

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2017

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-35883

SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

27-1220297
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

9205 South Park Center Loop, Suite 400
Orlando, Florida 32819

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(407) 226-5011

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The registrant had outstanding 90,738,187 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share as of May 3, 2017.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FORM 10-Q

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

In addition to historical information, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), which are subject to the “safe harbor” created by those sections. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, including statements concerning our plans, objectives, goals, beliefs, business strategies, future events, business conditions, our results of operations, financial position and our business outlook, business trends and other information, may be forward-looking statements. Words such as “might,” “will,” “may,” “should,” “estimates,” “expects,” “continues,” “contemplates,” “anticipates,” “projects,” “plans,” “potential,” “predicts,” “intends,” “believes,” “forecasts,” “future,” “targeted” and variations of such words or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are not historical facts, and are based upon our current expectations, beliefs, estimates and projections, and various assumptions, many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and beyond our control. Our expectations, beliefs, estimates and projections are expressed in good faith and we believe there is a reasonable basis for them. However, there can be no assurance that management’s expectations, beliefs, estimates and projections will result or be achieved and actual results may vary materially from what is expressed in or indicated by the forward-looking statements.

There are a number of risks, uncertainties and other important factors, many of which are beyond our control, that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Such risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ include, among others, the risks, uncertainties and factors set forth under “Item 1A. Risk Factors” in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 (the “Annual Report on Form 10-K”), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”), as such risk factors may be updated from time to time in our periodic filings with the SEC, including this report, and are accessible on the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov, including the following:

- complex federal and state regulations governing the treatment of animals, which can change, and claims and lawsuits by activist groups;
- various factors beyond our control adversely affecting attendance and guest spending at our theme parks, including the potential spread of travel-related health concerns including pandemics and epidemics such as Ebola, Zika, Influenza H1N1, avian bird flu, SARS and MERS;
- incidents or adverse publicity concerning our theme parks;
- a decline in discretionary consumer spending or consumer confidence;
- significant portion of revenues generated in the States of Florida, California and Virginia and the Orlando market, and any risks affecting such markets, such as natural disasters, severe weather and travel-related disruptions or incidents;
- seasonal fluctuations;
- inability to compete effectively in the highly competitive theme park industry;
- interactions between animals and our employees and our guests at attractions at our theme parks;
- animal exposure to infectious disease;
- high fixed cost structure of theme park operations;
- changing consumer tastes and preferences;
- cyber security risks and failure to maintain the integrity of internal or guest data;
- increased labor costs and employee health and welfare benefits;
- inability to grow our business or fund theme park capital expenditures;
- adverse litigation judgments or settlements;
- inability to protect our intellectual property or the infringement on intellectual property rights of others;
- the loss of licenses and permits required to exhibit animals or the violation of laws and regulations;
- loss of key personnel;
- unionization activities or labor disputes;
- inability to meet workforce needs;
- inability to maintain certain commercial licenses;
- restrictions in our debt agreements limiting flexibility in operating our business;
- our substantial leverage;

- inability to realize the benefits of acquisitions or other strategic initiatives;
- inadequate insurance coverage;
- inability to purchase or contract with third party manufacturers for rides and attractions;
- environmental regulations, expenditures and liabilities;
- suspension or termination of any of our business licenses;
- delays or restrictions in obtaining permits;
- policies of the recently elected U.S. president and his administration;
- actions of activist stockholders;
- the ability of affiliates of Zhonghong Zhuoye Group Co., Ltd. to significantly influence our decisions;
- changes or declines in our stock price, as well as the risk that securities analysts could downgrade our stock or our sector; and
- risks associated with our capital allocation plans and share repurchases, including the risk that our share repurchase program could increase volatility and fail to enhance stockholder value.

We caution you that the risks, uncertainties and other factors referenced above may not contain all of the risks, uncertainties and other factors that are important to you or to our business. In addition, we cannot assure you that we will realize the results, benefits or developments that we expect or anticipate or, even if substantially realized, that they will result in the consequences or affect us or our business in the way expected. There can be no assurance that (i) we have correctly measured or identified all of the factors affecting our business or the extent of these factors' likely impact, (ii) the available information with respect to these factors on which such analysis is based is complete or accurate, (iii) such analysis is correct or (iv) our strategy, which is based in part on this analysis, will be successful. All forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q apply only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or as of the date they were made or as otherwise specified herein and, except as required by applicable law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

All references to “we,” “us,” “our,” “Company” or “SeaWorld” in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q mean SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., its subsidiaries and affiliates.

Website and Social Media Disclosure

We use our websites (www.seaworldentertainment.com and www.seaworldinvestors.com) and our corporate Twitter account ([@SeaWorld](https://twitter.com/SeaWorld)) as channels of distribution of Company information. The information we post through these channels may be deemed material. Accordingly, investors should monitor these channels, in addition to following our press releases, SEC filings and public conference calls and webcasts. In addition, you may automatically receive e-mail alerts and other information about SeaWorld when you enroll your e-mail address by visiting the “E-mail Alerts” section of our website at www.seaworldinvestors.com . The contents of our website and social media channels are not, however, a part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Trademarks, Service Marks and Trade Names

We own or have rights to use a number of registered and common law trademarks, service marks and trade names in connection with our business in the United States and in certain foreign jurisdictions, including SeaWorld Entertainment, SeaWorld Parks & Entertainment, SeaWorld[®], Shamu[®], Busch Gardens[®], Aquatica[®], Discovery Cove[®], Sea Rescue[®] and other names and marks that identify our theme parks, characters, rides, attractions and other businesses. In addition, we have certain rights to use Sesame Street[®] marks, characters and related indicia through certain license agreements with Sesame Workshop (f/k/a Children’s Television Workshop).

Solely for convenience, the trademarks, service marks, and trade names referred to hereafter in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are without the[®] and[™] symbols, but such references are not intended to indicate, in any way, that we will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, our rights or the rights of the applicable licensors to these trademarks, service marks, and trade names. This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain additional trademarks, service marks and trade names of others, which are the property of their respective owners. All trademarks, service marks and trade names appearing in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are, to our knowledge, the property of their respective owners.

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,217	\$ 68,958
Accounts receivable, net	41,242	36,726
Inventories	33,479	28,684
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	28,120	19,324
Total current assets	136,058	153,692
Property and equipment, at cost	2,865,375	2,828,446
Accumulated depreciation	(1,187,644)	(1,161,631)
Property and equipment, net	1,677,731	1,666,815
Goodwill	335,610	335,610
Trade names/trademarks, net	160,898	161,264
Other intangible assets, net	17,179	18,008
Deferred tax assets, net	24,928	22,114
Other assets	20,577	21,268
Total assets	\$ 2,372,981	\$ 2,378,771
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 111,835	\$ 87,680
Current maturities of long-term debt	91,500	51,713
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	17,678	21,010
Deferred revenue	133,242	78,891
Dividends payable	815	908
Other accrued expenses	12,779	23,410
Total current liabilities	367,849	263,612
Long-term debt, net of debt issuance costs of \$11,190 and \$9,702 as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively	1,517,855	1,531,069
Deferred tax liabilities, net	32,105	70,033
Other liabilities	49,333	52,842
Total liabilities	1,967,142	1,917,556
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value—authorized, 100,000,000 shares, no shares issued or outstanding at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016	—	—
Common stock, \$0.01 par value—authorized, 1,000,000,000 shares; 91,948,412 and 91,861,054 shares issued at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively	919	919
Additional paid-in capital	624,671	621,343
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(11,290)	(13,694)
(Accumulated deficit) retained earnings	(53,590)	7,518
Treasury stock, at cost (6,519,773 shares at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016)	(154,871)	(154,871)
Total stockholders' equity	405,839	461,215
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 2,372,981	\$ 2,378,771

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2017	2016
Net revenues:		
Admissions	\$ 115,089	\$ 136,926
Food, merchandise and other	71,268	83,315
Total revenues	<u>186,357</u>	<u>220,241</u>
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of food, merchandise and other revenues	14,483	17,001
Operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below and includes equity compensation of \$936 and \$9,340 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively)	157,324	180,293
Selling, general and administrative (includes equity compensation of \$3,178 and \$20,250 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively)	52,418	67,354
Restructuring and other related costs	—	112
Depreciation and amortization	38,867	75,048
Total costs and expenses	<u>263,092</u>	<u>339,808</u>
Operating loss	(76,735)	(119,567)
Other income, net	(86)	(142)
Interest expense	18,261	14,581
Loss on early extinguishment of debt and write-off of discounts and debt issuance costs	8,020	—
Loss before income taxes	(102,930)	(134,006)
Benefit from income taxes	(41,801)	(49,957)
Net loss	<u>\$ (61,129)</u>	<u>\$ (84,049)</u>
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives, net of tax	2,404	(9,250)
Comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (58,725)</u>	<u>\$ (93,299)</u>
Loss per share:		
Net loss per share, basic	\$ (0.72)	\$ (1.00)
Net loss per share, diluted	\$ (0.72)	\$ (1.00)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		
Basic	<u>85,373</u>	<u>83,824</u>
Diluted	<u>85,373</u>	<u>83,824</u>
Cash dividends declared per share:		
Cash dividends declared per share	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 0.42</u>

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2017
(In thousands, except per share and share amounts)

	Shares of Common Stock Issued	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock, at Cost	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2016	91,861,054	\$ 919	\$ 621,343	\$ 7,518	\$ (13,694)	\$ (154,871)	\$ 461,215
Equity-based compensation	—	—	4,114	—	—	—	4,114
Unrealized gain on derivatives, net of tax expense of \$1,599	—	—	—	—	2,404	—	2,404
Vesting of restricted shares	127,396	1	(1)	—	—	—	—
Shares withheld for tax withholdings	(40,038)	(1)	(748)	—	—	—	(749)
Adjustments to previous dividend declarations	—	—	(37)	21	—	—	(16)
Net loss	—	—	—	(61,129)	—	—	(61,129)
Balance at March 31, 2017	<u>91,948,412</u>	<u>\$ 919</u>	<u>\$ 624,671</u>	<u>\$ (53,590)</u>	<u>\$ (11,290)</u>	<u>\$ (154,871)</u>	<u>\$ 405,839</u>

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2017	2016
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Net loss	\$ (61,129)	\$ (84,049)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	38,867	75,048
Amortization of debt issuance costs and discounts	1,324	1,335
Loss on early extinguishment of debt and write-off of discounts and debt issuance costs	8,020	—
Loss on sale or disposal of assets	1,739	6,502
Loss on derivatives	—	1
Deferred benefit from income tax	(41,801)	(49,957)
Equity-based compensation	4,114	29,590
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(5,055)	(5,443)
Inventories	(4,812)	(7,451)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(4,046)	(2,884)
Accounts payable	27,198	8,760
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	(3,332)	5,024
Deferred revenue	54,875	54,271
Other accrued expenses	(12,087)	866
Other assets and liabilities	1,817	618
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>5,692</u>	<u>32,231</u>
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Capital expenditures	(56,853)	(47,846)
Change in restricted cash	(950)	344
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(57,803)</u>	<u>(47,502)</u>
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of debt	998,306	—
Repayments of long-term debt	(1,006,336)	(4,212)
Proceeds from draw on revolving credit facility	60,649	60,000
Repayments of revolving credit facility	(20,000)	—
Debt issuance costs	(15,390)	—
Dividends paid to stockholders	(110)	(17,674)
Payment of tax withholdings on equity-based compensation through shares withheld	(749)	(334)
Exercise of stock options	—	12
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>16,370</u>	<u>37,792</u>
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>(35,741)</u>	<u>22,521</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents—Beginning of period	68,958	18,971
Cash and Cash Equivalents—End of period	<u>\$ 33,217</u>	<u>\$ 41,492</u>
Supplemental Disclosures of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities		
Capital expenditures in accounts payable	<u>\$ 12,237</u>	<u>\$ 41,567</u>
Dividends declared, but unpaid	<u>\$ 815</u>	<u>\$ 21,807</u>

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Description of the Business

SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., through its wholly-owned subsidiary, SeaWorld Parks & Entertainment, Inc. (“SEA”) (collectively, the “Company”), owns and operates twelve theme parks within the United States. Prior to its initial public offering in April 2013, the Company was owned by ten limited partnerships (the “Partnerships” or the “Seller”), ultimately owned by affiliates of The Blackstone Group L.P. (“Blackstone”) and certain co-investors. As of March 31, 2017, the Partnerships own approximately 21.5% of the Company’s total outstanding common stock.

On March 24, 2017, the Company announced that an affiliate of Zhonghong Zhuoye Group Co., Ltd. (“ZHG Group”), Sun Wise (UK) Co., LTD (“ZHG” or “Buyer”) entered into an agreement to acquire approximately 21% of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company (the “Sale”) from Seller, pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement between ZHG and Seller (the “Stock Purchase Agreement”). The Sale closed on May 8, 2017. See further discussion in Note 9—Related-Party Transactions and Note 12—Stockholders’ Equity.

The Company operates SeaWorld theme parks in Orlando, Florida; San Antonio, Texas; and San Diego, California, and Busch Gardens theme parks in Tampa, Florida, and Williamsburg, Virginia. The Company operates water park attractions in Orlando, Florida (Aquatica); San Antonio, Texas (Aquatica); San Diego, California (Aquatica); Tampa, Florida (Adventure Island); and Williamsburg, Virginia (Water Country USA). The Company also operates a reservations-only theme park offering interaction with marine animals in Orlando, Florida (Discovery Cove) and a seasonal park in Langhorne, Pennsylvania (Sesame Place).

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) regarding interim financial reporting. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. Therefore, these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2016 included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC. The unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2016 was derived from the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In the opinion of management, such unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the interim periods, but are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the year ending December 31, 2017 or any future period due to the seasonal nature of the Company’s operations. Based upon historical results, the Company typically generates its highest revenues in the second and third quarters of each year and incurs a net loss in the first and fourth quarters, in part because seven of its theme parks are only open for a portion of the year.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, including SEA. All intercompany accounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates and assumptions include, but are not limited to, the accounting for self-insurance, deferred tax assets, deferred revenue, equity compensation and the valuation of goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

Segment Reporting

The Company maintains discrete financial information for each of its twelve theme parks, which is used by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (“CODM”), identified as the Chief Executive Officer, as a basis for allocating resources. Each theme park has been identified as an operating segment and meets the criteria for aggregation due to similar economic characteristics. In addition, all of the theme parks provide similar products and services and share similar processes for delivering services. The theme parks have a high degree of similarity in the workforces and target similar consumer groups. Accordingly, based on these economic and operational similarities and the way the CODM monitors and makes decisions affecting the operations, the Company has concluded that its operating segments may be aggregated and that it has one reportable segment.

