
- Just-in-time gathering infrastructure build-out provides significant capital flexibility to adjust scheduling and pace of Seneca's development program
- Regional focus of development minimizes capital outlay and improves returns



Best in Class Marcellus Well Costs





Peer 3

Peer

Average

Peer 4

Peer 5

Peer 6

Peer 2

Peer 1

\$600

\$500

Seneca

CRV

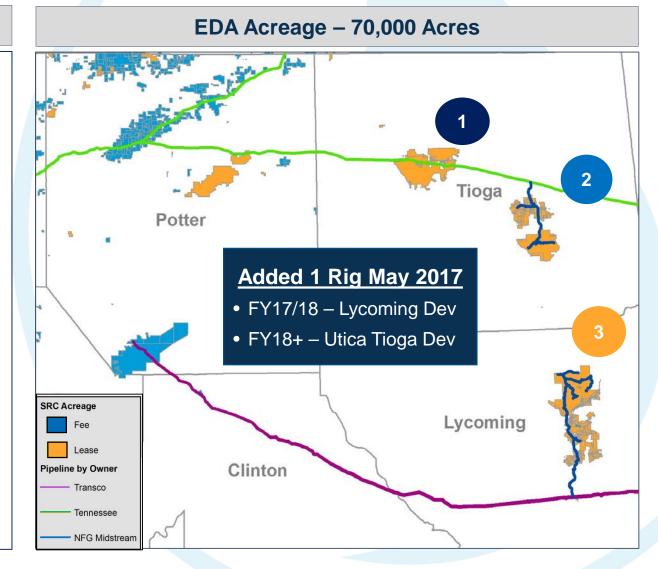
Seneca CRV reflects a \$5.3 million "all-in" total well cost for a 8,000 ft. lateral. Total well costs include drilling, completions, allocated pad level and production equipment.

Marcellus Shale: Eastern Development Area



EDA Highlights

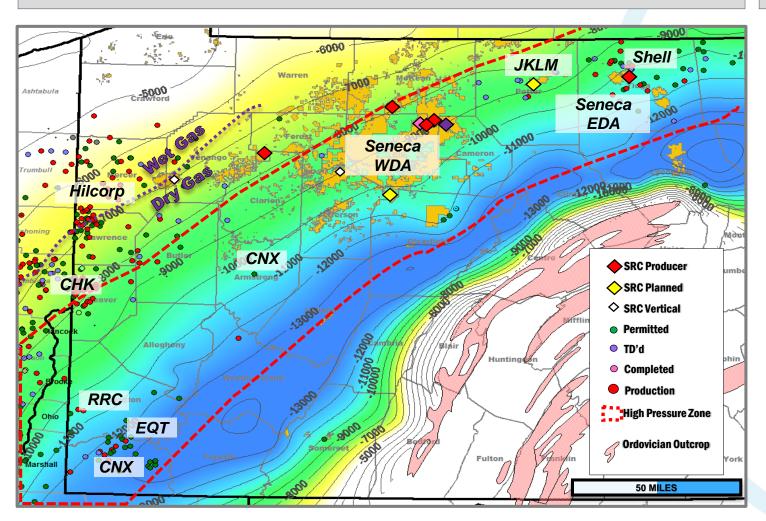
- 1 DCNR Tract 007 (Tioga Co., Pa)
 - 1 Utica and 2 Marcellus producing wells
 - Utica 30-day IP = 15.8 MMcf/d
 - Utica resource potential ~1 Tcf
 - Development expected to begin in fiscal 2018
- 2 Covington & DCNR Tract 595 (Tioga Co., Pa.)
 - Gross daily production: ~100 MMcf/d
 - Marcellus locations fully developed
 - Opportunity for future Utica appraisal
- 3 DCNR Tract 100 & Gamble (Lycoming Co., Pa.)
 - Gross daily production: ~200 MMcf/d
 - 54 remaining Marcellus locations economic < \$1.60 /Mcf
 - Atlantic Sunrise capacity (190 MDth/d) in mid-2018
 - Geneseo to provide 100-120 additional locations
 - Geneseo test well 24hr IP: 14.1 MMcf/d on 4,920' lateral



Utica Shale Opportunities



Pennsylvania Utica Activity



Seneca's Utica Opportunities

Seneca's Utica Activity on Trend with Strong Results in Northern Pa.

Western Development Area

- ✓ First 2 Utica test wells in Clermont / Rich Valley area are exceeding Marcellus performance
- Executing 10 well appraisal program over next
 18 months
- Economics enhanced by 100% net revenue interest (no royalty) and ability to use existing infrastructure

Eastern Development Area

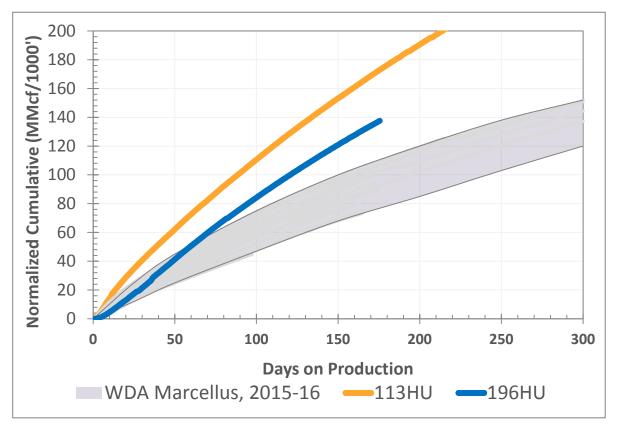
- ✓ 1st test well producing on DCNR 007 in Tioga County among the best in Northeastern Pa.
- Industry activity in Tioga and Potter Counties suggest strong Utica potential on other EDA prospects

WDA Utica Update



First Two Utica Test Wells in WDA CRV Area Continue to Exceed Marcellus Performance

Results: WDA Utica Results (1) vs Avg WDA Marcellus



		RV Utica Wells	WDA-CRV Marcellus Wells (Average)
	Well 113HU	Well 196HU ⁽¹⁾	121 wells
Initial Test	June 2016	Nov 2016	
Lateral Length	4,630 ft	6,288 ft	7,139 ft
Choke Avg (/64th)	35/64 th	28/64 th	64/64 th
30 Day IP/1,000 ft	1.4 MMcf/d	1.0 MMcf/d	0.7 MMcf/d
Est. EUR/1,000 ft	2.0 Bcf 1.8 Bcf		1.1 Bcf

- Early economic indicators:
 - 60 80% higher production/EUR
 - 25 35% increase in Upstream capital per well
- Will use existing Upstream pad and water facilities and Gathering infrastructure from current Marcellus development to drive efficiencies
- Can utilize existing and future contracted firm transport capacity (Niagara Expansion and Northern Access)

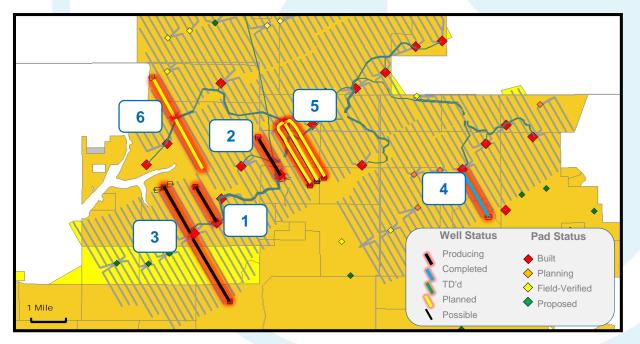
WDA Utica Appraisal Program



Short Term Plan Forward

- ✓ Plan to drill 10 total Utica appraisal wells off Marcellus development pads
- ✓ Two wells on pad EO9-S producing under 30 days
- ✓ Testing target zone and D&C design
- Can leverage existing upstream and midstream infrastructure to drive capital, operational, and marketing efficiencies
- Expect Utica CRV WDA development costs to range from \$5.0 to \$6.0 million per well

WDA UTICA TESTING TIMELINE					
	Pad	# Wells	Status	Test	Timing (FY)
1	E09-M	1	Producing	Initial	On-line
2	NF-A	1	Producing	Sand	On-line
3	E09-S	2	Producing	Target	On-line
4	C09-D	1	Completed	Step-out	Q3 '17
5	D08-U	3	Planned	Target	Q4 '17
6	E08-T	2	Planned	Step-out	Q4 '18