Property and Equipment—Net

During the first quarter of 2016, the Company made a decision to remove deep-water lifting floors from the orca habitats at each of its three SeaWorld theme parks. As a result, during the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company recorded approximately \$33,700 of accelerated depreciation related to the disposal of these lifting floors, which is included in depreciation and amortization expense in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company also recorded approximately \$6,400 in asset write-offs associated with its previously disclosed orca habitat expansion (the “Blue World Project”) as the Company made a decision to not move forward with the Blue World Project as originally designed and planned.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue upon admission into a park for single day tickets and when products are received by customers for merchandise, culinary or other in-park spending. For season passes and other multi-use admission products, deferred revenue is recorded and the related revenue is recognized over the terms of the admission product and its estimated usage. Deferred revenue includes a current and long-term portion and is included in deferred revenue and other liabilities, respectively, in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, other liabilities also includes \$10,000 in deferred revenue related to nonrefundable funds received from a partner in connection with a potential project in the Middle East (the “Middle East Project”) to provide certain services pertaining to the planning and design of the Middle East Project, with funding received expected to offset internal expenses. Approximately \$2,700 of costs incurred related to the Middle East Project are recorded in other assets in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2017. The Middle East Project is subject to various conditions, including, but not limited to, the parties completing the design development and there is no assurance that the Middle East Project will be completed or advance to the next stages.

On March 24, 2017, the Company entered into a Park Exclusivity and Concept Design Agreement (the “ECDA”) and a Center Concept & Preliminary Design Support Agreement (the “CDSA”) (collectively, the “ZHG Agreements”) with Zhonghong Holding, Co. Ltd. (“Zhonghong Holding”), an affiliate of ZHG Group, to provide design, support and advisory services for various potential projects and granting exclusive rights in China, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau (the “Territory”). Under the terms of the ECDA, the Company will work with Zhonghong Holding and a top theme park design company, to create and produce concept designs and development analysis for theme parks, water parks and interactive parks in the Territory. Under the terms of the CDSA, the Company will provide guidance, support, input, and expertise relating to the initial strategic planning, concept and preliminary design of Zhonghong Holding’s family entertainment and other similar centers. The Company recognizes revenue under the ZHG Agreements on a straight-line basis over the contractual term of the agreements. Due to the effective date of the ZHG Agreements, related revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2017 was not material. See further discussion in Note 9—Related-Party Transactions.

The Company has also entered into agreements with certain external theme park, zoo and other attraction operators to jointly market and sell single and multi-use admission products. These joint products allow admission to both a Company park and an external park, zoo or other attraction. The agreements with the external partners specify the allocation of revenue to the Company from any jointly sold products. Whether the Company or the external partner sells the product, the Company’s portion of revenue is deferred until the first time the product is redeemed at one of its parks and recognized over its related use in a manner consistent with the Company’s own admission products. The Company barter theme park admission products and sponsorship opportunities for advertising, employee recognition awards, and various other services. The fair value of the products or services is recognized into admissions revenue and related expenses at the time of the exchange and approximates the estimated fair value of the goods or services received or provided, whichever is more readily determinable.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

2. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Company reviews new accounting pronouncements as they are issued or proposed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”).

Recently Implemented Accounting Standards

In January 2017, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2017-04, *Intangible–Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*. This ASU removes step two from the goodwill impairment test, which requires a hypothetical purchase price allocation. A goodwill impairment charge would now be determined based on the comparison of the fair value of a reporting unit to its carrying value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill. This guidance is effective starting with a company’s interim or annual goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 and must be applied on a prospective basis. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual impairment tests performed after January 1, 2017. The Company has elected to adopt ASU 2017-04 as of January 1, 2017 and will follow this guidance on any interim or annual impairment tests performed in fiscal year 2017.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*. This ASU simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions (Topic 718) including the accounting for income taxes, forfeitures and statutory tax withholding requirements, as well as the classification of related amounts within the statement of cash flows and the classification of awards as either equity or liabilities. This guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company adopted this ASU effective January 1, 2017. ASU 2016-09 requires a policy election to either estimate the number of awards that are expected to vest or account for forfeitures as they occur. The Company elected to change its policy to recognize the impact of forfeitures as they occur and determined the cumulative impact of this change was not material as of January 1, 2017. ASU 2016-09 also requires cash paid by an employer when directly withholding shares for tax withholding purposes to be classified as a financing activity and excess tax benefits to be classified as an operating activity in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of cash flows, which does not differ from the Company’s historical treatment of these items. Additionally, ASU 2016-09 requires the tax effects of exercised or vested awards to be treated as discrete items in the reporting period in which they occur, which was applied prospectively, beginning January 1, 2017 by the Company.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, *Restricted Cash—a Consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force*. This ASU aims to reduce the diversity in practice of the presentation of changes or transfers in restricted cash flows on the statement of cash flows. Amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents should be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling beginning and ending total amounts on the statement of cash flows for the period. The guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those annual reporting periods with early adoption permitted and should be applied using a retrospective transition method. The Company does not expect a material impact upon adoption of this ASU to its unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows or unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory*. ASU 2016-16 simplifies the income tax accounting of intra-entity transfers of an asset other than inventory by requiring an entity to recognize the income tax effect when the transfer occurs. The guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within those annual reporting periods and early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect a material impact upon adoption of this ASU on its unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, *Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments*. This ASU provides guidance on the presentation and classification of eight specific cash flow issues that previously resulted in diversity in practice. The ASU will be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and interim periods therein, with early adoption permitted and should be applied using a retrospective transition method. The Company has not yet adopted this ASU but does not expect a material impact to its unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

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On February 25, 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016- 02, *Leases* . This ASU establishes a new lease accounting model that, for many companies, eliminates the concept of operating leases and requires entities to record lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for certain types of leases. Under this ASU, an entity is required to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on its balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. Lessees and lessors are required to disclose qualitative and quantitative information about leasing arrangements to enable financial statement users to assess the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The ASU will be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. Early adoption will be permitted for all entities. The provisions of the ASU are to be applied using a modified retrospective approach. The Company has not yet adopted this ASU and is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU on its unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. Upon adoption of this ASU, the Company expects its San Diego land lease, among other operating leases, to be recorded as a right-of-use asset with a corresponding lease liability.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)* , which supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Topic 605, *Revenue Recognition* . This ASU is based on the principle that revenue is recognized to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The ASU also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date*, which defers the effective date to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 using one of two transition methods, either retrospective or a modified retrospective transition method which calculates a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption, with earlier adoption permitted for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. During 2016, the FASB issued four updates to the revenue recognition guidance (Topic 606), ASU 2016-08, *Principal Versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross Versus Net)*, ASU 2016-10, *Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing* , ASU 2016-12, *Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients* and ASU 2016-20, *Technical Corrections and Improvements*. The Company plans to adopt this guidance in the first quarter of 2018 using a modified retrospective transition method. The Company has been closely monitoring developments related to this new standard but has not yet completed its evaluation of the accounting and disclosure requirements on its unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company is reviewing current accounting policies and practices to identify changes that would result from applying the requirements under the new standards. Based on the Company’s analysis to date, it does not anticipate a material impact on the timing of revenue recognition upon adoption; however, the Company expects an impact on the classification of revenue between admissions revenue and food, merchandise and other revenue. The Company also expects revenue recognition disclosures will include additional detail in accordance with the new requirements.

3. LOSS PER SHARE

Loss per share is computed as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2017			2016		
	<u>Net Loss</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Per Share Amount</u>	<u>Net Loss</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Per Share Amount</u>
Basic loss per share	\$ (61,129)	85,373	\$ (0.72)	\$ (84,049)	83,824	\$ (1.00)
Effect of dilutive incentive-based awards		—			—	
Diluted loss per share	\$ (61,129)	85,373	\$ (0.72)	\$ (84,049)	83,824	\$ (1.00)

In accordance with the *Earnings Per Share* Topic of the Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”), basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period (excluding treasury stock and unvested restricted stock). The shares of unvested restricted stock are eligible to receive dividends; however, dividend rights will be forfeited if the award does not vest. Accordingly, only vested shares of outstanding restricted stock are included in the calculation of basic earnings per share. The weighted average number of repurchased shares during the period, if any, which are held as treasury stock, are excluded from shares of common stock outstanding.

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Diluted loss per share is determined using the treasury stock method based on the dilutive effect of unvested restricted stock and certain shares of common stock that are issuable upon exercise of stock options. The Company's outstanding performance-vesting restricted share awards are considered contingently issuable shares and are excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share until the performance measure criteria is met as of the end of the reporting period. There were approximately 4,920,000 and 5,070,000 potentially dilutive shares excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, as their effect would have been anti-dilutive due to the Company's net loss in those periods.

4. INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense or benefit is recognized based on the Company's estimated annual effective tax rate which is based upon the tax rate expected for the full calendar year applied to the pretax income or loss of the interim period. The Company's consolidated effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was 40.6% and differs from the statutory federal income tax rate primarily due to state income taxes and other permanent items. The Company's consolidated effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was 37.3% and differs from the statutory federal income tax rate primarily due to state income taxes and other permanent items.

The Company has determined that there are no positions currently taken that would rise to a level requiring an amount to be recorded or disclosed as an unrecognized tax benefit. If such positions do arise, it is the Company's intent that any interest or penalty amount related to such positions will be recorded as a component of the income tax provision (benefit) in the applicable period.

5. OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES

Other accrued expenses at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Accrued property taxes	\$ 3,528	\$ 2,193
Accrued interest	197	13,631
Self-insurance reserve	7,161	7,191
Other	1,893	395
Total other accrued expenses	<u>\$ 12,779</u>	<u>\$ 23,410</u>

As of December 31, 2016, accrued interest above includes \$12,904 relating to the Company's fourth quarter 2016 interest payable on its Term B-2 Loans, Term B-3 Loans and Terminated Revolving Credit Facility, which was paid on January 3, 2017. See further discussion in Note 6—Long-Term Debt.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Term B-5 Loans (effective interest rate of 3.19% at March 31, 2017)	\$ 998,306	\$ —
Term B-2 Loans (effective interest rate of 3.26% at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016)	567,313	1,327,850
Term B-3 Loans (effective interest rate of 4.33% at December 31, 2016)	—	245,800
Revolving credit facility	65,000	24,351
Total long-term debt	<u>1,630,619</u>	<u>1,598,001</u>
Less discounts	(10,074)	(5,517)
Less debt issuance costs	(11,190)	(9,702)
Less current maturities	(91,500)	(51,713)
Total long-term debt, net	<u>\$ 1,517,855</u>	<u>\$ 1,531,069</u>

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SEA is the borrower under the senior secured credit facilities, as amended pursuant to a credit agreement (the “Existing Credit Agreement”) dated as of December 1, 2009, as the same may be amended, restated, supplemented or modified from time to time (the “Senior Secured Credit Facilities”). On March 31, 2017, SEA entered into a refinancing amendment, Amendment No. 8 (the “Amendment”), to its Existing Credit Agreement. In connection with the Amendment, SEA borrowed \$998,306 of additional term loans (the “Term B-5 Loans”) of which the proceeds, along with cash on hand, were used to redeem all of the then outstanding principal of the Term B-3 loans (the “Term B-3 Loans”), with a principal amount equal to \$244,713 and a portion of the outstanding principal of the Term B-2 loans (the “Term B-2 Loans”), with a principal amount equal to \$753,593, and pay other fees, costs and expenses in connection with the Amendment and related transactions. Additionally, pursuant to the Amendment, SEA terminated the existing revolving credit commitments (the “Terminated Revolving Credit Facility”) and replaced them with a new tranche with an aggregate commitment amount of \$210,000 (the “New Revolving Credit Facility”).

In connection with the issuance of the Term B-5 Loans, SEA recorded a discount of \$4,992 and debt issuance costs of \$44 during the three months ended March 31, 2017. Additionally, SEA wrote-off debt issuance costs of \$7,987, which is included in loss on early extinguishment of debt and write-off of discounts and debt issuance costs in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss. Such loss on early extinguishment of debt and write-off of discounts and debt issuance costs also includes \$33 related to a write-off of discounts and debt issuance costs resulting from a mandatory prepayment of debt on March 30, 2017. See discussion in the *Senior Secured Credit Facilities* section which follows for further information.

Debt issuance costs and discounts are amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method over the term of the related debt and are included in long-term debt, net, in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Senior Secured Credit Facilities

As of March 31, 2017, the Senior Secured Credit Facilities consisted of \$567,313 in Term B-2 Loans, which will mature on May 14, 2020, \$998,306 in Term B-5 Loans which will mature on March 31, 2024 and the \$210,000 New Revolving Credit Facility, of which \$65,000 was outstanding as of March 31, 2017. The New Revolving Credit Facility will mature on the earlier of (a) March 31, 2022 and (b) the 91st day prior to the earlier of (1) the maturity of the Term B-2 Loans with an aggregate principal amount greater than \$50,000 and (2) the maturity date of any indebtedness incurred to refinance the Term B-2 loans with an aggregate principal amount greater than \$50,000. The outstanding balances under the New Revolving Credit Facility and the Terminated Revolving Credit Facility, as applicable, are included in current maturities of long-term debt in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2017, due to the Company’s intent to repay the borrowings within the following twelve month period. Subsequent to March 31, 2017, SEA repaid \$30,000 on the New Revolving Credit Facility.

The Term B-2 Loans amortize in equal quarterly installments in an aggregate annual amount equal to 1.0% of the original principal amount of the Term B-2 Loans on May 14, 2013, with the balance due on the final maturity date of May 14, 2020. Beginning with the fiscal quarter ending June 30, 2017, the Term B-5 Loans amortize in equal quarterly installments in an aggregate annual amount equal to 1.0% of the original principal amount of the Term B-5 Loans on March 31, 2017, with the balance due on the final maturity date of March 31, 2024. SEA may voluntarily repay amounts outstanding under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities at any time without premium or penalty, other than a prepayment premium on voluntary prepayments of the Term B-5 Loans in connection with certain repricing transactions on or prior to September 30, 2017 and customary “breakage” costs with respect to LIBOR loans.

SEA is required to prepay the outstanding Term B-2 Loans and Term B-5 Loans, subject to certain exceptions, with

- (i) 50% of SEA’s annual “excess cash flow” (with step-downs to 25% and 0%, as applicable, based upon achievement by SEA of a certain secured net leverage ratio), subject to certain exceptions;
- (ii) 100% of the net cash proceeds of certain non-ordinary course asset sales or other dispositions subject to reinvestment rights and certain exceptions; and
- (iii) 100% of the net cash proceeds of any incurrence of debt by SEA or any of its restricted subsidiaries, other than debt permitted to be incurred or issued under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities.

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Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, each lender of term loans has the right to reject its pro rata share of mandatory prepayments described above, in which case SEA may retain the amounts so rejected. The foregoing mandatory prepayments will be applied pro rata to installments of term loans in direct order of maturity. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company made a mandatory prepayment of approximately \$ 6,300 based on its excess cash flow calculation as of December 31, 2016. Approximately \$3,500 of the mandatory prepayment was accepted by the lenders and applied ratably to the Term B-2 and Term B-3 Loans prior to the Amendment on March 31, 2017, and the remainder of \$2,800 will be applied as a voluntary prepayment to the Term B-2 Loans in the second quarter of 2017 and is included in current maturities of long-term debt in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2017.

SEA may also increase and/or add one or more incremental term loan facilities to the Senior Secured Credit Facilities and/or increase commitments under the New Revolving Credit Facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$350,000. SEA may also incur additional incremental term loans provided that, among other things, on a pro forma basis after giving effect to the incurrence of such incremental term loans, the First Lien Secured Leverage Ratio, as defined in the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, is no greater than 3.50 to 1.00.