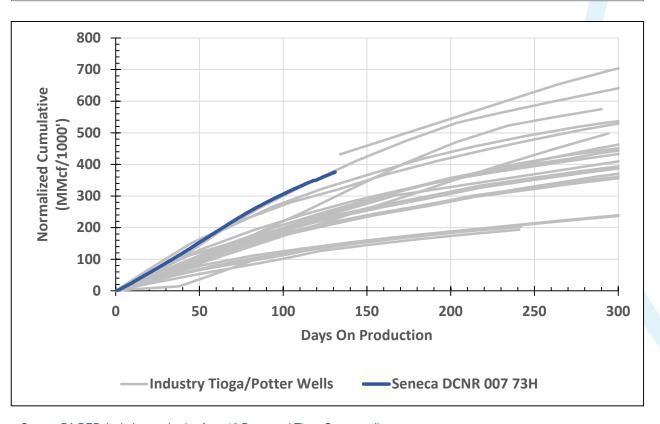


EDA Utica Update



Seneca DCNR 007 Utica Well Among the Best in Northeastern PA

Northeast PA Utica Well Performance – Tioga and Potter County



	SRC EDA – Tract 007 Utica Test Well
Gathering Line In-Service	November 2016
Lateral Length	4,640 ft
30 Day IP /1,000 ft	3.4 MMcf/d
Est. EUR /1,000 ft	2.4 Bcf

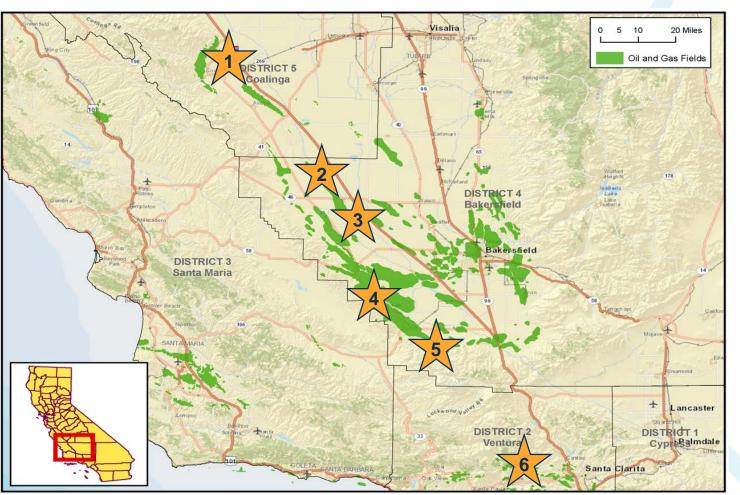
- ✓ Utica DCNR 007 development expected in 2018
- Up to 68 development locations delivering 1 Tcf recoverable resource
- Expect development costs to range from \$5.5 to \$6.5 million per well
- ✓ Midstream infrastructure:
 - NFG Midstream Wellsboro Gathering System
 - Interconnect with Tennessee Gas Pipeline 300
 - Evaluating long-term takeaway options

Source: PA DEP. Includes production from 19 Potter and Tioga County wells

California Oil



Stable Oil Production | Minimal Capital Investment | Free Cash Flow Positive

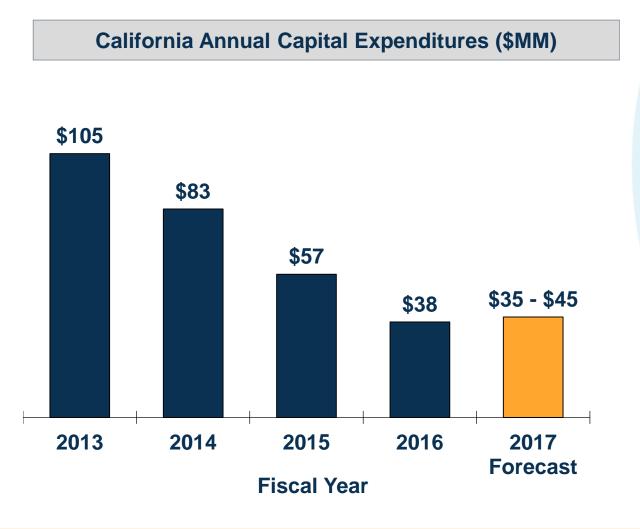


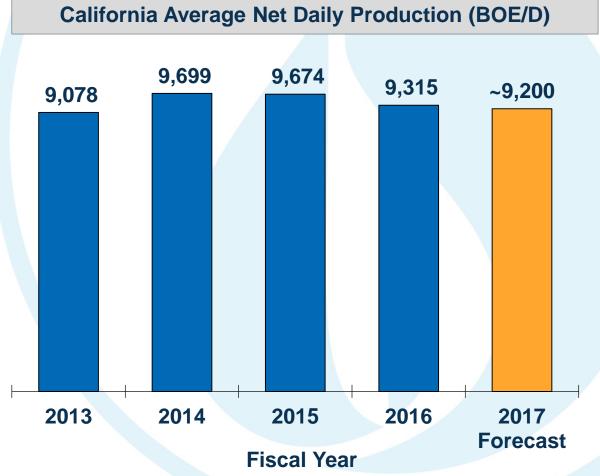
	Location	Formation	Production Method	FY16 Gross Daily Production (Boe/d)
1	East Coalinga	Temblor	Primary	770
2	North Lost Hills	Tulare & Etchegoin	Primary/ Steam flood	1,000
3	South Lost Hills	Monterey Shale	Primary	1,680
4	North Midway Sunset	Tulare & Potter	Steam flood	3,640
5	South Midway Sunset	Antelope	Steam flood	1,760
6	Sespe	Sespe	Primary	1,350

California Average Daily Net Production



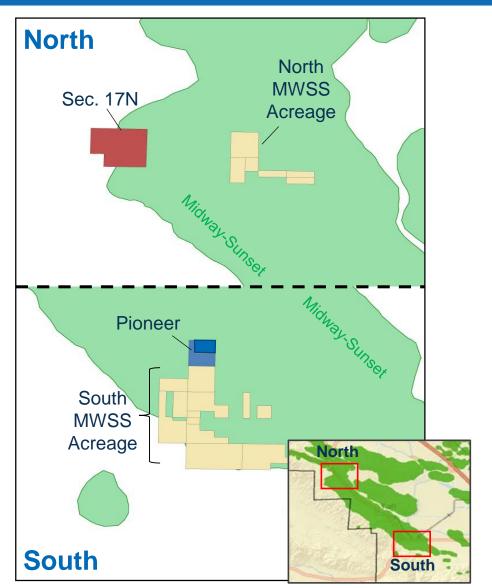
Less than \$40 Million Annual Capital Spending Needed to Keep CA Production Flat

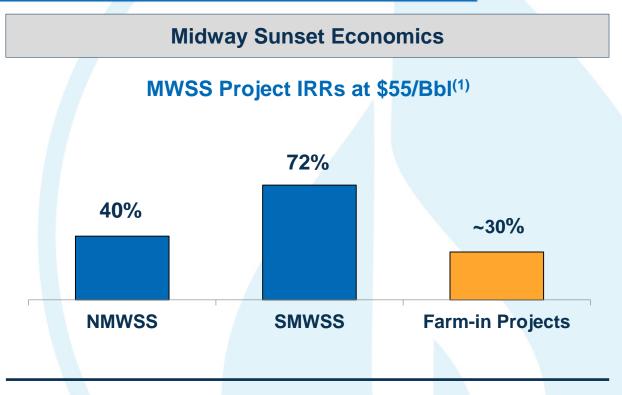




Future Development Focused on Midway Sunset





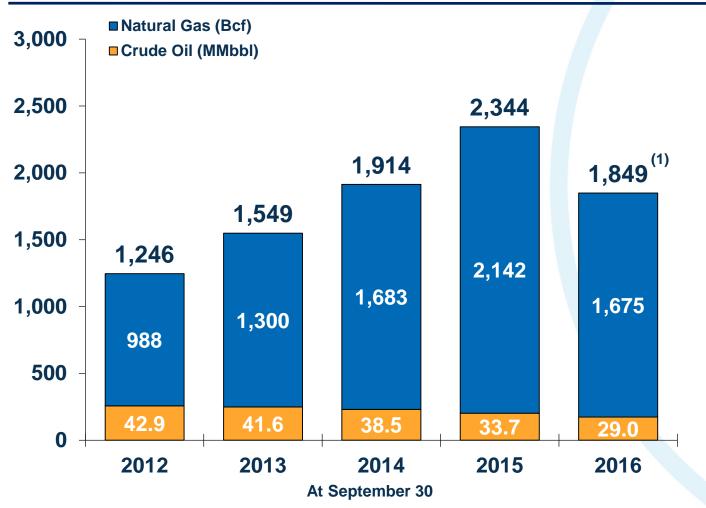


- ✓ Modest near-term capital program focused on locations that
 earn attractive returns in current oil price environment
- ✓ A&D will focus on low cost, bolt-on opportunities
- ✓ Sec. 17 and Pioneer farm-ins to provide future growth
 - F&D (est.) = \$6.50/Boe

Proved Reserves & Development Costs



Total Proved Reserves (Bcfe)



Fiscal 2016 Proved Reserves Reconciliation (Bcfe)

Proved Reserves - FYE '15	2,344
FY '16 Production	(161)
Mineral Sales (2)	(262)
Net Negative Revisions (3)	(262)
Extensions & Discoveries	190
Proved Reserves - FYE '16	1,849

Fiscal 2016 Proved Reserves Stats

- 117% Reserve Replacement Rate (adjusted for revisions and sales)
- 65% Proved Developed
- 35% Proved Undeveloped

⁽¹⁾ Includes approximately 69 Bcf of natural gas proved reserves in Appalachia that will be transferred in fiscal 2017 as interests in the joint development wells are conveyed to the partner.

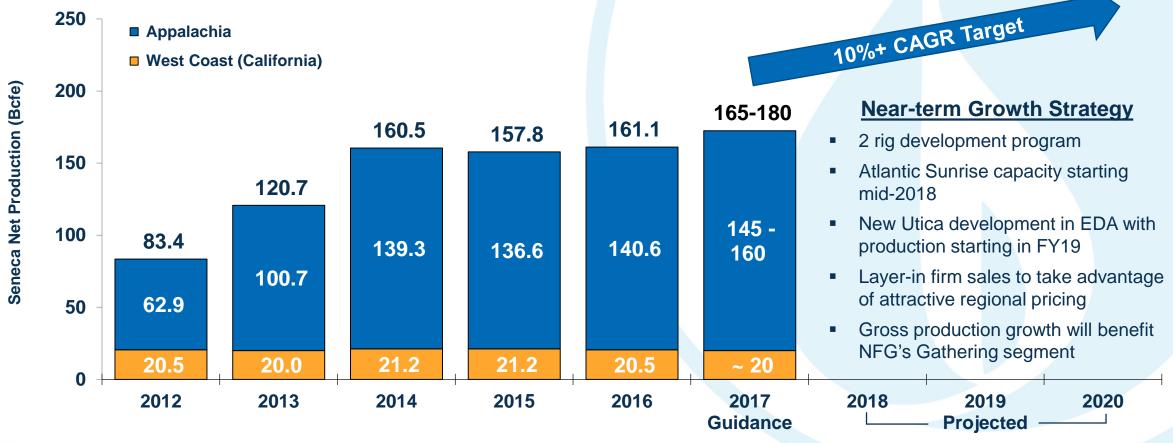
²⁾ Reflects 246 Bcfe of natural gas reserves that were conveyed and sold to joint development partner and 16 Bcfe of Upper Devonian sales.

⁽³⁾ FY 2016 net negative revisions include 227 Bcfe of proved reserves that were revised due to lower oil and gas pricing.

Seneca Production



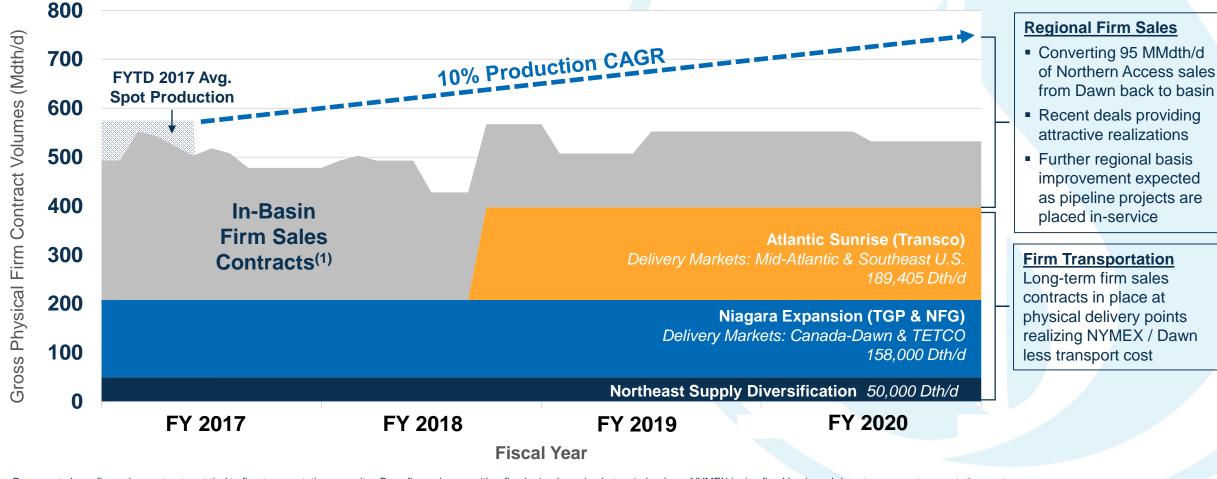
Significant base of long-term firm contracts and relatively strong near-term regional pricing outlook supports Appalachian development program that will drive 10%+ annual Appalachian production growth while NFG works through Northern Access delay



Long-term Contracts Supporting Appalachian Production



Seneca will continue to layer-in firm sales contracts with attractive realizations at regional pricing points to lock-in drilling economics and minimize spot exposure as it waits for Northern Access



Firm Transportation Commitments

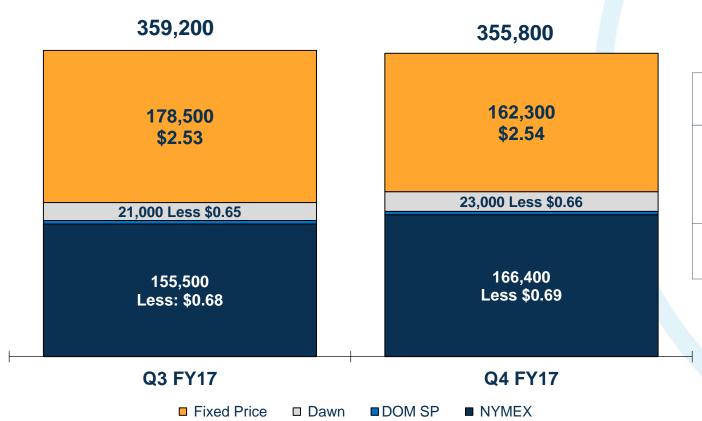


		Production Source	Volume (Dth/d)	Delivery Market	Demand Charges (\$/Dth)	Gas Marketing Strategy
Currently In-Service	Northeast Supply Diversification Project Tennessee Gas Pipeline	EDA -Tioga County Covington & Tract 595	50,000	Canada (Dawn)	\$0.50 (3 rd party)	Firm Sales Contracts 50,000 Dth/d Dawn/NYMEX+ 10 years
	Niagara Expansion TGP & NFG	WDA – Clermont/ Rich Valley	158,000	Canada (Dawn)	NFG pipelines = \$0.24 3 rd party = \$0.43	Firm Sales Contracts 158,000 Dth/d
			12,000	TETCO (SE Pa.)	NFG pipelines = \$0.12	Dawn/NYMEX+ 8 to 15 years
Future Capacity	Atlantic Sunrise WMB - Transco In-service: Mid-2018	EDA - Lycoming County Tract 100 & Gamble	189,405	Mid-Atlantic/ Southeast	\$0.73 (3 rd party)	Firm Sales Contracts 189,405 Dth/d NYMEX+ First 5 years
	Northern Access NFG - Supply & Empire	G – Supply & Empire Rich Valley	350,000	Canada (Dawn)	NFG pipelines = \$0.50 3 rd party = \$0.21	Firm Sales Contracts At Dawn
			140,000	TGP 200 (NY)	NFG pipelines = \$0.38	When Project Goes In-Service

Firm Sales Provide Market for Appalachian Production



FY 17 Net Contracted Volumes (Dth per day)
Contracted Index Price Differentials (\$ per Dth)⁽¹⁾



Gross vs. Net Firm Sales Volumes (Dth per Day)

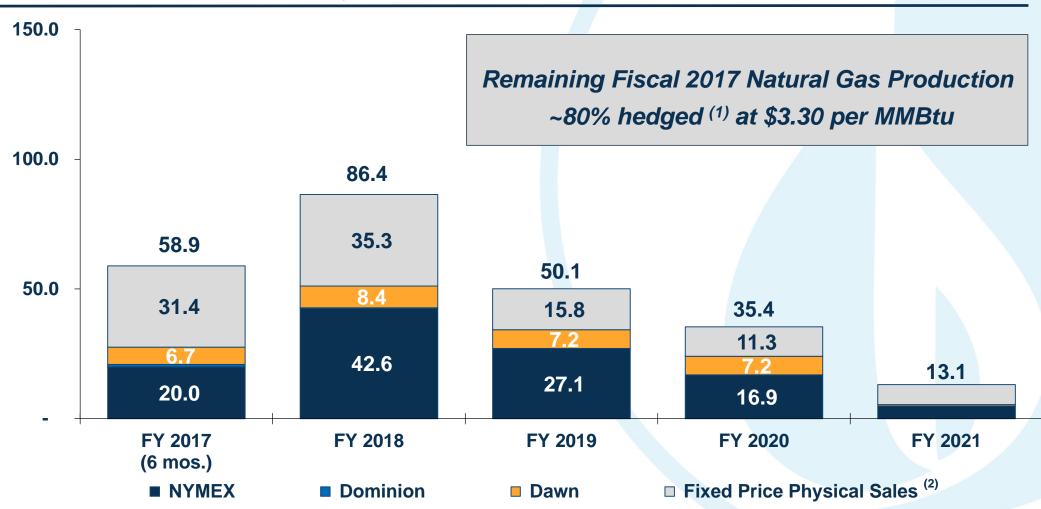
	Q3 FY17	Q4 FY17
Gross	503,000/d	478,000/d
NRI Owners ⁽²⁾	143,800/d	122,200/d
Net	<u>359,200/d</u>	<u>355,800/d</u>

¹⁾ Values shown represent the price or differential to a reference price (netback price) at the point of sale less any associated transportation costs.