The obligations under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities are fully, unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Company, any subsidiary of the Company that directly or indirectly owns 100% of the issued and outstanding equity interests of SEA, and, subject to certain exceptions, each of SEA's existing and future material domestic wholly-owned subsidiaries. The Senior Secured Credit Facilities are collateralized by first priority or equivalent security interests, subject to certain exceptions, in (i) all the capital stock of, or other equity interests in, SEA and substantially all of SEA's direct or indirect material wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the capital stock of, or other equity interests in, any "first tier" foreign subsidiaries and (ii) certain tangible and intangible assets of SEA and the Company.

Term B-5 Loans

The Term B-5 Loans were initially borrowed in an aggregate principal amount of \$998,306 on March 31, 2017 in connection with the Amendment. Borrowings of Term B-5 Loans under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities bear interest, at SEA's option, at a rate equal to an applicable margin over either (a) a base rate determined by reference to the higher of (1) the rate of interest in effect for such day as publicly announced from time to time by Bank of America, N.A. as its "prime rate" and (2) the federal funds rate plus 1/2 of 1% or (b) a LIBOR rate determined by reference to the British Bankers Association ("BBA") LIBOR Rate, or the successor thereto if the BBA is no longer making a LIBOR rate available for the interest period relevant to such borrowing. The applicable margin for the Term B-5 Loans is 2.00%, in the case of base rate loans, and 3.00%, in the case of LIBOR rate loans, subject to a base rate floor of 1.75% and a LIBOR floor of 0.75%. At March 31, 2017, SEA selected the LIBOR rate (interest rate of 4.15% at March 31, 2017).

Term B-2 Loans

The Term B-2 Loans were initially borrowed in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,405,000. Borrowings of Term B-2 Loans under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities bear interest at a fluctuating rate per annum equal to, at SEA's option, a margin over either (a) a base rate equal to the higher of (1) the rate of interest in effect for such day as publicly announced from time to time by Bank of America, N.A. as its "prime rate" and (2) the federal funds effective rate plus 1/2 of 1% or (b) a LIBOR rate based on the BBA LIBOR rate, or the successor thereto if the BBA is no longer making a LIBOR rate available, for the interest period relevant to such borrowing. The applicable margin for the Term B-2 Loans is 1.25%, in the case of base rate loans, and 2.25%, in the case of LIBOR rate loans, subject to a base rate floor of 1.75% and a LIBOR floor of 0.75%. The applicable margin for the Term B-2 Loans (under either a base rate or LIBOR rate) is subject to one 25 basis point step-down upon achievement by SEA of a total net leverage ratio equal to or less than 3.25 to 1.00. At March 31, 2017, SEA selected the LIBOR rate (interest rate of 3.40% at March 31, 2017).

New Revolving Credit Facility

Borrowings of loans in the New Revolving Credit Facility under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities bear interest at a rate equal to an applicable margin over either, at SEA's option, (a) a base rate determined by reference to the higher of (1) the federal funds rate plus 1/2 of 1%, and (2) the rate of interest in effect for such day as publicly announced from time to time by Bank of America, N.A. as its "prime rate", in each case, plus an applicable margin equal to 1.75% or (b) a LIBOR rate or the successor thereto if the BBA is no longer making a LIBOR rate available, for the interest period relevant to such borrowing (provided in no event shall such LIBOR rate with respect to the borrowings be less than 0.0% per annum). The applicable margin for borrowings under the New Revolving Credit Facility is 1.75% in the case of base rate loans, and 2.75% in the case of LIBOR rate loans. The applicable margins for borrowings under the New Revolving Credit Facility are subject to one 25 basis point step-down upon achievement by SEA of certain corporate credit ratings, which the Company did not achieve as of March 31, 2017. At March 31, 2017, SEA selected the LIBOR rate (interest rate of 3.70% at March 31, 2017).

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In addition to paying interest on outstanding principal under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, SEA is required to pay a commitment fee to the lenders under the New Revolving Credit Facility in respect of the unutilized commitments thereunder at a rate of 0.50% per annum. SEA is also required to pay customary letter of credit fees.

As of March 31, 2017, SEA had approximately \$19,050 of outstanding letters of credit and \$65,000 outstanding on the New Revolving Credit Facility, leaving approximately \$125,950 available for borrowing.

Restrictive Covenants

The Senior Secured Credit Facilities contain a number of customary negative covenants. Such covenants, among other things, restrict, subject to certain exceptions, the ability of SEA and its restricted subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness; make guarantees; create liens on assets; enter into sale and leaseback transactions; engage in mergers or consolidations; sell assets; make fundamental changes; pay dividends and distributions or repurchase SEA's capital stock; make investments, loans and advances, including acquisitions; engage in certain transactions with affiliates; make changes in the nature of the business; and make prepayments of junior debt. The Senior Secured Credit Facilities also contain covenants requiring SEA to maintain specified maximum annual capital expenditures, a maximum total net leverage ratio and a minimum interest coverage ratio. All of the net assets of SEA and its consolidated subsidiaries are restricted and there are no unconsolidated subsidiaries of SEA.

The Senior Secured Credit Facilities permit restricted payments in an aggregate amount per annum equal to the sum of (A) \$25,000 plus (B) an amount, if any, equal to (1) if the total net leverage ratio on a pro forma basis after giving effect to the payment of any such restricted payment, is no greater than 3.50 to 1.00, an unlimited amount, (2) if the total net leverage ratio on a pro forma basis after giving effect to the payment of any such restricted payment is no greater than 4.00 to 1.00 and greater than 3.50 to 1.00, the greater of (a) \$95,000 and (b) 7.50% of market capitalization (as defined in the Senior Secured Credit Facilities), (3) if the total net leverage ratio on a pro forma basis after giving effect to the payment of any such restricted payment is no greater than 4.50 to 1.00 and greater than 4.00 to 1.00, \$95,000 and (4) if the total net leverage ratio on a pro forma basis after giving effect to the payment of any such restricted payment is no greater than 5.00 to 1.00 and greater than 4.50 to 1.00, \$65,000.

As of March 31, 2017, the total net leverage ratio as calculated under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities was 5.20 to 1.00, which results in the Company having a \$25,000 capacity for restricted payments in 2017, provided that the total net leverage ratio does not exceed 5.75 to 1.00, measured quarterly on a pro forma basis after giving effect to any such restricted payment. The total net leverage ratio calculation is based on financial data for the twelve month period ended March 31, 2017, which does not include any Easter holiday and the related spring break benefit. However, the amount available for share repurchases and certain other restricted payments under the covenant restrictions in the debt agreements adjusts at the beginning of each quarter, as set forth above.

As of March 31, 2017, SEA was in compliance with all covenants contained in the documents governing the Senior Secured Credit Facilities.

Long-term debt at March 31, 2017 is repayable as follows. The outstanding balance under the New Revolving Credit Facility is included in current maturities of long-term debt in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2017, due to the Company's intent to repay the borrowings within the following twelve month period.

<u>Years Ending December 31,</u>	
2017	\$ 85,573
2018	23,707
2019	23,707
2020	536,763
2021	9,983
Thereafter	950,886
Total	\$ 1,630,619

Interest Rate Swap Agreements

As of March 31, 2017 the Company has five interest rate swap agreements ("the Interest Rate Swap Agreements") which effectively fix the interest rate on the three month LIBOR-indexed interest payments associated with \$1,000,000 of SEA's outstanding long-term debt. The Interest Rate Swap Agreements became effective on September 30, 2016; have a total notional amount of \$1,000,000; mature on May 14, 2020; require the Company to pay a weighted-average fixed rate of 2.45% per annum; pay swap counterparties a variable rate of interest based upon the greater of 0.75% or the three month BBA LIBOR; and have interest settlement dates occurring on the last day of September, December, March and June through maturity.

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SEA designated the Interest Rate Swap Agreements above as qualifying cash flow hedge accounting relationships as further discussed in Note 7—Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities that follows.

Cash paid for interest relating to the Senior Secured Credit Facilities and the Interest Rate Swap Agreements was \$31,040 and \$14,091 in the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Cash paid for interest in the three months ended March 31, 2017 includes \$12,904 relating to the Company's fourth quarter 2016 interest payable on its Senior Secured Credit Facilities which was paid on January 3, 2017.

7. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

The Company is exposed to certain risks arising from both its business operations and economic conditions. The Company principally manages its exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of its core business activities. The Company manages economic risks, including interest rate, liquidity and credit risk primarily by managing the amount, sources and duration of its debt funding and the use of derivative financial instruments. Specifically, the Company enters into derivative financial instruments to manage exposures that arise from business activities that result in the receipt or payment of future known and uncertain cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates. The Company's derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing and duration of the Company's known or expected cash receipts and its known or expected cash payments principally related to the Company's borrowings. The Company does not speculate using derivative instruments.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company did not have any derivatives outstanding that were not designated in hedge accounting relationships.

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Company's objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, the Company primarily uses interest rate swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. During the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, such derivatives were used to hedge the variable cash flows associated with existing variable-rate debt. On September 30, 2016, the Company's four interest rate swap agreements with a combined notional value of \$1,250,000 matured in accordance with their terms and five interest rate forward swap agreements with a combined notional value of \$1,000,000 became effective. The interest rate swap agreements were designated as cash flow hedges of interest rate risk. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives is recognized directly in earnings. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, there was no ineffectiveness on cash flow hedges. During the three months ended March 31, 2016 an immaterial loss related to the ineffective portion was recognized in other income, net, in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss. Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive loss related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest expense as interest payments are made on the Company's variable-rate debt. During the next 12 months, the Company estimates that an additional \$10,788 will be reclassified as an increase to interest expense.

Tabular Disclosure of Fair Values of Derivative Instruments on the Balance Sheet

The table below presents the fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments as well as their classification in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	Liability Derivatives As of March 31, 2017		Liability Derivatives As of December 31, 2016	
	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:				
Interest rate swap agreements	Other liabilities	\$ 18,805	Other liabilities	\$ 22,808
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments		<u>\$ 18,805</u>		<u>\$ 22,808</u>

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Tabular Disclosure of the Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Statements of Comprehensive Loss

The table below presents the pretax effect of the Company's derivative financial instruments in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2017	2016
Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships:		
Gain (loss) related to effective portion of derivatives recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ 7,638	\$ (18,621)
(Loss) gain related to effective portion of derivatives reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to interest expense	\$ (3,636)	\$ 834
Loss related to ineffective portion of derivatives recognized in other income, net	\$ —	\$ (1)

Credit Risk-Related Contingent Features

The Company has agreements with each of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if the Company defaults on any of its indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender, then the Company could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations. As of March 31, 2017, the termination value of derivatives in a net liability position, which includes accrued interest but excludes any adjustment for nonperformance risk, related to these agreements was \$19,635. As of March 31, 2017, the Company has posted no collateral related to these agreements. If the Company had breached any of these provisions at March 31, 2017, it could have been required to settle its obligations under the agreements at their termination value of \$19,635.

Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following table reflects the changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss for the three months ended March 31, 2017, net of tax:

Accumulated other comprehensive loss:	(Losses) Gains on Cash Flow Hedges
Accumulated other comprehensive loss at December 31, 2016	\$ (13,694)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	4,587
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to interest expense	(2,183)
Unrealized gain on derivatives, net of tax	2,404
Accumulated other comprehensive loss at March 31, 2017	<u>\$ (11,290)</u>

8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement is required to be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, fair value accounting standards establish a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.

Level 3 - Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

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The Company has determined that the majority of the inputs used to value its derivative financial instruments using the income approach fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The Company uses readily available market data to value its derivatives, such as interest rate curves and discount factors. ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurement* also requires consideration of credit risk in the valuation. The Company uses a potential future exposure model to estimate this credit valuation adjustment (“CVA”). The inputs to the CVA are largely based on observable market data, with the exception of certain assumptions regarding credit worthiness which make the CVA a Level 3 input. Based on the magnitude of the CVA, it is not considered a significant input and the derivatives are classified as Level 2. Of the Company’s long-term obligations, the Term B-2 Loans and Term B-5 Loans are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as of March 31, 2017 and the Term B-2 Loans and Term B-3 Loans were classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as of December 31, 2016. The fair value of the term loans as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 approximate their carrying value, excluding unamortized debt issuance costs and discounts, due to the variable nature of the underlying interest rates and the frequent intervals at which such interest rates are reset.

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 or 3 during the three months ended March 31, 2017. The Company did not have any assets measured on a recurring basis at fair value as of March 31, 2017. The following table presents the Company’s estimated fair value measurements and related classifications for liabilities measured on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2017:

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at March 31, 2017
Liabilities:				
Derivative financial instruments (a)	\$ —	\$ 18,805	\$ —	\$ 18,805
Long-term obligations (b)	\$ —	\$ 1,630,619	\$ —	\$ 1,630,619

(a) Reflected at fair value in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as other liabilities of \$18,805.

(b) Reflected at carrying value, net of unamortized debt issuance costs and discounts, in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as current maturities of long-term debt of \$91,500 and long-term debt of \$1,517,855 as of March 31, 2017.

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 or 3 during the year ended December 31, 2016. The Company did not have any assets measured on a recurring basis at fair value as of December 31, 2016. The following table presents the Company’s estimated fair value measurements and related classifications for liabilities measured on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2016:

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at December 31, 2016
Liabilities:				
Derivative financial instruments (a)	\$ —	\$ 22,808	\$ —	\$ 22,808
Long-term obligations (b)	\$ —	\$ 1,598,001	\$ —	\$ 1,598,001

(a) Reflected at fair value in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as other liabilities of \$22,808.

(b) Reflected at carrying value, net of unamortized debt issuance costs and discounts, in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as current maturities of long-term debt of \$51,713 and long-term debt of \$1,531,069 as of December 31, 2016.

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9. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

ZHG Agreements

In connection with the Sale, which closed on May 8, 2017, Sellers have agreed to reimburse the Company up to \$4,000 for certain costs and expenses incurred by the Company. As a result, the Company has recorded a receivable from Seller for \$3,800 which is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets, in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2017.

On March 24, 2017 the Company entered into the ZHG Agreements with Zhonghong Holding, an affiliate of ZHG Group. In exchange for providing services under the ZHG Agreements, the Company is expected to receive fees as well as a travel stipend per year through 2019. The Company recognizes revenue under the ZHG Agreements on a straight-line basis over the contractual term of the agreements. Due to the effective date of the ZHG Agreements, related revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2017 was not material. See further discussion regarding the Sale in Note 1–Description of the Business and Basis of Presentation and Note 12–Stockholders’ Equity.