Strong Hedge Book



Natural Gas Swap & Fixed Physical Sales Contracts (Millions MMBtu)



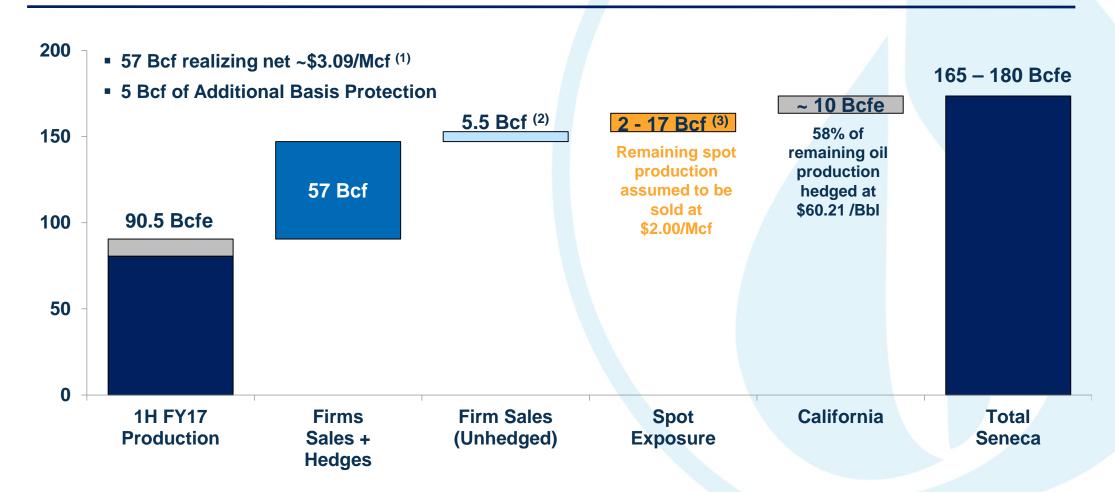
⁽¹⁾ Assumes midpoint of natural gas production guidance, adjusted for year-to-date actual results.

⁽²⁾ Fixed price physical sales exclude joint development partner's share of fixed price contract WDA volumes as specified under the joint development agreement.

Fiscal 2017 Production and Price Certainty



FINANCIAL HEDGE + FIRM SALE = PRICE CERTAINTY



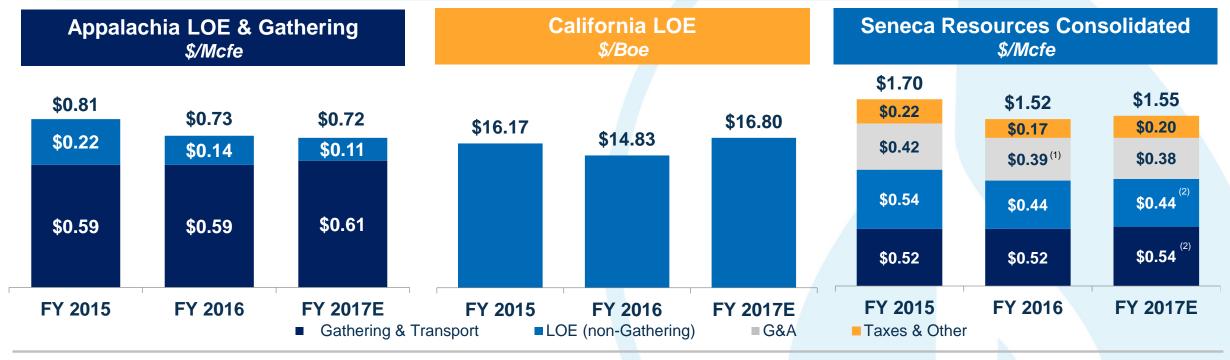
¹⁾ Average realized price reflects uplift from financial hedges less fixed differentials under firm sales contracts and any firm transportation costs.

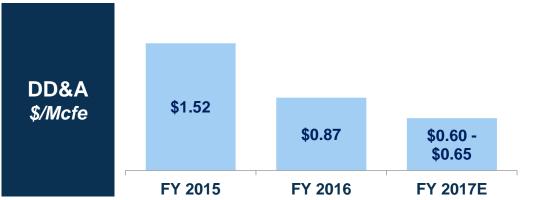
²⁾ Indicates firm sales contracts with fixed index differentials but not backed by a matching NYMEX financial hedge.

⁽³⁾ Includes non-operated production from Western Development Area (legacy EOG JV wells) of ~2 Bcf.

Operating Costs







- Competitive, low cost structure in Appalachia and California supports strong cash margins
- ✓ Gathering fee generates significant revenue stream for affiliated gathering company
- ✓ DD&A decrease due to improving Marcellus F&D costs and reduction in net plant resulting from ceiling test impairments

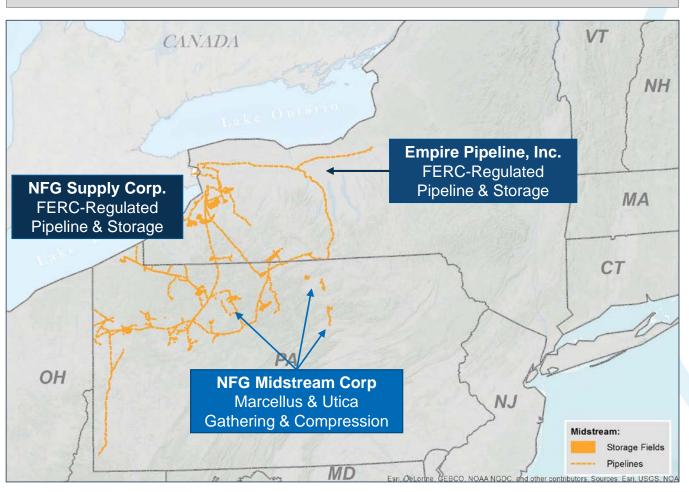
⁽¹⁾ Excludes \$7.9 million, or \$0.05 per Mcfe, of professional fees relating to the joint development agreement announced in December 2015.

Midstream Businesses

Midstream Businesses



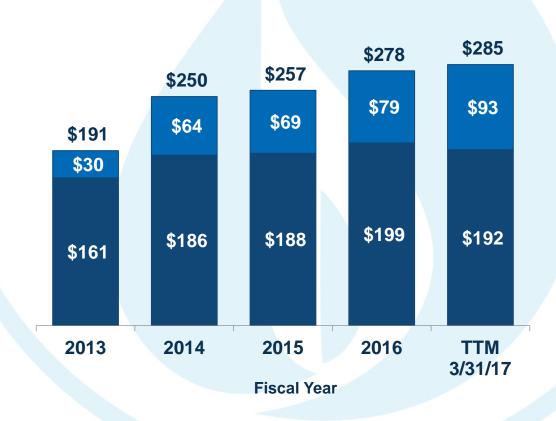
Midstream Businesses System Map



Midstream Businesses Adjusted EBITDA (\$MM)



■ Gathering Segment

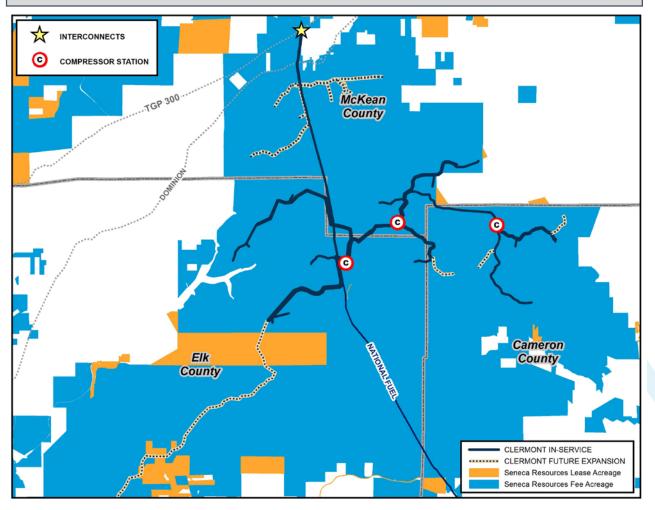


Integrated Development – WDA Gathering System



Gathering System Build-Out Tailored to Accommodate Seneca's WDA Development

Clermont Gathering System Map



Current System In-Service

- ~70 miles of pipe/26,220 HP of compression
- Current Capacity: 470 MMcf per day
- Interconnects with TGP 300
- Total CapEx To Date: \$272 million
- FY 2017 CapEx: ~\$30 million
- Timing and extent of gathering & compression investments are flexible to match Seneca's modified development schedule and maximize returns

Future Build-Out

- Ultimate capacity can exceed 1 Bcf/d
- Over 300 miles of pipelines and five compressor stations (+60,000 HP installed)
- Deliverability into TGP 300 and NFG Supply



Integrated Development – EDA Gathering Systems

Gathering Segment Supporting Seneca's EDA Production & Future Development

Wellsboro Gathering System

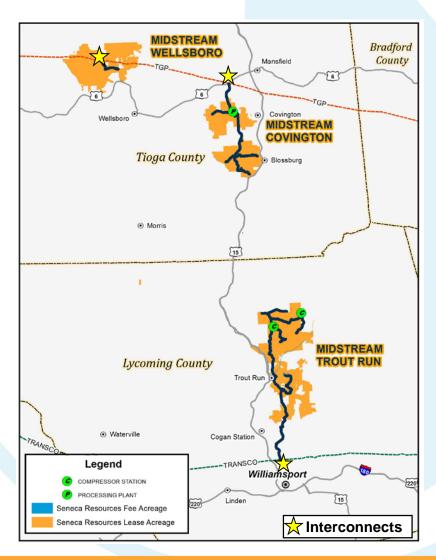
- Capital Expenditures (to date): \$7 Million
- Capacity: 200,000 Dth per day (Interconnect w/ TGP 300)
- Production Source: Seneca Resources DCNR Tract 007

Covington Gathering System

- Capital Expenditures (to date): \$33 Million
- Capacity: 220,000 Dth per day (Interconnect w/ TGP 300)
- Production Source: Seneca Resources Tioga Co.
 (Covington and DCNR Tract 595 acreage)

Trout Run Gathering System

- Capital Expenditures (to date): \$168 Million
- Capacity: 466,000 to 585,000 Dth per day (Interconnect w/ Transco)
- Production Source: Seneca Resources Lycoming Co.
 (DCNR Tract 100 and Gamble acreage)
- Future third-party volume opportunities





Infrastructure Expansions Bolster Supply Diversity

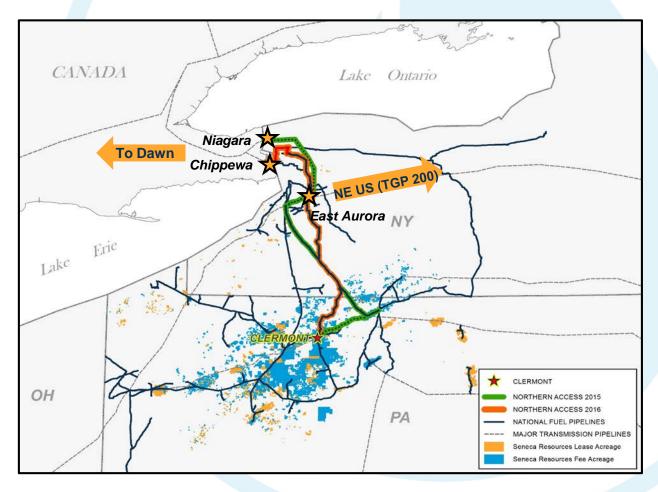
Expanding Our Pipelines to Assure Supply Security for New York Markets Integration of Seneca's WDA Production Into Broader Interstate System

Northern Access 2015 (In-Service⁽¹⁾)

- System: NFG Supply Corp.
- Capacity: 140,000 Dth per day
 - Leased to TGP as part of TGP's Niagara Expansion project
- Delivery Interconnect: Niagara (TransCanada)
- Total Cost: \$67.1 million
- Annual Revenues: \$13.3 million

Northern Access 2016 (Delayed)

- In-Service: TBD
- Systems: NFG Supply Corp. & Empire Pipeline
- Capacity: 490,000 Dth per day
- Total Expected Cost: ~\$500 million
- Project Status: Delayed pending appeal of NYS DEC WQC notice of denial 401



Empire System Expansion



Foundation Shipper Agreement Provides Major Commitment Needed for the Empire North Project

Target In-Service: as early as Nov. 1, 2019

System: Empire Pipeline

Estimated Cost: \$150 to \$200 million (scalable)

Receipt Point: Jackson (Tioga Co., Pa.)

Available Capacity / Delivery Points:

180,000 Dth/d to Chippawa (TCPL)

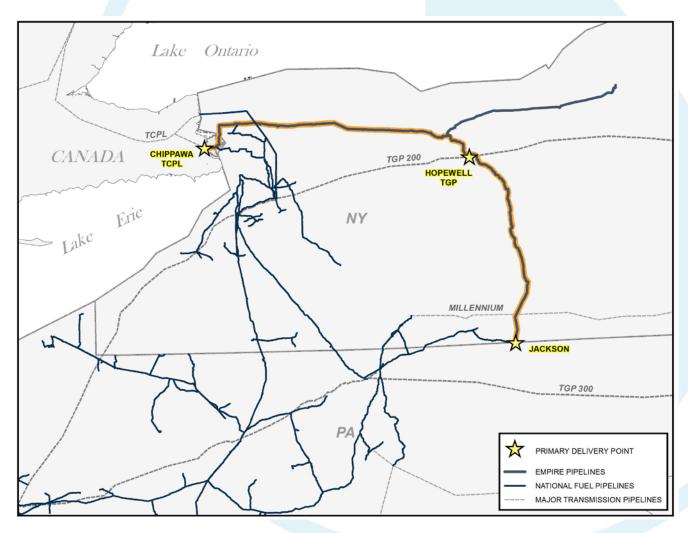
120,000 Dth/d to Hopewell (TGP)

Major Facilities:

- 70,000 hp at 3 new compressor stations in NY & Pa.
- No new pipeline construction in NY

Project Status:

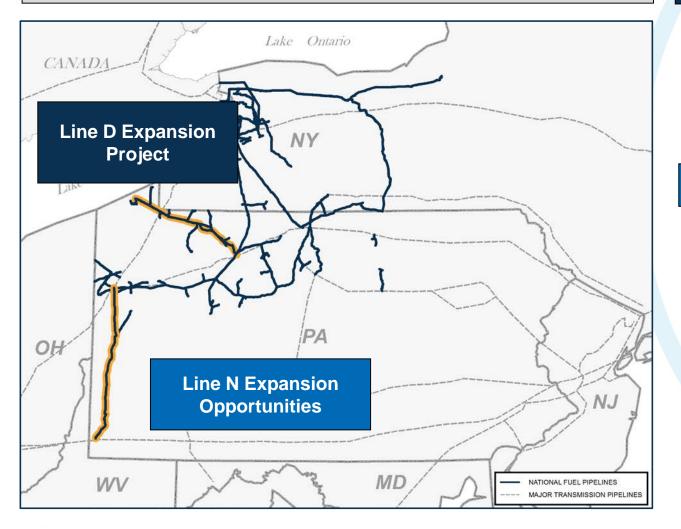
- Open Season fully subscribed
- Foundation shipper agreement in place for substantial portion of expansion capacity
- Negotiating commitments on remaining capacity



Continued Expansion of the NFG Supply System



Future NFG Supply System Expansions



Line D Expansion Project

- Target In-Service: Nov. 1, 2017
- Contracted Capacity: 77,500 Dth/d from an interconnect with TGP 300 at Lamont, Pa. into Erie, Pa. market
- Estimated Cost: \$28 million (\$8 million modernization)
- Project Status: In-construction

Line N Expansion Opportunities

<u>Line N Expansion Opportunity #1 (Supply OS #220 - expected conclusion 5/4/17)</u>

- Project: Provide nat gas transportation service to a new ethylene cracker facility being built by Shell Chemical Appalachia, LLC.
- Open Season Capacity:
 - 100,000 Dth/d from Hollbrook interconnect (TETCO)
 - 73,000 Dth/d on a new 4-mile pipeline extension to facility
- Project Status: Foundation Shipper Agreement signed

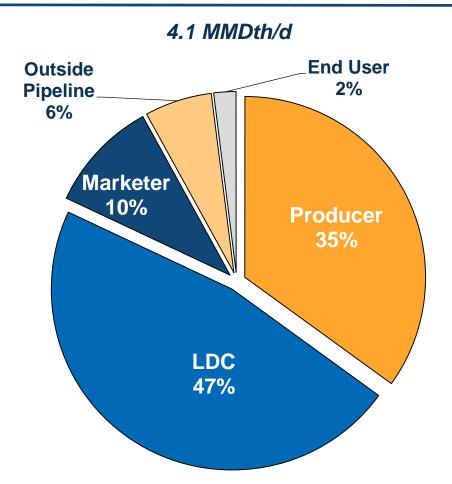
Line N Expansion Opportunity #2 (Supply OS #221)