Debt and Interest Payments

On March 31, 2017, SEA entered into a refinancing amendment, Amendment No. 8 (the “Amendment”), to its existing Senior Secured Credit Facilities. As of March 31, 2017, approximately \$8,800 aggregate principal amount of the remaining Term B-2 Loans were owned by affiliates of Blackstone. As of December 31, 2016, approximately \$25,000 aggregate principal amount of Term B-2 Loans were owned by affiliates of Blackstone. The Company makes voluntary and mandatory principal repayments as well as periodic principal and interest payments on such debt in accordance with its terms from time to time. See Note 6–Long-Term Debt for further discussion.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Securities Class Action Lawsuit

On September 9, 2014, a purported stockholder class action lawsuit consisting of purchasers of the Company’s common stock during the periods between April 18, 2013 to August 13, 2014, captioned Baker v. SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., et al., Case No. 14-CV-02129-MMA (KSC), was filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of California against the Company, the Chairman of the Company’s Board, certain of its executive officers and Blackstone. On February 27, 2015, Court-appointed Lead Plaintiffs, Pensionskassen For Børne- Og Ungdomspædagoger and Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System, together with additional plaintiffs, Oklahoma City Employee Retirement System and Pembroke Pines Firefighters and Police Officers Pension Fund (collectively, “Plaintiffs”), filed an amended complaint against the Company, the Chairman of the Company’s Board, certain of its executive officers, Blackstone, and underwriters of the initial public offering and secondary public offerings. The amended complaint alleges, among other things, that the prospectus and registration statements filed contained materially false and misleading information in violation of the federal securities laws and seeks unspecified compensatory damages and other relief. Plaintiffs contend that defendants knew or were reckless in not knowing that Blackfish was impacting SeaWorld’s business at the time of each public statement. On May 29, 2015, the Company and the other defendants filed motions to dismiss the amended complaint. On March 31, 2016, the Court granted the motions to dismiss the amended complaint, in its entirety, without prejudice. On May 31, 2016, Plaintiffs filed a second amended consolidated class action complaint (“Second Amended Complaint”), which, among other things, no longer names the Company’s Board or underwriters as defendants. On June 29, 2016, the remaining defendants filed a motion to dismiss the Second Amended Complaint. On September 30, 2016, the Court denied the motion to dismiss. On October 28, 2016, defendants filed their Answer to the Second Amended Complaint. Written discovery has been propounded by both sides but no depositions have been scheduled to date. On March 2, 2017, following a case management conference held on March 1, 2017, the Court entered a scheduling order, which provided that fact discovery be completed by October 20, 2017. The scheduling order also provided deadlines for expert discovery and other pretrial deadlines, with a trial date of September 18, 2018. On March 6, 2017, the Court entered an amended scheduling order providing that Plaintiff must file its motion for class certification by May 19, 2017. On March 31, 2017, Plaintiffs filed a motion to compel discovery against the Company and Blackstone. A hearing on the motion was held on April 18, 2017. Following the hearing, Plaintiff’s motion was granted in part and denied in part. The Company believes that the class action lawsuit is without merit and intends to defend the lawsuit vigorously; however, there can be no assurance regarding the ultimate outcome of this lawsuit.

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Shareholder Derivative Lawsuit

On December 8, 2014, a putative derivative lawsuit captioned *Kistenmacher v. Atchison, et al.*, Civil Action No. 10437, was filed in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware against, among others, the Chairman of the Company's Board, certain of the Company's executive officers, directors and shareholders, and Blackstone. The Company is a "Nominal Defendant" in the lawsuit. On March 30, 2015, the plaintiff filed an amended complaint against the same set of defendants. The amended complaint alleges, among other things, that the defendants breached their fiduciary duties, aided and abetted breaches of fiduciary duties, violated Florida Blue Sky laws and were unjustly enriched by (i) including materially false and misleading information in the prospectus and registration statements; and (ii) causing the Company to repurchase certain shares of its common stock from certain shareholders at an alleged artificially inflated price. The Company does not maintain any direct exposure to loss in connection with this shareholder derivative lawsuit as the lawsuit does not assert any claims against the Company. The Company's status as a "Nominal Defendant" in the action reflects the fact that the lawsuit is maintained by the named plaintiff on behalf of the Company and that the plaintiff seeks damages on the Company's behalf. On May 21, 2015, the defendants filed a motion to stay the lawsuit pending resolution of the Company's securities class action lawsuit. On September 21, 2015, the Court granted the motion and ordered that the derivative action to be stayed in favor of the securities class action captioned *Baker v. SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 14-CV-02129-MMA (KSC). On March 15, 2017, plaintiff moved to lift the stay entered by the court on September 21, 2015.

Consumer Class Action Lawsuits

On March 25, 2015, a purported class action was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California against the Company, captioned *Holly Hall v. SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc.*, Case No. 3:15-cv-00600-CAB-RBB (the "Hall Matter"). The complaint identifies three putative classes consisting of all consumers nationwide who at any time during the four-year period preceding the filing of the original complaint, purchased an admission ticket, a membership or a SeaWorld "experience" that includes an "orca experience" from the SeaWorld amusement park in San Diego, California, Orlando, Florida or San Antonio, Texas respectively. The complaint alleges causes of action under California Unfair Competition Law, California Consumers Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA"), California False Advertising Law, California Deceit statute, Florida Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices Act, Texas Deceptive Trade Practices Act, as well as claims for Unjust Enrichment. Plaintiffs' claims are based on their allegations that the Company misrepresented the physical living conditions and care and treatment of its orcas, resulting in confusion or misunderstanding among ticket purchasers, and omitted material facts regarding its orcas with intent to deceive and mislead the plaintiff and purported class members. The complaint further alleges that the specific misrepresentations heard and relied upon by Holly Hall in purchasing her SeaWorld tickets concerned the circumstances surrounding the death of a SeaWorld trainer. The complaint seeks actual damages, equitable relief, attorney's fees and costs. Plaintiffs claim that the amount in controversy exceeds \$5,000, but the liability exposure is speculative until the size of the class is determined (if certification is granted at all).

In addition, four other purported class actions were filed against the Company and its affiliates. The first three actions were filed on April 9, 2015, April 16, 2015 and April 17, 2015, respectively, in the following federal courts: (i) the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida, captioned *Joyce Kuhl v. SeaWorld LLC et al.*, 6:15-cv-00574-ACC-GJK (the "Kuhl Matter"), (ii) the United States District Court for the Southern District of California, captioned *Jessica Gaab, et. al. v. SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc.*, Case No. 15:cv-842-CAB-RBB (the "Gaab Matter"), and (iii) the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas, captioned *Elaine Salazar Browne v. SeaWorld of Texas LLC et al.*, 5:15-cv-00301-XR (the "Browne Matter"). On May 1, 2015, the Kuhl Matter and Browne Matter were voluntarily dismissed without prejudice by the respective plaintiffs. On May 7, 2015, plaintiffs Kuhl and Browne re-filed their claims, along with a new plaintiff, Valerie Simo, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California in an action captioned *Valerie Simo et al. v. SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc.*, Case No. 15: cv-1022-CAB-RBB (the "Simo Matter"). All four of these cases, in essence, reiterate the claims made and relief sought in the Hall Matter.

On August 7, 2015, the Gaab Matter and Simo Matter were consolidated with the Hall Matter, and the plaintiffs filed a First Consolidated Amended Complaint ("FAC") on August 21, 2015. The FAC pursued the same seven causes of action as the original Hall complaint, and added a request for punitive damages pursuant to the California CLRA.

The Company moved to dismiss the FAC in its entirety, and its motion was granted on December 24, 2015. The United States District Court for the Southern District of California granted dismissal with prejudice as to the California CLRA claim, the portion of California Unfair Competition Law claim premised on the CLRA claim, all claims for injunctive relief, and on all California claims premised solely on alleged omissions by the Company. The United States District Court for the Southern District of California granted leave to amend as to the remainder of the complaint. On January 25, 2016, plaintiffs filed their Second Consolidated Amended Complaint ("SAC"). The SAC pursues the same causes of action as the FAC, except for the California CLRA, which, as noted above, was dismissed with prejudice.

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The Company filed a motion to dismiss the entirety of the SAC with prejudice on February 25, 2016. The United States District Court for the Southern District of California granted the Company's motion to dismiss the entire SAC with prejudice and entered judgment for the Company on May 13, 2016. Plaintiffs filed their notice of appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit (the "Ninth Circuit") on June 10, 2016. The appeal has been fully briefed and is awaiting an oral argument date.

On April 13, 2015, a purported class action was filed in the Superior Court of the State of California for the City and County of San Francisco against SeaWorld Parks & Entertainment, Inc., captioned Marc Anderson, et. al., v. SeaWorld Parks & Entertainment, Inc., Case No. CGC-15-545292 (the "Anderson Matter"). The putative class consists of all consumers within California who, within the past four years, purchased tickets to SeaWorld San Diego. On May 11, 2015, the plaintiffs filed a First Amended Class Action Complaint (the "First Amended Complaint"). The First Amended Complaint alleges causes of action under the California False Advertising Law, California Unfair Competition Law and California CLRA. Plaintiffs' claims are based on their allegations that the Company misrepresented the physical living conditions and care and treatment of its orcas, resulting in confusion or misunderstanding among ticket purchasers, and omitted material facts regarding its orcas with intent to deceive and mislead the plaintiff and purported class members. The First Amended Complaint seeks actual damages, equitable relief, attorneys' fees and costs. Based on plaintiffs' definition of the class, the amount in controversy exceeds \$5,000, but the liability exposure is speculative until the size of the class is determined (if certification is granted at all). On May 14, 2015, the Company removed the case to the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, Case No. 15: cv-2172-SC.

On May 19, 2015, the plaintiffs filed a motion to remand. On September 18, 2015, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the First Amended Complaint in its entirety. The motion was fully briefed. On September 24, 2015, the United States District Court for the Northern District of California denied plaintiffs' motion to remand. On October 5, 2015, plaintiffs filed a motion for leave to file a motion for reconsideration of this order, and contemporaneously filed a petition for permission to appeal to the Ninth Circuit, which the Company opposed. On October 14, 2015, the United States District Court for the Northern District of California granted plaintiffs' motion for leave. Plaintiffs' motion for reconsideration was fully briefed. On January 12, 2016, the United States District Court for the Northern District of California granted in part and denied in part the motion for reconsideration, and refused to remand the case. On January 22, 2016, plaintiffs filed a petition for permission to appeal the January 12, 2016 order to the Ninth Circuit, which the Company opposed. On April 7, 2016, the Ninth Circuit denied both of plaintiffs' petitions for permission to appeal and the plaintiffs filed a motion for leave to file a Second Amended Class Action Complaint ("Second Amended Complaint"), seeking to add two additional plaintiffs and make various pleading adjustments. The Company opposed the motion. On August 1, 2016, the United States District Court for the Northern District of California issued an order granting in part the Company's motion to dismiss and granting plaintiffs leave to file an amended complaint by August 22, 2016, which they filed.

The Second Amended Complaint likewise asserted causes of action based on the California False Advertising Law, California Unfair Competition Law and California CLRA. Essentially plaintiffs allege there were fraudulent representations made by the Company about the health of its orcas that ultimately induced consumers to purchase admission tickets to SeaWorld parks and in some cases, plush toys while in the parks. The Company moved to dismiss this on various grounds.

On November 7, 2016, the United States District Court for the Northern District of California issued an order granting in part, and denying in part, the Company's motion to dismiss. The United States District Court for the Northern District of California found that one named plaintiff failed to allege reliance on any specific statements so those claims, in their entirety, have been dismissed. In addition, the United States District Court for the Northern District of California determined that plaintiffs did not allege any misrepresentations made about the plush toy purchases, which disposes of the CLRA claims based on the toys. The United States District Court for the Northern District of California also found that certain plaintiff's conversation with SeaWorld's trainers was not "advertising," and dismissed the false advertising claim and Unfair Competition Law claim premised on it.

Plaintiffs filed a Third Amended Class Action Complaint on November 22, 2016. The Company moved to dismiss portions of that pleading, but the motion to dismiss was denied. What remains at this point are plaintiff's claims under California's Unfair Competition Law, False Advertising Law and the CLRA based on the purchase of tickets; plaintiff's California Unfair Competition Law and False Advertising Law claims based on the purchase of plush toys; and plaintiff's claims under California's Unfair Competition Law based on the purchase of plush toys. The case is in the preliminary stages of discovery, with briefing on class certification currently scheduled for July through September 2017.

The Company believes that these consumer class action lawsuits are without merit and intends to defend these lawsuits vigorously; however, there can be no assurance regarding the ultimate outcome of these lawsuits.

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EZPay Plan Class Action Lawsuit

On December 3, 2014, a purported class action lawsuit was filed in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida, Tampa Division against SeaWorld Parks & Entertainment, Inc., captioned Jason Herman, Joey Kratt, and Christina Lancaster, as individuals and on behalf of all others similarly situated, v. SeaWorld Parks & Entertainment, Inc. Case no: 8:14-cv-03028-MSS-JSS. The complaint alleges a single breach of contract claim involving the Company's EZPay Plan which affords customers the ability to pay for annual passes through monthly installments. The plaintiff alleges the Company automatically renewed passes beyond the initial term in violation of the terms and conditions of the parties' contract which provided in part: "Except for any passes paid in less than twelve months, THIS CONTRACT WILL RENEW AUTOMATICALLY ON A MONTH-TO-MONTH BASIS until I terminate it." On January 21, 2015, plaintiffs amended their complaint to include claims for breach of contract, unjust enrichment and violation of federal Electronic Funds Transfer Act, 15 U.S.C. section 1693 *et seq.* on behalf of three individual plaintiffs as well as on behalf of a two classes: (i) individuals in the states of Florida, Texas, Virginia and California who paid for an annual pass in "less than twelve months," had their passes automatically renewed and did not use the renewed passes after the first year or were not issued a full refund of payments made after the twelfth payment; and (ii) all of these same individuals who used debit cards.

The Company has always considered the plaintiffs' argument to be without merit and believes it has defenses to the action. The parties engaged in significant discovery and a motion was filed by the plaintiffs for certification of the class. In addition, plaintiffs filed a motion for summary judgment and defendant in turn filed for motion for partial summary judgment. The Company anticipated the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida would schedule a hearing on class certification first, determine whether a class should be certified, send notice to the certified class, and then entertain the respective motions for summary judgment.

However, on March 10, 2017, the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida issued an order granting plaintiffs' motion for certification of the class without a hearing and included in the order findings that the contract is unambiguous and that it means that the Company could not auto-renew the contract term if the customer paid in less than 365 days.

On March 17, 2017, the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida issued another order, this time granting plaintiff's motion for summary judgment as to liability and denying the Company's motion for partial summary judgment. The United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida decided that the Company breached the contract by failing to terminate the contract once the passes were paid in full. No determination of damages was made nor has the court entered any final judgment. With regard to the order granting certification, the Company filed a Rule 23(f) petition with the United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit and that is pending. In the meantime, pending the appeal, the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida has granted an order staying the underlying case. The Company intends to continue to defend the lawsuit vigorously; however, there can be no assurance regarding the ultimate outcome of this lawsuit.