New open season expected to launch 5/4/17 in response to market interest

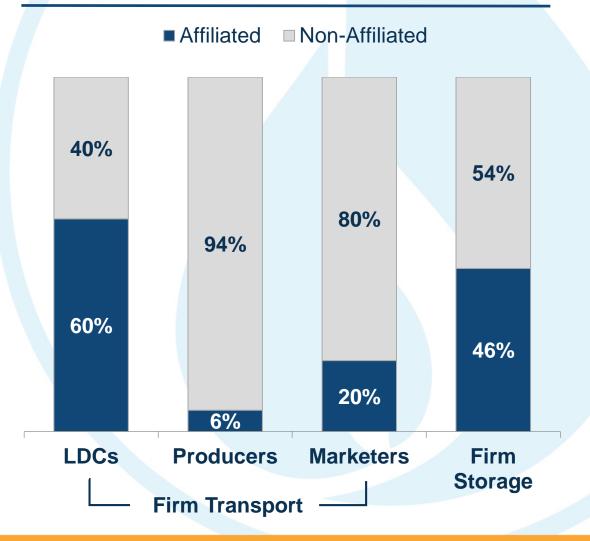
Pipeline & Storage Customer Mix



Customer Transportation by Shipper Type(1)



Affiliated Customer Mix (Contracted Capacity)



Downstream Overview

Utility ~ **Energy Marketing**

New York & Pennsylvania Service Territories



New York

Total Customers(1): 528,312

ROE: 8.7% (NY PSC Rate Case Order, April 2017)

Rate Mechanisms:

- Earnings Sharing
- Revenue Decoupling
- Weather Normalization
- Low Income Rates
- Merchant Function Charge (Uncollectibles Adj.)
- 90/10 Sharing (Large Customers)

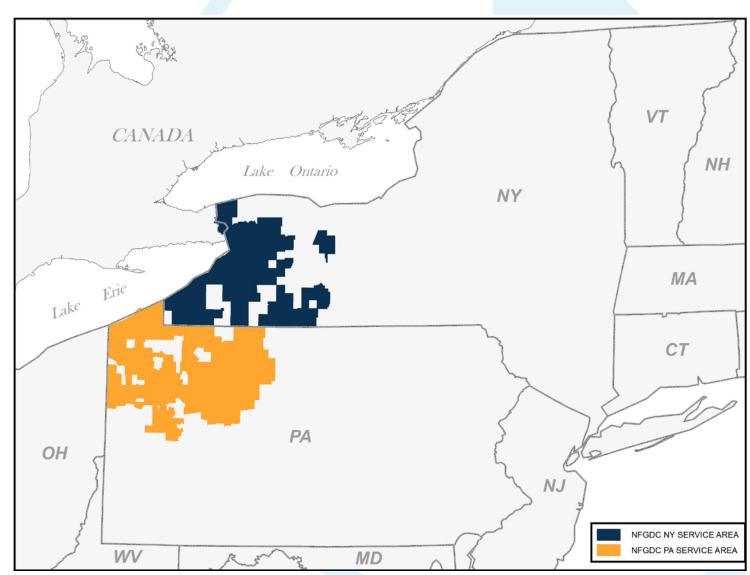
Pennsylvania

Total Customers(1): 213,924

ROE: Black Box Settlement (2007)

Rate Mechanisms:

- Low Income Rates
- Merchant Function Charge



New York Rate Case Outcome

On April 20, 2017, the New York Public Service Commission issued a Rate Order relating to NFG Distribution's rate case (No. 16-G-0257) filed in April 2016.

Rate Order Summary:

Revenue Requirement: \$5.9 million

■ Rate Base: \$704 million (prior case \$632 million¹)

Allowed Return on Equity (ROE):
 8.7% (prior case allowed 9.1%¹)

■ Capital Structure: 42.9% equity

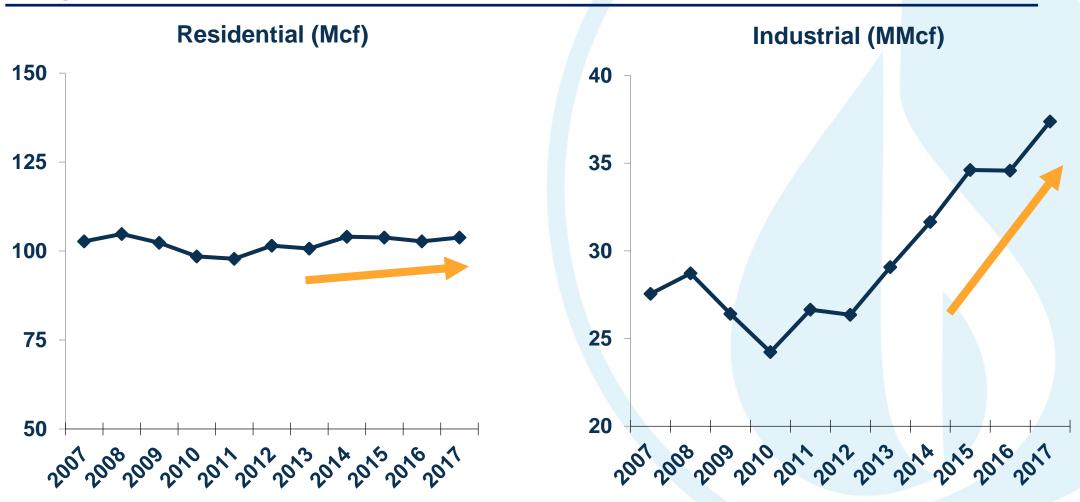
Other notable items:

- New rates effective 5/1/17
- Retains rate mechanisms in place under prior order (revenue decoupling, weather normalization, merchant function charge, 90/10 large customer sharing)
- No stay-out clause
- Earnings sharing would start 4/1/18 if NFG Distribution Corp. does not file for new rates to become effective on or before 10/1/18 (50/50 sharing starts at earnings in excess of 9.1%)

Utility: Shifting Trends in Customer Usage



Usage Per Account (1)

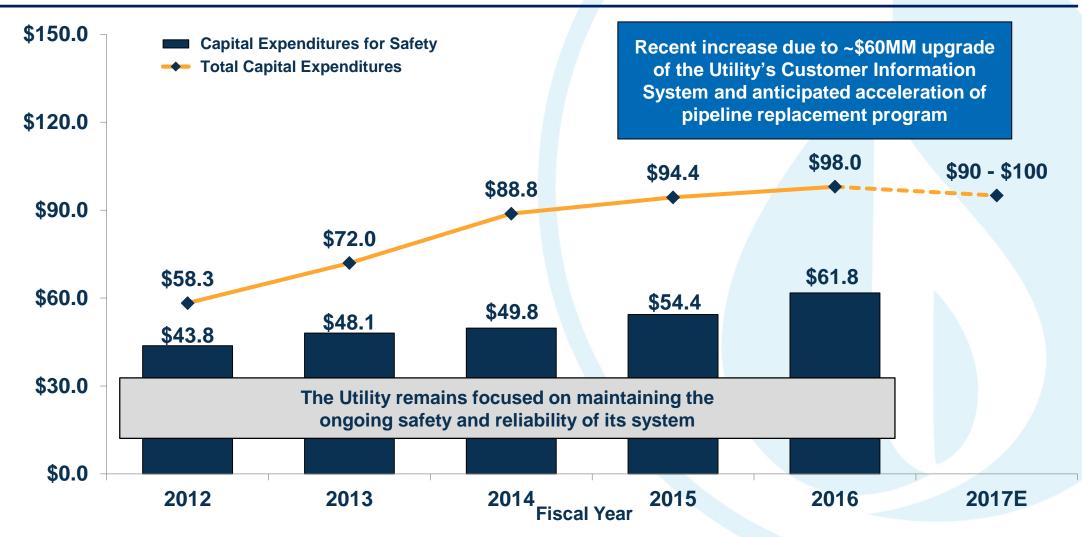


12-Months Ended March 31

National Fuel*

Utility: Strong Commitment to Safety

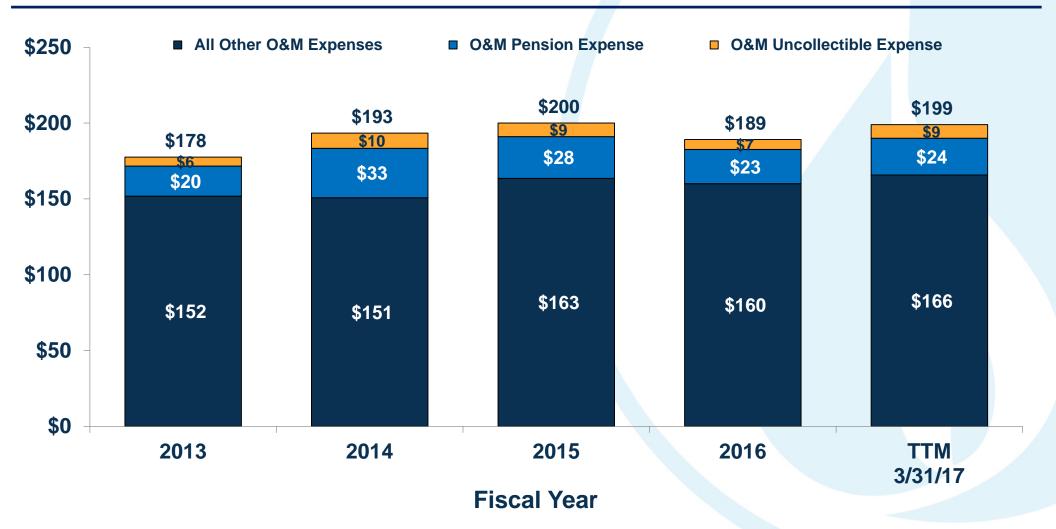
Capital Expenditures (\$ millions)



national Fuel*

A Proven History of Controlling Costs

O&M Expense (\$ millions)