Other Matters

The Company is a party to various other claims and legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In addition, from time to time the Company is subject to audits, inspections and investigations by, or receives requests for information from, various federal and state regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), the U.S. Department of Labor's Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), the California Occupational Safety and Health Administration (Cal-OSHA), the Florida Fish & Wildlife Commission (FWC), the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC), the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). From time to time, various parties may also bring lawsuits against the Company. Matters where an unfavorable outcome to the Company is probable and which can be reasonably estimated are accrued. Such accruals, which are not material for any period presented, are based on information known about the matters, the Company's estimate of the outcomes of such matters, and the Company's experience in contesting, litigating and settling similar matters. Matters that are considered reasonably possible to result in a material loss are not accrued for, but an estimate of the possible loss or range of loss is disclosed, if such amount or range can be determined. At this time, management does not expect any known claims, legal proceedings or regulatory matters to have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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11. EQUITY-BASED COMPENSATION

In accordance with ASC 718, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*, the Company measures the cost of employee services rendered in exchange for share-based compensation based upon the grant date fair market value. The cost is recognized over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period unless service or performance conditions require otherwise. Effective January 1, 2017, in accordance with its adoption of ASU 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, the Company elected to recognize the impact of forfeitures as they occur (see further discussion in Note 2—Recent Accounting Pronouncements). The Company has granted stock options, time-vesting restricted share awards and performance-vesting restricted share awards. The Company used the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model to value its stock options and the closing stock price on the date of grant to value its time-vesting restricted share awards granted in 2013 and subsequent years and its performance-vesting restricted share awards granted in 2015 and subsequent years.

Total equity compensation expense was \$4,114 and \$29,590 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Equity compensation expense for the first quarter of 2016 included \$27,516 related to certain of the Company’s performance-vesting restricted shares (the “2.25x Performance Restricted shares”) which became probable of vesting and vested on April 1, 2016. See *2.25x and 2.75x Performance Restricted Shares and Equity Plan Modification* section which follows for further details. Equity compensation expense is included in selling, general and administrative expenses and in operating expenses in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss. Total unrecognized equity compensation expense for all equity compensation awards probable of vesting as of March 31, 2017 was approximately \$54,960 which is expected to be recognized over the respective service periods.

The activity related to the Company’s time-vesting and performance-vesting share awards during the three months ended March 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Performance-Vesting Restricted shares							
	Time-Vesting Restricted shares		Bonus Performance Restricted shares		Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares		2.75x Performance Restricted shares	
	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value per Share	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value per Share	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value per Share	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value per Share
Outstanding at December 31, 2016	1,323,025	\$ 17.47	451,289	\$ 17.88	212,369	\$ 18.43	1,310,726	\$ 8.19
Granted	914,464	\$ 18.28	888,235	\$ 18.24	791,108	\$ 18.57	—	—
Vested	(127,396)	\$ 18.29	—	—	—	—	—	—
Forfeited	(44,062)	\$ 18.49	(451,289)	\$ 17.88	(38,696)	\$ 19.24	(9,731)	\$ 15.40
Outstanding at March 31, 2017	<u>2,066,031</u>	\$ 17.75	<u>888,235</u>	\$ 18.24	<u>964,781</u>	\$ 18.51	<u>1,300,995</u>	\$ 7.37

The activity related to the Company’s stock option awards during the three months ended March 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2016	3,441,900	\$ 18.67		
Granted	—	—		
Forfeited	(171,655)	\$ 18.32		
Expired	(5,890)	\$ 18.96		
Exercised	—	—		
Outstanding at March 31, 2017	<u>3,264,355</u>	\$ 18.69	8.41	\$ 890
Exercisable at March 31, 2017	<u>927,474</u>	\$ 18.87	8.31	\$ 101

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Omnibus Incentive Plan

The Company has reserved 15,000,000 shares of common stock for issuance under the Company's 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Omnibus Incentive Plan"). The Omnibus Incentive Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board, and provides that the Company may grant equity incentive awards to eligible employees, directors, consultants or advisors in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, and other stock-based and performance compensation awards. If an award under the Omnibus Incentive Plan terminates, lapses, or is settled without the payment of the full number of shares subject to the award, the undelivered shares may be granted again under the Omnibus Incentive Plan.

As of March 31, 2017, there were 6,983,314 shares of common stock available for future issuance under the Company's Omnibus Incentive Plan.

As part of the Company's annual compensation-setting process and in accordance with the Company's Equity Award Grant Policy (the "Equity Grant Policy"), on December 7, 2016, the Compensation Committee approved an annual bonus plan (the "2017 Bonus Plan") and a long-term incentive plan grant (the "2017 Long-Term Incentive Grant") for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017 ("Fiscal 2017").

Bonus Performance Restricted Shares

The 2017 Bonus Plan provides for bonus awards payable 50% in cash and 50% in performance-vesting restricted shares (the "Bonus Performance Restricted shares") and is based upon the Company's achievement of specified performance goals with respect to Fiscal 2017 Adjusted EBITDA (weighted at 50%), Total Revenue (weighted at 30%) and Adjusted EBITDA Margin (weighted at 20%). The total number of shares eligible to vest is based on the level of achievement of the targets for Fiscal 2017 which ranges from 0% (if below threshold performance), to 30% (for threshold performance), to 100% (for target performance) and up to 200% (at or above maximum performance). For actual performance between the specified threshold, target and maximum levels, the resulting weighted payment will be adjusted on a linear basis. Pursuant to the Equity Grant Policy, on March 3, 2017, the Company granted 888,235 Bonus Performance Restricted shares under its 2017 Bonus Plan which represented the total shares that could be earned under the maximum performance level of achievement. Subsequent grants may be made on July 3 and October 2, 2017 to newly hired bonus-eligible employees based on their hire date and/or to certain newly promoted employees.

The Company also had an annual bonus plan (the "2016 Bonus Plan") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 ("Fiscal 2016"), under which certain employees were eligible to receive a bonus with respect to Fiscal 2016, payable 50% in cash and 50% in Bonus Performance Restricted shares based upon the Company's achievement of Fiscal 2016 Adjusted EBITDA. Based on the Company's actual Fiscal 2016 Adjusted EBITDA results, no equity compensation expense was recorded in 2016 related to the 2016 Bonus Plan and all of the outstanding shares forfeited in the three months ended March 31, 2017.

In accordance with ASC 718, equity compensation expense is recorded on shares considered probable of vesting. Based on the Company's progress towards its performance goals for Fiscal 2017, a portion of the outstanding Bonus Performance Restricted shares were considered probable of vesting as of March 31, 2017; therefore, equity compensation expense has been recorded related to shares considered probable of vesting. If the probability of vesting related to these shares changes in a subsequent period, equity compensation expense that would have been recorded over the requisite service period had the shares been considered probable at the new percentage from inception, will be recorded as a cumulative catch-up at such subsequent date. Total unrecognized equity compensation expense related to the portion of the Bonus Performance Restricted shares not considered probable of vesting was approximately \$7,500 as of March 31, 2017.

Long-Term Incentive Awards

The 2017 Long-Term Incentive Grant is comprised of time-vesting restricted shares (the "Long-Term Incentive Time Restricted shares") and performance-vesting restricted shares (the "Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares") (collectively, the "Long-Term Incentive Awards"). The 2017 Long-Term Incentive Grant did not include nonqualified stock options (the "Long-Term Incentive Options"). Additionally, in order to address the lack of retention value of outstanding equity awards held by certain of the Company's executives, the Compensation Committee also approved an early grant of the time-vesting restricted shares portion of the 2018 annual equity award in the first quarter of Fiscal 2017 (the "Early 2018 Grant"). Pursuant to the Equity Grant Policy, the Long-Term Incentive Awards related to the 2017 Long-Term Incentive Grant and the time-vesting restricted shares related to the Early 2018 Grant were granted on March 3, 2017. Subsequent grants under the 2017 Long-Term Incentive Grant may be made on July 3 and October 2, 2017 to newly hired bonus-eligible employees based on their hire date and/or to certain newly promoted employees.

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The Board had also approved long-term incentive plan grants (the “2016 Long-Term Incentive Grant” and the “2015 Long-Term Incentive Grant”) for Fiscal 2016 and Fiscal 2015, respectively, comprised of Long-Term Incentive Options, Long-Term Incentive Time Restricted shares and Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares to certain of the Company’s management and executive officers.

Long-Term Incentive Time Restricted Shares

For certain executives, the Long-Term Incentive Time Restricted shares granted under the 2017 Long-Term Incentive Grant and the time-vesting restricted shares granted under the Early 2018 Grant vest over five years, with one-third vesting on each of the third, fourth and fifth anniversaries of the date of grant, subject to continued employment through the applicable vesting date. Equity compensation expense for these shares is recognized using the straight line method with one-third recognized over the initial three year vesting period and the remaining two-thirds recognized over the remaining vesting period.

For other employees, the Long-Term Incentive Time Restricted shares granted under the 2017 Long-Term Incentive Grant vest over three years, with all of the shares vesting on the third anniversary of the date of grant, subject to continued employment through the applicable vesting date. Equity compensation expense for these shares is recognized using the straight line method over the three year vesting period.

The Long-Term Incentive Time Restricted shares granted under the 2016 and 2015 Long-Term Incentive Grant vest ratably over four years from the date of grant (25% per year), subject to continued employment through the applicable vesting date. Equity compensation expense for these shares is recognized using the straight line method over the four year vesting period.

Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted Shares

The Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares granted under the 2017 Long-Term Incentive Plan are expected to vest following the end of the three-year performance period beginning on January 1, 2017 and ending on December 31, 2019 based upon the Company’s achievement of pre-established performance goals with respect to Adjusted EBITDA (weighted at 50%), Total Revenue (weighted at 30%) and Return on Invested Capital (weighted at 20%) for the three-year performance period, as defined by the 2017 Long-Term Incentive Grant. The total number of Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares eligible to vest will be based on the level of achievement of the performance goals and ranges from 0% (if below threshold performance), to 50% (for threshold performance), to 100% (for target performance), and up to 200% (for at or above maximum performance). For actual performance between the specified threshold, target and maximum levels, the resulting vesting percentage will be adjusted on a linear basis. Pursuant to the Equity Grant Policy, on March 3, 2017, the Company granted 637,289 Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares under its 2017 Long-Term Incentive Plan which represented the total shares that could be earned under the maximum performance level of achievement. Subsequent grants may be made on July 3 and October 2, 2017 to newly hired bonus-eligible employees based on their hire date and/or to certain newly promoted employees. Equity compensation expense is recognized ratably over the three-year performance period, if the performance condition is probable of being achieved, beginning on the date of grant and through December 31, 2019. Based on the Company’s progress towards its respective performance goals for Fiscal 2017, a portion of the Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares related to the Fiscal 2017 performance period are considered probable of vesting as of March 31, 2017; therefore, equity compensation expense has been recorded related to shares considered probable of vesting. If probability of vesting related to these shares changes in a subsequent period, all equity compensation expense related to those shares that would have been recorded over the requisite service period had the shares been considered probable at the new percentage from inception, will be recorded as a cumulative catch-up at such subsequent date.

The Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares granted under the 2016 and 2015 Long-Term Incentive Grant vest following the end of a three-year performance period beginning on January 1 of the fiscal year in which the award was granted and ending on December 31 of the third fiscal year based upon the Company’s achievement of certain performance goals with respect to Adjusted EBITDA for each respective fiscal year performance period. The total number of shares eligible to vest is based on the level of achievement of the Adjusted EBITDA target for each fiscal year in the performance period which ranges from 0% (if below threshold performance), to 50% (for threshold performance), to 100% (for target performance) and up to 200% (at or above maximum performance). For actual performance between the specified threshold, target, and maximum levels, the resulting vesting percentage is adjusted on a linear basis. Total shares earned (approximately 33% are eligible to be earned per year), based on the actual performance percentage for each performance year, will vest on the date the Company’s Compensation Committee determines the actual performance percentage for the third fiscal year (the “Determination Date”) in the performance period if the employee has not terminated prior to the last day of such fiscal year. Additionally, all unearned shares will forfeit immediately as of the Determination Date.

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The Adjusted EBITDA target for each fiscal year is set in the first quarter of each respective year, at which time the grant date and the grant-date fair value for accounting purposes related to that performance year is established based on the closing price of the Company's stock on such date plus any accumulated dividends earned since the date of the initial award. Equity compensation expense is recognized ratably for each fiscal year, if the performance condition is probable of being achieved, beginning on the date of grant and through December 31 of the third fiscal year in the performance period.

As of March 31, 2017, the Company had awarded 444,568 Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares, net of forfeitures, under the 2016 and 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plans which represents the total shares that could be earned under the maximum performance level of achievement for all three performance periods combined. For accounting purposes, the performance goals for the respective performance periods must be established for a grant date to be determined. As such, since the performance goal for Fiscal 2017 was established in the first quarter of 2017, for accounting purposes, 148,190 of the Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares awarded under the 2016 and 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plans, net of forfeitures, have a grant date in 2017. As of March 31, 2017, 117,076 Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares, net of forfeitures, which were awarded under the 2016 Long-Term Incentive Plan relate to the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018 ("Fiscal 2018") performance period. The performance target for the Fiscal 2018 performance period has not yet been set and will be determined by the Compensation Committee during the first quarter of 2019, at which time, for accounting purposes, the grant date and respective grant-date fair value will be determined for these shares.

Based on the Company's Adjusted EBITDA for Fiscal 2016 and 2015, the threshold performance level for Fiscal 2016 and the maximum performance level for Fiscal 2015 was not met; as such all of the Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares related to Fiscal 2016 and a portion related to Fiscal 2015 are not considered probable of vesting as of March 31, 2017 and are expected to forfeit on their respective Determination Date.

Total unrecognized equity compensation expense for all outstanding Long-Term Incentive Performance Restricted shares for shares not probable of vesting was \$10,400 as of March 31, 2017. Total unrecognized equity compensation expense related to the Fiscal 2018 performance period has not been determined as the grant date and grant-date fair value for these awards have not yet occurred for accounting purposes, as such no expense was recorded related to this performance period.

Long-Term Incentive Options

The Long-Term Incentive Options granted under the 2016 and 2015 Long-Term Incentive Grant vest ratably over four years from the date of grant (25% per year), subject to continued employment through the applicable vesting date and will expire 10 years from the date of grant or earlier if the employee's service terminates. The options have an exercise price per share equal to the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. Equity compensation expense is recognized using the straight line method for each tranche over the four year vesting period.

Other

2.25x and 2.75x Performance Restricted Shares and Equity Plan Modification

The Company has awarded under both its Omnibus Incentive Plan and its previous incentive plan (the "Pre-IPO Incentive Plan") certain performance-vesting restricted shares (the "2.25x and 2.75x Performance Restricted shares").

Based on cash proceeds previously received by certain investment funds affiliated with Blackstone from the Company's initial public offering and subsequent secondary offerings of stock, the Company's repurchases of shares and the cumulative dividends paid by the Company through April 1, 2016, the vesting conditions on the Company's previously outstanding 2.25x Performance Restricted shares were satisfied with the Company's dividend payment to such investment funds affiliated with Blackstone on April 1, 2016. Accordingly, during the three months ended March 31, 2016, upon declaration of the dividend, the 2.25x Performance Restricted shares were considered probable of vesting and all of the related equity compensation expense and accumulated dividends were recognized in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. On April 1, 2016, upon payment of the dividend to such investment funds affiliated with Blackstone, all previously outstanding 1,370,821 2.25x Performance Restricted shares vested and the related accumulated dividends of \$3,400 were paid.

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The 2.75x Performance Restricted shares will vest if the employee is employed by the Company when and if such investment funds affiliated with Blackstone receive cash proceeds (not subject to any clawback, indemnity or similar contractual obligation) in respect of their Partnerships units equal to (x) a 15% annualized effective compounded return rate on such funds' investment and (y) a 2.75x multiple on such funds' investment. As receipt of these future cash proceeds will be primarily related to a liquidity event, such as secondary offerings of stock or additional dividends paid to such funds, the 2.75x Performance Restricted shares are not considered probable of vesting until such events are consummated. The additional future cash proceeds necessary to trigger the vesting of the 2.75x Performance Restricted shares under the terms of the original award is approximately \$421,000 as of March 31, 2017. No equity compensation expense has been recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 related to the 2.75x Performance Restricted shares as their vesting was not considered probable.

Subsequent to March 31, 2017, in connection with the Sale as discussed in Note 1—Description of the Business and Basis of Presentation, the Board approved a modification to the vesting conditions for the 2.75x Performance Restricted shares for certain plan participants in order to compensate existing management for substantially delivering on performance targets required under the terms of the 2.75x Performance Restricted shares. Based on the modification terms, 60% of the outstanding 2.75x Performance Restricted shares held by certain plan participants of the Company would vest on the closing of the Sale, subject to continued service through such date. As the Sale closed on May 8, 2017, the related shares vested in accordance with the modification terms on such date. The Board considered that while these 2.75x Performance Restricted shares were not otherwise expected to vest because the Sale proceeds paid at closing did not satisfy the cumulative 2.75x return multiple required on Seller's invested capital, the Sale resulted in a cumulative return multiple on Seller's invested capital of 2.67x, or 97% of targeted return. In addition, the required internal rate of return vesting condition of 15% was significantly exceeded as a result of the Sale.

Under the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement, if in certain circumstances the Buyer acquires a majority of the Company's then outstanding common shares prior to the one-year anniversary of the closing of the Sale, then the Buyer is required as a condition to the closing of the acquisition that results in such majority ownership, to pay to the Seller, in respect of each share of common stock sold to the Buyer at the closing of the Sale, the excess, if any, of the highest price per share paid by the Buyer for shares of the Company's common stock over \$23.00 (the "Additional Payment"). As such, any outstanding unvested 2.75x Performance Restricted shares will not forfeit until the end of such one-year period.

In exchange for the Company modifying the 2.75x Performance Restricted shares to vest 60%, eight of the Company's senior executives and the Company's Chairman of the Board, individually agreed to forfeit the remaining 40% of their outstanding 2.75x Performance Restricted shares. In addition, in accordance with his Separation and Consulting Agreement which contractually obligates the Company to apply any modifications to his outstanding 2.75x Performance Restricted shares, the Company's former President and Chief Executive Officer, also vested in 60% of his 2.75x Performance Restricted shares and forfeited the other 40%. For all other plan participants, any remaining unvested 2.75x Performance Restricted shares will continue to be eligible to vest in accordance with their terms if Seller receives an Additional Payment from the Buyer sufficient to satisfy the 2.75x cumulative return multiple in the twelve month period following the closing of the Sale.

The Sale was considered a liquidity event and was subject to customary closing conditions (including expiration of the waiting period under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act). As the modification discussed above was based on a liquidity event, for accounting purposes, the 2.75x Performance Restricted shares were not considered probable of vesting until such time the Sale was consummated. In accordance with the guidance in ASC 718, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*, as the 2.75x Performance Restricted shares were not considered probable of vesting before or after the date of modification, the Company will use the respective modification date fair value to record equity compensation expenses related to the modified shares when the liquidity event occurred. As a result, the Company will recognize non-cash equity compensation expense of approximately \$8,400 upon closing of the Sale in the second quarter of 2017. The Company also expects to pay cash accumulated dividends of approximately \$1,300 related to the vesting event.

12. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

As of March 31, 2017, 91,948,412 shares of common stock were issued in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet, which excludes 5,337,118 unvested shares of common stock held by certain participants in the Company's equity compensation plans (see Note 11—Equity-Based Compensation) and includes 6,519,773 shares of treasury stock held by the Company.

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Dividends

Prior to September 19, 2016, the Board had a policy to pay, subject to legally available funds, regular quarterly dividends. The payment and timing of cash dividends was within the discretion of the Board and depended on many factors, including, but not limited to, the Company's results of operations, financial condition, level of indebtedness, capital requirements, contractual restrictions, restrictions in its debt agreements and in any preferred stock, business prospects and other factors that the Board deemed relevant. On September 19, 2016, the Board suspended the Company's quarterly dividend policy to allow greater flexibility to deploy capital to opportunities that offer the greatest long term returns to shareholders, such as, but not limited to, share repurchases, investments in new attractions or debt repayments.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Board declared or paid quarterly cash dividends to all common stockholders of record as follows:

<u>Record Date</u>	<u>Payment Date</u>	<u>Cash Dividend per Common Share</u>	
January 15, 2016	January 22, 2016	\$	0.21
March 14, 2016 (a)	April 1, 2016	\$	0.21

(a) As the Company had an accumulated deficit at the time these dividends were declared, these dividends were accounted for as a return of capital and recorded as a reduction to additional paid-in capital in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of changes in stockholders' equity.

As of March 31, 2017, the Company had \$815 of cash dividends recorded as dividends payable in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet which relates to unvested time restricted shares and unvested performance restricted shares with a performance condition considered probable of being achieved. These shares carry dividend rights and therefore the dividends will be paid as the shares vest in accordance with the underlying equity compensation grants. These dividend rights will be forfeited if the shares do not vest.

Accumulated dividends on the 2.75x Performance Restricted shares are approximately \$3,600 and will be paid only if and to the extent these 2.75x Performance Restricted shares vest in accordance with their terms. As discussed in Note 11—Equity-Based Compensation, the Company will pay cash accumulated dividends of approximately \$1,300 in the second quarter of 2017 related to the modified 2.75x Performance Restricted shares which vested on the close of the Sale on May 8, 2017. The remaining unvested 2.75x Performance Restricted shares are eligible to vest in accordance with their terms in the twelve month period following the closing of the Sale. As such, the Company did not record a dividend payable as of March 31, 2017 since the performance conditions on the 2.75x Performance Shares were based on a liquidity event and were not considered probable as of March 31, 2017.

Share Repurchase Program

In 2014, the Board authorized the repurchase of up to \$250,000 of the Company's common stock (the "Share Repurchase Program"). Under the Share Repurchase Program, the Company is authorized to repurchase shares through open market purchases, privately-negotiated transactions or otherwise in accordance with applicable federal securities laws, including through Rule 10b5-1 trading plans and under Rule 10b-18 of the Exchange Act. The Share Repurchase Program has no time limit and may be suspended or discontinued completely at any time. The number of shares to be purchased and the timing of purchases will be based on the level of the Company's cash balances, general business and market conditions, and other factors, including legal requirements, debt covenant restrictions and alternative investment opportunities.

The Company has remaining authorization for up to \$190,000 for future repurchases under the Share Repurchase Program as of March 31, 2017. There were no share repurchases during the three months ended March 31, 2017.

Other

On March 24, 2017, the Company announced that an affiliate of ZHG Group entered into an agreement to acquire approximately 21% of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company from Seller, pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement. On May 8, 2017, upon closing of the Sale, ZHG paid Seller \$23.00 per share for the Company's common stock acquired by ZHG in accordance with the terms of the Stock Purchase Agreement. The Company is not a party to the Stock Purchase Agreement, has no obligations thereunder and did not independently verify any arrangements between Seller and ZHG, but is a party to certain other agreements, a Park Exclusivity and Concept Design Agreement and a Center Concept & Preliminary Design Support Agreement, entered into in connection with the Sale (see Note 1—Description of Business and Basis of Presentation and Note 9—Related-Party Transactions).

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13. RESTRUCTURING PROGRAM

In December 2016, the Company committed to and implemented a restructuring program in an effort to reduce costs, increase efficiencies, reduce duplication of functions and improve the Company's operations (the "2016 Restructuring Program"). The 2016 Restructuring Program involved the elimination of approximately 320 positions across all of the Company's theme parks and corporate headquarters. As a result, the Company recorded \$8,904 in pre-tax restructuring and other related costs associated with the 2016 Restructuring Program during the three months ended December 31, 2016. The Company does not expect to incur any additional costs associated with the 2016 Restructuring Program as all continuing service obligations were completed as of December 31, 2016.

The 2016 Restructuring Program activity for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Severance and Other Employment Expenses
Liability as of December 31, 2016	\$ 7,842
Reduction in estimated expenses	(572)
Payments made	(6,489)
Liability as of March 31, 2017	<u>\$ 781</u>

The remaining liability as of March 31, 2017 relates to restructuring and other related costs to be paid as contractually obligated by December 31, 2017 and is included in accrued salaries, wages and benefits in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion contains management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations and should be read together with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs and involve numerous risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those described in the "Risk Factors" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as such risk factors may be updated from time to time in our periodic filings with the SEC. Actual results may differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. You should carefully read "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Business Overview

We are a leading theme park and entertainment company providing experiences that matter and inspiring guests to protect animals and the wild wonders of our world. We own or license a portfolio of globally recognized brands, including SeaWorld, Busch Gardens and Sea Rescue. Over our more than 50-year history, we have built a diversified portfolio of 12 destination and regional theme parks that are grouped in key markets across the United States, many of which showcase our one-of-a-kind zoological collection. Our theme parks feature a diverse array of rides, shows and other attractions with broad demographic appeal which deliver memorable experiences and a strong value proposition for our guests.

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we hosted approximately 2.8 million guests in our theme parks, including approximately 0.4 million international guests, generated total revenues of \$186.4 million and reported a net loss of \$61.1 million.

We have entered into the second year of our three-year, five-point plan to stabilize our business to drive sustainable growth. This strategic plan encompasses five key points which include (i) providing experiences that matter; (ii) delivering distinct guest experiences that are fun and meaningful; (iii) pursuing organic and strategic revenue growth; (iv) addressing the challenges we face; and (v) financial discipline. The plan is intended to build on our strong business fundamentals by evolving the guest experience to align with consumer preferences for experiences that matter. Through family entertainment and distinct experiences and attractions, we provide our guests an opportunity to explore and to learn more about the natural world and the plight of animals in the wild, to be inspired and to act to make a better world. The plan includes a new approach to in-park activities as well as "turning parks inside out" by taking our guests behind the scenes to provide a better understanding of our veterinary care and animal rescue operations. Other elements of the plan include implementing a simplified pricing model, targeted capital investments in new attractions across our parks, and an ongoing focus on cost control as part of a larger commitment to overall financial discipline. Additionally, our resort strategy will include evaluating opportunities which could include purchasing or developing resort properties in or near some of our parks. We have also entered into a partnership with Miral Asset Management LLC ("Miral") to develop SeaWorld Abu Dhabi and entered into agreements with Zhonghong Holding Co., Ltd. ("Zhonghong Holding") to provide design, support and advisory services for various potential projects and granting exclusive rights in China, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau (see the "International Development Strategy" section which follows).

Key Business Metrics Evaluated by Management

Attendance

We define attendance as the number of guest visits to our theme parks. Attendance drives admissions revenue as well as total in-park spending. The level of attendance at our theme parks is a function of many factors, including the opening of new attractions and shows, competitive offerings, weather, fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and global and regional economic conditions, travel patterns of both our domestic and international guests, consumer confidence and other factors beyond our control, including the potential spread of contagious diseases.

Total Revenue Per Capita

Total revenue per capita, defined as total revenue divided by total attendance, consists of admission per capita and in-park per capita spending:

- Admission Per Capita*. We calculate admission per capita for any period as total admissions revenue divided by total attendance. Theme park admissions accounted for approximately 62% of our total revenue for both the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, we reported \$41.01 in admission per capita, representing a decrease of 1.2% from the prior year quarter. Admission per capita is driven by ticket pricing, the admissions product mix and the park attendance mix. The admissions product mix is defined as the mix of tickets purchased such as single day, multi-day or annual passes and the park attendance mix is defined as the mix of theme parks visited. The mix of theme parks visited can impact admission per capita based on the theme park's respective pricing which on average is lower for our water parks compared to our other theme parks.

- *In-Park Per Capita Spending* . We calculate in-park per capita spending for any period as total food, merchandise and other revenue divided by total attendance. For both the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, food, merchandise and other revenue accounted for approximately 38% of our total revenue. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, we reported \$25.40 of in-park per capita spending, an increase of 0.5% from the three months ended March 31, 2016. In-park per capita spending is driven by pricing changes, penetration levels (percentage of guests purchasing), new product offerings, the mix of guests (such as local, passholders, domestic or international guests) and the mix of in-park spending. As an example, international guests tend to drive higher in-park per capita spending when compared to other guests. See further discussion in the “*Results of Operations*” section which follows.

Trends Affecting Our Results of Operations

Our ability to attract and retain customers depends, in part, upon the external perceptions of our brands and reputation. Adverse publicity concerning our business generally could harm our brands, reputation and results of operations. The considerable expansion in the use of social media over recent years has amplified the impact of negative publicity. Our SeaWorld-branded parks have been the target of negative media attention concerning the killer whales – or orcas – in our care, particularly in the state of California, and we believe we experienced demand pressures in 2014 and 2015 in California due to such media attention. We introduced a number of initiatives, including new marketing and reputation campaigns to address public perceptions, share facts and correct misinformation. We believe our efforts have had a positive impact on public perceptions and on our reputation as we saw improvement in our attendance and revenue trends in California in 2016.

In March 2016, we announced that we have ended all orca breeding and the orcas currently in our care will be the last generation of orcas at SeaWorld (the “Orca Announcement”). We also announced that we will introduce new, inspiring, natural orca encounters and phase out our current theatrical shows, as part of our ongoing commitment to education, marine science research, and rescue of marine animals. These programs will focus on orca enrichment, exercise, and overall health. This change began in our SeaWorld San Diego park in 2017, and will be at all three SeaWorld parks by 2019. In conjunction with the Orca Announcement, the orca habitat expansion we previously disclosed (the “Blue World Project”), as originally designed and planned, will not move forward and we will spend significantly less capital than the originally proposed Blue World Project. The “new” SeaWorld will maintain our unique value proposition of providing experiences that matter, and inspiring guests to protect animals and the wild wonders of our world. We have implemented an integrated marketing plan designed to attract new and repeat guests to the “new” SeaWorld with its unique blend of compelling animal experiences and new rides and attractions for the whole family.

In January 2017, as part of the transition from theatrical orca shows to the new Orca Encounter, SeaWorld San Diego ended its One Ocean show so that the facility could be modified for a planned opening of the new Orca Encounter in the summer of 2017. We have seen a decline in attendance at this park during this transition which we believe results largely from a lack of new content during the interim period. To address this softness, we have launched a new “All Day Orca Play” campaign and accelerated a weekday and weekend ticket promotion and a targeted media campaign in the California market. We expect these initiatives will help address the transition period between the One Ocean show and the launch of significant new offerings for the San Diego park this summer, one of the largest new attraction years for this park in its history.