Appendix

Marcellus Operated Well Results



WDA Development Wells:

Area	Producing Well Count	Average IP Rate (MMcfd)	Average 30-Day (MMcf/d)	Average Treatable Lateral Length (ft)
Clermont/Rich Valley (CRV) & Hemlock Elk, Cameron & McKean counties	121 ⁽¹⁾	6.9	5.3	7,139'

EDA Development Wells:

Area	Producing Well Count	Average IP Rate (MMcfd)	Average 30-Day (MMcf/d)	Average Treatable Lateral Length (ft)
Covington Tioga County	47	5.2	4.1	4,023'
Tract 595 Tioga County	44 ⁽²⁾	7.4	4.9	4,754'
Tract 100 Lycoming County	60 ⁽²⁾	17.0	12.6	5,221'

⁽¹⁾ Excludes 2 wells now operated by Seneca that were drilled by another operator as part of a joint-venture. Excludes 4 wells producing from the Utica shale.

⁴⁷

Marcellus Shale Program Economics



~1,150 Locations Economic Below \$2.00/MMBtu

			Landina	Camadatad		NYME	NYMEX / DAWN Pricing				
	Prospect	Product	Locations Remaining to Be Drilled	Completed Lateral Length (ft)	Average EUR (Bcf)	\$3.00 IRR % ⁽¹⁾	\$2.75 IRR % ⁽¹⁾	\$2.50 IRR % ⁽¹⁾	Price ⁽²⁾ Required for 15% IRR	Anticipated Delivery Markets	
EDA	DCNR 100	Dry Gas (1033 BTU)	12	5,700	13.5-14.5	80%	59%	40%	\$1.45	Transco Leidy & Atlantic Sunrise	
8	Gamble	Dry Gas (1033 BTU)	42	4,250	10-11	58%	43%	26%	\$1.59	Southeast US (NYMEX+)	
	CRV	Dry Gas (1045 BTU)	22	8,000	8.5-9.5	33%	24%	16%	\$1.70		
WDA	Hemlock/ Ridgway	Dry Gas (1045 BTU)	631	8,800	8-9	32%	23%	14%	\$1.76	TGP 300 & Niagara Expansion Canada (Dawn)	
	Remaining Tier 1	Dry Gas (1045 BTU)	406	8,500	7-8	28%	19%	12%	\$1.84		

⁽¹⁾ Internal Rate of Return (IRR) is pre-tax and includes estimated well costs under current cost structure, LOE, and Gathering tariffs anticipated for each prospect.

Hedge Positions



Natural Gas Volumes in thousand MMBtu; Prices in \$/MMBtu

	Fiscal 2017 (last 6 mos.)	Fiscal	2018	Fiscal	2019	Fiscal	2020	Fiscal 2021		
		Avg.		Avg.		Avg.		Avg.		Avg.	
	Volume	Price	Volume	Price	Volume	Price	Volume	Price	Volume	Price	
NYMEX Swaps	19,980	\$4.35	42,570	\$3.34	27,060	\$3.17	16,880	\$3.07	4,840	\$3.01	
Dominion Swaps	900	\$3.82	180	\$3.82	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dawn Swaps	6,660	\$3.71	8,400	\$3.08	7,200	\$3.00	7,200	\$3.00	600	\$3.00	
Fixed Price Physical ⁽¹⁾	31,360	\$2.54	35,260	\$2.39	15,807	\$2.83	11,277	\$2.42	7,665	\$2.03	
Total	58,900	\$3.30	86,410	\$2.93	50,067	\$3.04	35,357	\$2.85	13,105	\$2.44	

Crude Oil Volumes & Prices in Bbl

	Fiscal 2017	last 6 mos.)	Fiscal	2018	Fiscal	2019		
		Avg.		Avg.		Avg.		Avg.
	Volume	Price	Volume	Price	Volume	Price		
Brent Swaps	48,000	\$91.00	24,000	\$91.00	-	-		
NYMEX Swaps	792,000	\$58.34	1,275,000	\$54.79	912,000	\$53.84		
Total	840,000	\$60.21	1,299,000	\$55.46	912,000	\$53.84		

Seneca WDA Joint Development Agreement



Transaction

On June 13, 2016, Seneca announced the extension of asset-level joint development agreement with IOG CRV – Marcellus Capital, LLC, an affiliate of IOG Capital, LP, and funds managed by affiliates of Fortress Investment Group LLC, to jointly develop Marcellus Shale natural gas assets located in the Western Development Area.

Key Terms of the Agreement

- Assets: 75 current and future Marcellus development wells in the Clermont/Rich Valley region of Seneca's WDA.
- Locations Developed Under Initial Obligation: 39 wells
- Remaining Locations to be Developed: 36 wells
- Partner Option: IOG has one-time option to participate in a 7-well pad to be completed before December 31, 2017
- **Economics:** IOG participates as an 80% working interest owner until the IOG achieves a 15% IRR hurdle. Seneca retains a 7.5% royalty and remaining 20% working interest.

	Seneca	IOG
Working Interest	20%	80%
Net Revenue Interest	26%	74%

 Natural Gas Marketing: IOG to receive same realized price before hedging as Seneca on production from the joint development wells, including firm sales and the cost of firm transportation.

Strategic Rationale

- Significantly reduces near-term upstream capital spending
 - Initial 39 wells \$170 million⁽¹⁾
 - Remaining 36 wells \$155 million⁽¹⁾
- ✓ Validates quality of Seneca's Tier 1 Marcellus WDA acreage
- Seneca maintains activity levels to continue to drive
 Marcellus drilling and completion efficiencies
- Solidifies NFG's midstream growth strategy:
 - **Gathering** All production from JV wells will flow through NFG Midstream's Clermont Gathering System
 - **Pipeline & Storage** Provides production growth that will utilize the 660 MDth/d of firm transportation capacity on NFG's Northern Access pipeline expansion projects available starting Nov. 1, 2017
- Strengthened balance sheet and makes Seneca cash flow positive in near-term

Comparable GAAP Financial Measure Slides & Reconciliations



This presentation contains certain non-GAAP financial measures. For pages that contain non-GAAP financial measures, pages containing the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures and reconciliations are provided in the slides that follow.

The Company believes that its non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors because they provide an alternative method for assessing the Company's ongoing operating results and for comparing the Company's financial performance to other companies. The Company's management uses these non-GAAP financial measures for the same purpose, and for planning and forecasting purposes. The presentation of non-GAAP financial measures is not meant to be a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as reported GAAP earnings before the following items: interest expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization, interest and other income, impairments, items impacting comparability and income taxes.