Total attendance declined in the first quarter of 2017 by approximately 491,000 guests, or 14.9% compared to the first quarter of 2016, primarily due to a shift in the timing of the Easter holiday into the second quarter of 2017, which also impacted the timing of spring break for a number of schools from our key source markets. Attendance was also impacted, to a lesser extent, by a decline at our SeaWorld San Diego park as discussed above. Latin America attendance for the first quarter of 2017 declined by approximately 24,000 guests compared to the first quarter of 2016.

We have experienced a decline in international attendance from historical levels due partly to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against a variety of foreign currencies. Most of the international shortfall has come from Brazil, which is facing political instability and an economic recession. The decline from Latin America that we experienced in the first quarter of 2016 (down 32% from the first quarter of 2015) accelerated during the second quarter of 2016 (down 47% from the second quarter of 2015) but has abated in recent quarters (third and fourth quarter of 2016, down 28% and 23%, respectively, and down 11% in the first quarter of 2017 from the respective prior year quarters). Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates impact our business due to the effect a strong dollar has on international tourist spending. To manage this impact going forward, we modified our international marketing to reflect more appropriate ticket offers in light of the foreign currency exchange rate pressures and we shifted portions of our marketing spend from Latin America to domestic markets.

The June 2016 announcement of the Referendum of the United Kingdom's Membership of the European Union (referred to as Brexit) has introduced additional volatility and uncertainty in global stock markets and currency exchange rates which could also have an impact on our future international attendance from the United Kingdom in particular. So far in 2017, we have seen a slight decline in attendance from the United Kingdom; however, historically, attendance from the United Kingdom represents approximately 5% of our total annual attendance.

Looking ahead to the remainder of 2017, we have introduced strategic season pass promotions and other ticket offers, expanded on our special events and announced an extensive 2017 new line-up of attractions, shows and events. We expect 2017 to be one of the largest new attraction years in our more than 50 year history. We are also working with a leading consulting firm in an effort to enhance our pricing capabilities and capitalize on what we believe are meaningful total revenue per capita opportunities. We plan to work together on revenue enhancement and pricing with a goal of increasing our total revenue per capita.

Our success depends on our ability to grow our business, in part through targeted capital investments to improve our existing theme parks, rides, attractions and shows. Our growth and innovation strategies require significant commitments of management resources and capital investments designed to improve guest satisfaction and generate returns. As a result, we make annual investments to support and improve our existing theme park facilities and attractions. Maintaining and improving our theme parks, as well as opening new attractions, is critical to remain competitive, grow revenue, and increase our guests' length of stay. As mentioned above, we are investing in capital spending on new attractions for 2017, which includes a virtual reality experience in Orlando, a new realm and orca presentation in San Diego and new roller coasters in both Williamsburg and San Antonio.

Both attendance and total revenue per capita at our theme parks are key drivers of our revenue and profitability, and reductions in either can materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Recent Developments

Regulatory Developments

On July 16, 2015, Senator Dianne Feinstein (D-CA) offered an amendment to the Fiscal Year 2016 Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies spending bill during consideration of the bill by the full Committee on Appropriations. The amendment directed the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service ("APHIS") to issue updated regulations for the display of marine mammals in domestic zoos and aquaria within six months of enactment. While that amendment was not included in the final Fiscal Year 2016 Omnibus Appropriations Bill, APHIS released a proposed rule on February 3, 2016 to amend the Animal Welfare Act regulations concerning the humane handling, care and treatment of marine mammals in captivity (the "Proposed APHIS Regulations"). The Proposed APHIS Regulations were subject to public comment which ended on May 4, 2016. We submitted a comment letter to APHIS on the final date for comments, expressing our views on the Proposed APHIS Regulations. The full impact of the Proposed APHIS Regulations on our business will not be known until the Proposed APHIS Regulations are finalized.

On October 8, 2015, the California Coastal Commission approved the Blue World Project in San Diego, but attached certain conditions to its approval. Those conditions included, among other things, a prohibition against breeding orcas or transporting orcas to or from the habitat. On December 29, 2015, we filed a lawsuit against the California Coastal Commission on the grounds that the California Coastal Commission decision was outside the scope of its authority in imposing such conditions because it does not have jurisdiction over orcas, which are regulated under federal law. As a result of the Orca Announcement, on April 18, 2016, we sent a letter to the California Coastal Commission requesting to formally withdraw our coastal development permit application for the Blue World Project habitat and discuss dismissal of the pending litigation since our legal challenge to the proposed conditions is no longer warranted. On July 27, 2016, we filed a request for dismissal to dismiss our lawsuit against the California Coastal Commission. On October 17, 2016, we sent a letter to the California Coastal Commission objecting to the approval of the proposed revised findings for the Blue World Project. We stated that the adoption of the revised findings was not warranted or needed because of the Orca Announcement and recent changes in California law. On November 4, 2016, the California Coastal Commission voted in the affirmative to reverse findings on the Blue World Project.

On November 16, 2015, Representative Adam Schiff (D-CA) introduced the Orca Responsibility and Care Advancement Act (the "ORCA Act") and reintroduced the ORCA Act on March 23, 2017. The reintroduced bill has been referred to the House Natural Resources and Agriculture Committees. It is unclear whether this reintroduced bill will be enacted into law, but if enacted, this bill would amend the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 and the Animal Welfare Act to prohibit the breeding, the taking (wild capture), and the import or export of orcas for the purposes of public display. The reintroduced bill would prohibit the transport of orcas from one park to another but does allow for transport to a "marine mammal sanctuary" and attempts to officially define the term "sanctuary" in law.

On April 5, 2016, following the Orca Announcement, a California lawmaker reintroduced the California Orca Protection Act which is a bill that he originally proposed in March 2014. The bill proposed in 2014 would have ended all captive breeding and display of orcas in California. Additionally, that bill would have required that all orcas in California be retired to sea pens and/or sanctuaries. That bill was referred to interim study after its first public hearing in 2014. The reintroduced bill proposed in April 2016 seeks to primarily codify the Orca Announcement in California. On August 26, 2016, this bill was enacted into law and (i) codified the end of captive breeding programs and the export and import of genetic materials for orcas in California, (ii) prohibits the import or export of new orcas into or out of California, (iii) permits the transfer of orcas currently in California among existing SeaWorld facilities and (iv) requires educational presentations of orcas in California. As discussed above, the new orca programs we are developing will be consistent with these standards and begin in our San Diego park in 2017 and with our other SeaWorld parks following by 2019. On November 4, 2016, the California Coastal Commission granted approval to permit the renovation of the existing backdrop at the orca habitat at our San Diego park. This approval allows us to continue to develop our new orca program in our San Diego park.

On February 8, 2016, the San Diego City Council decided to put a proposal on the June 7, 2016 primary ballot for voters to decide whether the city of San Diego should have a higher minimum wage than the \$10 per hour required by the State of California. The proposal was approved by San Diego voters and, beginning on July 11, 2016, the city's minimum wage was increased to \$10.50 and was increased again to \$11.50 on January 1, 2017. Two years later in January 2019, annual increases to the San Diego minimum wage based on the consumer price index will start to be implemented. For a discussion of certain risks associated with the San Diego minimum wage increases, see "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, including "Risks Related to Our Business and Our Industry—Increased labor costs and employee health and welfare benefits may negatively impact our operations."

For a discussion of certain risks associated with federal and state regulations governing the treatment of animals, see "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, including "Risks Related to Our Business and Our Industry—We are subject to complex federal and state regulations governing the treatment of animals, which can change, and to claims and lawsuits by activist groups before government regulators and in the courts."

International Development Strategy

We believe that in addition to the growth potential that exists domestically, our brands can also have significant appeal in certain international markets. We are currently assessing these opportunities while maintaining a conservative and disciplined approach towards the execution of our international development strategy. Thus far, we have identified our international market priorities as well as our international partners within select markets. The market priorities were developed based on a specific set of criteria to ensure we expand our brands into the most attractive markets.

In December 2016, we announced our partnership with Miral Asset Management LLC to develop SeaWorld Abu Dhabi, a first-of-its-kind marine life themed park on Yas Island (the "Middle East Project"). As part of this partnership, we are providing certain services pertaining to the planning and design of the Middle East Project, with funding received from our partner in the Middle East expected to offset our internal expenses.

This next generation SeaWorld Abu Dhabi will also introduce the United Arab Emirates' ("UAE") first dedicated marine life research, rescue, rehabilitation and return center with world-class facilities and resources for the care and conservation of local marine life. Planned to open ahead of the marine life themed park, the facility will provide an important resource for UAE nationals and residents looking to develop or enhance expertise in marine life sciences and will serve as a hub for collaboration with local and international environmental organizations and projects.

SeaWorld Abu Dhabi will be the first new SeaWorld theme park without orcas, and will integrate up-close animal experiences, mega attractions and a world class aquarium, bringing the latest technology in visitor engagement. SeaWorld Abu Dhabi is expected to open by 2022. The Middle East Project is subject to various conditions, including, but not limited to, the parties completing the design development and there is no assurance that the Middle East Project will be completed or advance to the next stage.

On March 24, 2017, we announced that an affiliate of Zhonghong Zhuoye Group Co., Ltd. ("ZHG Group") entered into an agreement to acquire approximately 21% of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company (the "Sale") from affiliates of The Blackstone Group L.P. ("Seller"), pursuant to a Stock Purchase Agreement between ZHG and Seller (the "Stock Purchase Agreement"). The Sale closed on May 8, 2017. Also on March 24, 2017, we entered into a Park Exclusivity and Concept Design Agreement (the "ECDA") and a Center Concept & Preliminary Design Support Agreement (the "CDSA") with Zhonghong Holding, an affiliate of ZHG Group, to provide design, support and advisory services for various potential projects and granting exclusive rights in China, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau (the "Territory"). Under the terms of the ECDA, we will work with Zhonghong Holding and a top theme park design company, to create and produce concept designs and development analysis for theme parks, water parks and interactive parks in the Territory. Under the terms of the CDSA, we will provide guidance, support, input, and expertise relating to the initial strategic planning, concept and preliminary design of Zhonghong Holding's family entertainment and other similar centers.

For a discussion of certain risks associated with our international development strategy, see the "Risk Factors" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as such risk factors may be updated from time to time in our periodic filings with the SEC, and in Part II, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in this report.

Seasonality

The theme park industry is seasonal in nature. Historically, we generate the highest revenues in the second and third quarters of each year, in part because seven of our theme parks are only open for a portion of the year. Approximately two-thirds of our attendance and revenues are generated in the second and third quarters of the year and we typically incur a net loss in the first and fourth quarters. The percent mix of revenues by quarter is relatively constant each year, but revenues can shift between the first and second quarters due to the timing of Easter and spring break holidays and between the first and fourth quarters due to the timing of Christmas and New Year. Even for our five theme parks open year-round, attendance patterns have significant seasonality, driven by holidays, school vacations and weather conditions. One of our goals is to continue to generate cash flow throughout the year to maximize profitability and minimize the effects of seasonality, in particular at our theme parks that are open year-round. In recent years, we have begun to drive attendance during non-peak times by offering a variety of seasonal programs and events, such as shows for kids, special food and concert series, and Halloween and Christmas events. In addition, during seasonally slow times, operating costs are controlled by reducing operating hours and show schedules. Employment levels required for peak operations are met largely through part-time and seasonal hiring.

Principal Factors Affecting Our Results of Operations

Revenues

Our revenues are driven primarily by attendance in our theme parks and the level of per capita spending for admission to the theme parks and per capita spending inside the theme parks for culinary, merchandise and other in-park experiences. The level of attendance in our theme parks is a function of many factors, including the opening of new attractions and shows, competitive offerings, weather, fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and global and regional economic conditions, travel patterns of both our domestic and international guests, consumer confidence and other factors beyond our control, including the potential spread of contagious diseases. Admission per capita is driven by ticket pricing, the admissions product mix and the park attendance mix. In-park per capita spending is driven by pricing changes, penetration levels (percentage of guests purchasing), new product offerings, the mix of guests (such as local, domestic or international guests) and the mix of in-park spending. For other factors affecting our revenues, see the “Risk Factors” section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as such risk factors may be updated from time to time in our periodic filings with the SEC.

In addition to the theme parks, we are also involved in entertainment, media and consumer product businesses that leverage our intellectual property. While these businesses currently do not represent a material percentage of our revenue, they are important strategic drivers in terms of consumer awareness and brand building.

Costs and Expenses

The principal costs of our operations are employee salaries and benefits, advertising, maintenance, animal care, utilities and insurance. Factors that affect our costs and expenses include minimum wage legislation, competitive wage pressures, commodity prices, costs for construction, repairs and maintenance, other inflationary pressures and attendance levels. A large portion of our expenses is relatively fixed because the costs for full-time employees, advertising, maintenance, animal care, utilities and insurance do not vary significantly with attendance. For factors affecting our costs and expenses, see the “Risk Factors” section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as such risk factors may be updated from time to time in our periodic filings with the SEC.

Following a fundamental review of our cost structure, we are executing a comprehensive cost optimization program that is expected to reduce costs by approximately \$65.0 million, with a targeted \$40.0 million in net savings by the end of 2018. As part of this program, in December 2016, we committed to and implemented a restructuring program in an effort to reduce costs, increase efficiencies, reduce duplication of functions and improve operations (the “2016 Restructuring Program”). The 2016 Restructuring Program involved the elimination of approximately 320 positions by the end of the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2016 across our theme parks and our headquarters. See Note 13—Restructuring Program to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further details.

We barter theme park admission products for advertising and various other products and services. The fair value of the admission products is recognized into admissions revenue and related expenses at the time of the exchange and approximates the estimated fair value of the goods or services received or provided, whichever is more readily determinable.

R results of Operations

The following discussion provides an analysis of our operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016. This data should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Comparison of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 and 2016

The following table presents key operating and financial information for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,		Variance	
	2017	2016	\$	%
Summary Financial Data:				
Net revenues:				
Admissions	\$ 115,089	\$ 136,926	\$ (21,837)	(15.9%)
Food, merchandise and other	71,268	83,315	(12,047)	(14.5%)
Total revenues	186,357	220,241	(33,884)	(15.4%)
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of food, merchandise and other revenues	14,483	17,001	(2,518)	(14.8%)
Operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below and includes equity compensation of \$936 and \$9,340 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively)	157,324	180,293	(22,969)	(12.7%)
Selling, general and administrative (includes equity compensation of \$3,178 and \$20,250 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively)	52,418	67,354	(14,936)	(22.2%)
Restructuring and other related costs	—	112	(112)	(100.0%)
Depreciation and amortization	38,867	75,048	(36,181)	(48.2%)
Total costs and expenses	263,092	339,808	(76,716)	(22.6%)
Operating loss	(76,735)	(119,567)	42,832	35.8%
Other income, net	(86)	(142)	56	39.4%
Interest expense	18,261	14,581	3,680	25.2%
Loss on early extinguishment of debt and write-off of discounts and debt issuance costs	8,020	—	8,020	ND
Loss before income taxes	(102,930)	(134,006)	31,076	23.2%
Benefit from income taxes	(41,801)	(49,957)	8,156	16.3%
Net Loss	\$ (61,129)	\$ (84,049)	\$ 22,920	27.3%
Other data:				
Attendance	2,806	3,297	(491)	(14.9%)
Total revenue per capita	\$ 66.41	\$ 66.80	\$ (0.39)	(0.6%)

ND-Not determinable.