Non-GAAP Reconciliations – Adjusted EBITDA



Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Consolidated Net Income (\$ Thousands)

									1:	2-Months
		FY 2013		FY 2014		FY 2015		FY 2016	End	led 03/31/17
Total Adjusted EBITDA				_	<u> </u>			_		
Exploration & Production Adjusted EBITDA	\$	492,383	\$	539,472	\$	422,289	\$	363,830		389,528
Pipeline & Storage Adjusted EBITDA	•	161,226		186,022		188,042		199,446		192,147
Gathering Adjusted EBITDA		29,777		64,060		68,881		78,685		92,668
Utility Adjusted EBITDA		171,669		164,643		164,037		148,683		147,210
Energy Marketing Adjusted EBITDA		6,963		10,335		12,237		6,655		3,385
Corporate & All Other Adjusted EBITDA		(9,920)		(11,078)		(11,900)		(8,238)		(9,736)
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	852,098	\$	953,454	\$	843,586	\$	789,061	\$	815,202
Total Adjusted EBITDA	Ψ	032,030	Ψ	333,434	Ψ	043,300	Ψ	703,001	Ψ	013,202
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	852,098	\$	953,454	\$	843,586	\$	789,061	\$	815,202
Minus: Interest Expense		(94,111)		(94,277)		(99,471)		(121,044)		(118,911)
Plus: Interest and Other Income		9,032		13,631		11,961		14,055	•	11,672
Minus: Income Tax Expense		(172,758)		(189,614)		319,136		232,549		(137,234)
Minus: Depreciation, Depletion & Amortization		(326,760)		(383,781)		(336,158)		(249,417)		(228,113)
Minus: Impairment of Oil and Gas Properties (E&P)		-		-		(1,126,257)		(948,307)		(115,413)
Plus: Reversal of Stock-Based Compensation						7,776		-		-
Plus: Elimination of Other Post-Retirement Regulatory Liability (P&S)		_		_		-		_		_
Minus: Pennsylvania Impact Fee Related to Prior Fiscal Years (E&P)		_				_		_		_
Minus: New York Regulatory Adjustment (Utility)		(7,500)		_		_		_		_
Minus: Joint Development Agreement Professional Fees		-		_		_		(7,855)		(3,173)
Rounding		_		_		_		(1,000)		(0,110)
Consolidated Net Income	\$	260,001	\$	299,413	\$	(379,427)	\$	(290,958)	\$	224,030
	•		•		•	(515,121)	Ť	(===,===,	•	,
Consolidated Debt to Total Adjusted EBITDA										
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Portion (End of Period)	\$	1,649,000	\$	1,649,000	\$	2,099,000	\$	2,099,000	\$	2,099,000
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt (End of Period)		-		-		-		-		-
Notes Payable to Banks and Commercial Paper (End of Period)		-		85,600		-		-		_
Total Debt (End of Period)	\$	1,649,000	\$	1,734,600	\$	2,099,000	\$	2,099,000	\$	2,099,000
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Portion (Start of Period)		1,149,000		1,649,000		1,649,000		2,099,000		2,099,000
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt (Start of Period)		250,000		-		-		-		- /
Notes Payable to Banks and Commercial Paper (Start of Period)		171,000		-		85,600		-		-
Total Debt (Start of Period)	\$	1,570,000	\$	1,649,000	\$	1,734,600	\$	2,099,000	\$	2,099,000
Average Total Debt	\$	1,609,500	\$	1,691,800	\$	1,916,800	\$	2,099,000	\$	2,099,000
Average Total Debt to Total Adjusted EBITDA		1.89 x		1.77 x		2.27 x		2.66 x		2.57 x

national Fuel*

FY 2017

Non-GAAP Reconciliations – Capital Expenditures

Reconciliation of Segment Capital Expenditures to
Consolidated Capital Expenditures (\$ Thousands)

	F	FY 2013 FY 2014		FY 2014	FY 2015		FY 2016		Forecast
Capital Expenditures from Continuing Operations									
Exploration & Production Capital Expenditures	\$	533,129	\$	602,705	\$	557,313	\$	256,104	\$210,000 - \$250,000
Pipeline & Storage Capital Expenditures	\$	56,144	\$	139,821	\$	230,192	\$	114,250	\$100,000 - \$120,000
Gathering Segment Capital Expenditures	\$	54,792	\$	137,799	\$	118,166	\$	54,293	\$50,000 - \$60,000
Utility Capital Expenditures	\$	71,970	\$	88,810	\$	94,371	\$	98,007	\$90,000 - \$100,000
Energy Marketing, Corporate & All Other Capital Expenditures	\$	1,062	\$	772	\$	467	\$	397	
Total Capital Expenditures from Continuing Operations	\$	717,097	\$	969,907	\$	1,000,509	\$	523,051	\$450,000 - \$530,000
Plus (Minus) Accrued Capital Expenditures									
Exploration & Production FY 2016 Accrued Capital Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(25,215)	
Exploration & Production FY 2015 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		(46,173)		46,173	
Exploration & Production FY 2014 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		(80,108)		80,108		-	
Exploration & Production FY 2013 Accrued Capital Expenditures		(58,478)		58,478		-		-	
Exploration & Production FY 2012 Accrued Capital Expenditures		38,861		-		_		_	
Exploration & Production FY 2011 Accrued Capital Expenditures		_		_				-	
Pipeline & Storage FY 2016 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		_		_		(18,661)	
Pipeline & Storage FY 2015 Accrued Capital Expenditures		_		_		(33,925)		33,925	
Pipeline & Storage FY 2014 Accrued Capital Expenditures		_		(28,122)		28,122		-	
Pipeline & Storage FY 2013 Accrued Capital Expenditures		(5,633)		5,633		_		-	
Pipeline & Storage FY 2012 Accrued Capital Expenditures		12,699		_		-		-	
Pipeline & Storage FY 2011 Accrued Capital Expenditures		- \		-		-		-	
Gathering FY 2016 Accrued Capital Expenditures		- 1		_		-		(5,355)	
Gathering FY 2015 Accrued Capital Expenditures		_ \		_		(22,416)		22,416	
Gathering FY 2014 Accrued Capital Expenditures		_		(20,084)		20,084		-	
Gathering FY 2013 Accrued Capital Expenditures		(6,700)		6,700		, <u>-</u>		-	
Gathering FY 2012 Accrued Capital Expenditures		12,690		· -		-		-	
Gathering FY 2011 Accrued Capital Expenditures		_		-		-		-	
Utility FY 2016 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		(11,203)	
Utility FY 2015 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		-		(16,445)		16,445	
Utility FY 2014 Accrued Capital Expenditures		-		(8,315)		8,315		-	
Utility FY 2013 Accrued Capital Expenditures		(10,328)		10,328		-		-	
Utility FY 2012 Accrued Capital Expenditures		3,253		-		-		-	
Utility FY 2011 Accrued Capital Expenditures						-		-	
Total Accrued Capital Expenditures	\$	(13,636)	\$	(55,490)	\$	17,670	\$	58,525	
Total Capital Expenditures per Statement of Cash Flows	\$	703,461	\$	914,417	\$	1,018,179	\$	581,576	\$450,000 - \$530,000

Non-GAAP Reconciliations – E&P Operating Expenses



Twelve Months Ended

Reconciliation of Exploration & Production Segment Operating Expenses by Division (\$000s unless noted otherwise)

Twelve Months Ended	
September 30, 2016	

September 30, 2015 West Coast⁽²⁾ West Coast⁽²⁾ West Coast⁽²⁾ West Coast⁽²⁾ **Total E&P Appalachia Total E&P Appalachia Appalachia Total E&P Appalachia Total E&P** \$/Mcfe \$/Boe \$/Mcfe \$/Mcfe \$/Boe \$/Mcfe **Operating Expenses:** Gathering & Transportation Expense (1) \$82.949 \$309 \$83.258 \$0.59 \$0.09 \$81.212 \$435 \$81.647 \$0.12 \$0.52 \$0.52 \$0.59 Lease Operating Expense \$50,254 \$70,656 \$0.14 \$0.44 \$29,510 \$86,153 \$0.22 \$16.04 \$0.54 \$20,402 \$14.74 \$56,643 Lease Operating and Transportation Expense \$103,351 \$0.73 \$14.83 \$0.96 \$110.722 \$0.81 \$16.17 \$1.06 \$50,563 \$153,914 \$57.078 \$167,800 General & Administrative Expense \$55,293 \$15,305 \$70,598 \$0.39 \$4.49 \$0.44 \$47,445 \$18,669 \$66,114 \$0.35 \$5.29 \$0.42 All Other Operating and Maintenance Expense \$6,228 \$6,604 \$12,832 \$0.04 \$1.94 \$0.08 \$5,296 \$9,008 \$14,304 \$0.04 \$2.55 \$0.09 Property, Franchise and Other Taxes \$13,794 \$0.13 \$5,403 \$8,391 \$0.04 \$2.46 \$0.09 \$9,046 \$11,121 \$20,167 \$0.07 \$3.15 \$11,631 Total Taxes & Other \$14,995 \$26,626 \$0.08 \$4.40 \$0.17 \$14,342 \$20,129 \$34,471 \$0.11 \$5.70 \$0.22 Depreciation, Depletaion & Amortization \$139.963 \$0.87 \$239,818 \$1.52 **Production:** Gas Production (MMcf) 140,457 3,090 143,547 136,404 3,159 139,563 Oil Production (MBbl) 28 2,895 2,923 30 3,004 3,034 Total Production (Mmcfe) 140,625 20,460 161,085 136,584 21,183 157,767 Total Production (Mboe) 23,438 3,410 26,848 22,764 3,531 26,295

⁽¹⁾ Gathering and Transportation expense is net of any payments received from JDA partner for the partner's share of gathering cost

⁽²⁾ Seneca West Coast division includes Seneca corporate and eliminations.