Admissions revenue. Admissions revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased \$21.8 million, or 15.9%, to \$115.1 million as compared to \$136.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The decrease in admissions revenue was primarily a result of a decline in attendance of approximately 491,000 guests, or 14.9%, largely due to a shift in the timing of the Easter holiday into the second quarter of 2017, which also impacted the timing of spring break for a number of schools from our key source markets. Attendance was also impacted, to a lesser extent, by a decline at our SeaWorld San Diego park where the One Ocean show ended in January so that the facility could be modified for the new Orca Encounter this summer. We believe the decline in attendance during this transition largely results from a lack of new content during the interim period. Admission per capita decreased by 1.2% to \$41.01 for the first quarter of 2017 compared to \$41.53 in the prior year quarter. The decline primarily results from the unfavorable timing of Easter which caused some of our international and domestic attendance to shift from the first quarter to the second quarter of 2017. Admission per capita also declined due to increased utilization of season pass products and associated free promotional ticket offerings when compared to the first quarter of 2016. These factors were partially offset by price increases in our admission products.

Food, merchandise and other revenue. Food, merchandise and other revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased \$12.0 million, or 14.5%, to \$71.3 million as compared to \$83.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The decrease primarily relates to the decline in attendance, offset marginally by an increase in in-park per capita spending. In-park per capita spending increased slightly by 0.5% to \$25.40 in the first quarter of 2017 compared to \$25.27 in the first quarter of 2016.

Costs of food, merchandise and other revenues. Costs of food, merchandise and other revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased \$2.5 million, or 14.8%, to \$14.5 million as compared to \$17.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The decrease primarily relates to the decline in attendance. These costs represent 20.3% and 20.4% of the related revenue earned for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Operating expenses. Operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased \$23.0 million, or 12.7%, to \$157.3 million as compared to \$180.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The decrease primarily relates to a decline in equity compensation expense and a decrease in asset write-offs when compared to the first quarter of 2016. The prior year quarter included incremental equity compensation expense of \$9.0 million associated with the 2.25x Performance Restricted shares, which vested on April 1, 2016 and \$6.4 million in asset write-offs associated with the canceled Blue World Project (see Note 11—Equity-Based Compensation and Note 1—Description of the Business and Basis of Presentation in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements). Operating expenses also decreased in the three months ended March 31, 2017 due to cost savings initiatives which included a reduction in headcount resulting from the 2016 Restructuring Program along with a decrease in direct labor costs driven by the decline in volume for the quarter.

Selling, general and administrative . Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased \$14.9 million, or 22.2%, to \$52.4 million as compared to \$67.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The decrease primarily relates to a decline in equity compensation expense largely related to \$18.5 million of incremental expense in the first quarter of 2016 associated with the 2.25x Performance Restricted shares which vested on April 1, 2016 (see Note 11—Equity-Based Compensation in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements). This decrease was partially offset by an increase in marketing costs due to the timing of advertising promotions versus the prior year period.

Restructuring and other related costs. Restructuring and other related costs for the three months ended March 31, 2016 represent severance associated with certain positions that were eliminated in the first quarter of 2016. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, there were no additional restructuring and other related costs associated with the 2016 Restructuring Program.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017 decreased \$36.2 million, or 48.2%, to \$38.9 million as compared to \$75.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The decrease is primarily related to \$33.7 million in accelerated depreciation incurred in the first quarter of 2016 due to the disposal of deep-water lifting floors from our orca habitats (see Note 1—Description of the Business and Basis of Presentation in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements). The remaining decrease relates to the impact of asset retirements and fully depreciated assets, partially offset by new asset additions.

Interest expense. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2017 increased \$3.7 million, or 25.2%, to \$18.3 million as compared to \$14.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The increase primarily relates to the impact of interest rate swap agreements which became effective in September of 2016. These interest rate swap agreements effectively fixed the interest rate at 2.45% on \$1.0 billion of variable-rate long-term debt.

Loss on early extinguishment of debt and write-off of discounts and debt issuance costs. Loss on early extinguishment of debt and write-off of discounts and debt issuance costs of \$8.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 primarily relates to a write-off of discounts and debt issuance costs resulting from Amendment 8 to our Senior Secured Credit Facilities entered into on March 31, 2017. See Note 6—Long-Term Debt in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the “*Our Indebtedness*” section which follows for further details.

Benefit from income taxes. Benefit from income taxes in the three months ended March 31, 2017 was \$41.8 million compared to \$50.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016. Our consolidated effective tax rate was 40.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to 37.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The effective tax rate increased primarily due to a one-time permanent charge in 2016 related to equity-based compensation which reduced the overall tax benefit and effective tax rate.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

Our principal sources of liquidity are cash generated from operations, funds from borrowings and existing cash on hand. Our principal uses of cash include the funding of working capital obligations, debt service, investments in theme parks (including capital projects), common stock dividends and share repurchases. As of March 31, 2017, we had a working capital deficit of approximately \$231.8 million. Partially as a result of the seasonal nature of our business, we typically operate with a working capital deficit and we expect that we will continue to have working capital deficits in the future. The working capital deficits are due in part to a significant deferred revenue balance from revenues paid in advance for our theme park admissions products and high turnover of in-park products that results in a limited inventory balance. Our cash flow from operations, along with our revolving credit facilities, have allowed us to meet our liquidity needs while maintaining a working capital deficit.

As market conditions warrant and subject to our contractual restrictions and liquidity position, we, our affiliates and/or our major stockholders, including Blackstone and its affiliates, may from time to time repurchase our outstanding equity and/or debt securities, including our outstanding bank loans in privately negotiated or open market transactions, by tender offer or otherwise. Any such repurchases may be funded by incurring new debt, including additional borrowings under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, defined below. Any new debt may also be secured debt. We may also use available cash on our balance sheet. The amounts involved in any such transactions, individually or in the aggregate, may be material. Further, since some of our debt may trade at a discount to the face amount among current or future syndicate members, any such purchases may result in our acquiring and retiring a substantial amount of any particular series, with the attendant reduction in the trading liquidity of any such series. Depending on conditions in the credit and capital markets and other factors, we will, from time to time, consider other financing transactions, the proceeds of which could be used to refinance our indebtedness or for other purposes.

Dividends

Prior to September 19, 2016, the Board had a policy to pay, subject to legally available funds, a regular quarterly dividend. The payment and timing of cash dividends was within the discretion of the Board and depended on many factors, including, but not limited to, our results of operations, financial condition, level of indebtedness, capital requirements, contractual restrictions, restrictions in our debt agreements and in any preferred stock, business prospects and other factors that the Board deemed relevant. In September 2016, the Board suspended the Company's quarterly dividend policy to allow greater flexibility to deploy capital to opportunities that offer the greatest long-term returns to shareholders such as, but not limited to, share repurchases, investments in new attractions or debt repayments.

Due to the March 14, 2016 dividend declaration, certain performance-vesting restricted shares (the "2.25x Performance Restricted shares") held by some of our equity plan participants vested on April 1, 2016. We recognized \$27.5 million of equity compensation expense and recorded approximately \$3.4 million of accumulated dividends related to these 2.25x Performance Restricted shares during the first quarter of 2016.

See Note 11—Equity-Based Compensation and Note 12—Stockholders' Equity in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further details on our dividend activity and the "Covenant Compliance" section which follows for further details on covenants that could restrict our ability to make certain restricted payments, including dividend payments and share repurchases.

Share Repurchases

Our Board has authorized a share repurchase program of up to \$250.0 million of our common stock (the "Share Repurchase Program"). Under the Share Repurchase Program, we are authorized to repurchase shares through open market purchases, privately-negotiated transactions or otherwise in accordance with applicable federal securities laws, including through Rule 10b5-1 trading plans and under Rule 10b-18 of the Exchange Act. The Share Repurchase Program has no time limit and may be suspended or discontinued completely at any time. The number of shares to be purchased and the timing of purchases will be based on the level of our cash balances, general business and market conditions, and other factors, including legal requirements, debt covenant restrictions and alternative investment opportunities.

Pursuant to the Share Repurchase Program, we have approximately up to \$190.0 million authorized and available for future repurchases as of March 31, 2017. There were no share repurchases during the three months ended March 31, 2017. See Note 12—Stockholders' Equity in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further details.

Other

As of March 31, 2017 the Company has five interest rate swap agreements (“the Interest Rate Swap Agreements”) which effectively fix the interest rate on the three month LIBOR-indexed interest payments associated with \$1.0 billion of SEA’s outstanding long-term debt. The Interest Rate Swap Agreements became effective on September 30, 2016; have a total notional amount of \$1.0 billion; and mature on May 14, 2020. See Note 6 – Long-Term Debt and Note 7 – Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further details.

We believe that existing cash and cash equivalents, cash flow from operations, and available borrowings under our revolving credit facility will be adequate to meet the capital expenditures and working capital requirements of our operations for at least the next 12 months.

The following table presents a summary of our cash flows provided by (used in) operating, investing, and financing activities for the periods indicated:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2017	2016
	(In thousands)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 5,692	\$ 32,231
Net cash used in investing activities	(57,803)	(47,502)
Net cash provided by financing activities	16,370	37,792
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (35,741)	\$ 22,521

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$5.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to \$32.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2016. The change in net cash provided by operating activities was primarily impacted by a decline in revenue partially offset by a decrease in expenses.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Investing activities consist principally of capital investments we make in our theme parks for future attractions and infrastructure. Net cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2017 consisted primarily of capital expenditures of \$56.9 million largely related to future attractions.

Net cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2016 consisted primarily of \$47.8 million of capital expenditures largely related to attractions that opened in 2016. The amount of our capital expenditures may be affected by general economic and financial conditions, among other things, including restrictions imposed by our borrowing arrangements. We generally expect to fund our capital expenditures through our operating cash flow.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2017 results primarily from net draws of \$40.6 million on our revolving credit facility, partially offset by \$15.4 million of debt issuance costs paid in connection with Amendment No. 8 to our Senior Secured Credit Facilities, as defined below, and net repayments on long-term debt of \$8.0 million. See Note 6–Long-term Debt in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further details.

Net cash used in financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2016 was primarily attributable to \$60.0 million in proceeds from borrowings on our revolving credit facility due to the seasonal nature of our business, offset by \$17.7 million in cash dividends paid to common stockholders and \$4.2 million paid on our Term B-2 and Term B-3 Loans under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, as defined below.

Our Indebtedness

The Company is a holding company and conducts its operations through its subsidiaries, which have incurred or guaranteed indebtedness as described below.

Senior Secured Credit Facilities

SeaWorld Parks & Entertainment, Inc. (“SEA”) is the borrower under our senior secured credit facilities (the “Senior Secured Credit Facilities”) pursuant to a credit agreement dated as of December 1, 2009, by and among SEA, as borrower, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, collateral agent, letter of credit issuer and swing line lender and the other agents and lenders party thereto, as the same may be amended, restated, supplemented or modified from time to time. On March 31, 2017, SEA entered into a refinancing amendment, Amendment No. 8 (the “Amendment”), to the existing Senior Secured Credit Facilities.

In connection with the Amendment, SEA borrowed \$998.3 million of additional term loans (the “Term B-5 Loans”) of which the proceeds, along with cash on hand, were used to redeem all of the then outstanding principal of the Term B-3 Loans, with a principal amount equal to \$244.7 million, and a portion of the then outstanding principal of the Term B-2 Loans, with a principal amount equal to \$753.6 million, and pay other fees, costs and expenses in connection with the Amendment and related transactions. Additionally, pursuant to the Amendment, SEA terminated the existing revolving credit commitments (the “Terminated Revolving Credit Facility”) and replaced them with a new tranche with an aggregate commitment amount of \$210.0 million (the “New Revolving Credit Facility”). In connection with the Amendment, SEA recorded discounts and debt issuance costs of approximately \$5.0 million. Additionally, SEA wrote-off debt issuance costs of approximately \$8.0 million, which is included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss as loss on extinguishment of debt and write-off of discounts and debt issuances costs during the three months ended March 31, 2017.

As of March 31, 2017, our Senior Secured Credit Facilities consisted of \$567.3 million in Term B-2 Loans which will mature on May 14, 2020 and \$998.3 million in Term B-5 Loans which will mature on March 31, 2024 along with a \$210.0 million senior secured New Revolving Credit Facility, of which \$65.0 million was outstanding as of March 31, 2017. The New Revolving Credit Facility will mature on the earlier of (a) March 31, 2022 and (b) the 91st day prior to the earlier of (1) the maturity of the Term B-2 Loans with an aggregate principal amount greater than \$50.0 million and (2) the maturity date of any indebtedness incurred to refinance the Term B-2 Loans with an aggregate principal amount greater than \$50.0 million. Subsequent to March 31, 2017, SEA repaid \$30.0 million on the New Revolving Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2017, SEA had approximately \$19.0 million of outstanding letters of credit, leaving approximately \$126.0 million available for borrowing.

See Note 6—Long-Term Debt in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further details concerning our long-term debt.

Covenant Compliance

The credit agreement governing the Senior Secured Credit Facilities provides for certain events of default which, if any of them were to occur, would permit or require the principal of and accrued interest, if any, on the loans under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities to become or be declared due and payable (subject, in some cases, to specified grace periods).

Under the credit agreement governing the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, our ability to engage in activities such as incurring additional indebtedness, making investments, refinancing certain indebtedness, paying dividends and entering into certain merger transactions is governed, in part, by our ability to satisfy tests based on Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is not a recognized term under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”). See further discussion in Adjusted EBITDA section which follows.

The Senior Secured Credit Facilities defines “Adjusted EBITDA” as net income before interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization, as further adjusted to exclude certain unusual, non-cash, and other items permitted in calculating covenant compliance under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities. Adjusted EBITDA is consistent with our reported Adjusted EBITDA.

On March 31, 2017, the Amendment amended the definition of Adjusted EBITDA to (i) increase the cap on add-backs to Adjusted EBITDA for severance costs and other restructuring charges from \$10.0 million in any period of four consecutive fiscal quarters to \$15.0 million in any fiscal year and (ii) remove the \$30.0 million aggregate cap for add-backs to Adjusted EBITDA for cost savings and other synergies in connection with initiatives that do not result from acquisitions or dispositions.

The Senior Secured Credit Facilities contain a number of covenants that, among other things, restrict our ability and the ability of our restricted subsidiaries to, among other things, make certain restricted payments (as defined in the Senior Secured Credit Facilities), including dividend payments and share repurchases. See Note 6—Long-Term Debt in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further details concerning the calculation of the Total Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Senior Secured Credit Facilities). As of March 31, 2017, the total leverage ratio as calculated under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities was 5.20 to 1.00, which results in a \$25.0 million capacity for restricted payments in the year ending December 31, 2017. The total net leverage ratio calculation is based on financial data for the twelve month period ended March 31, 2017, which does not include any Easter holiday and the related spring break benefit. The amount available for share repurchases and certain other restricted payments under the covenant restrictions in the debt agreements adjusts at the beginning of each quarter as set forth in Note 6—Long-Term Debt to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

As of March 31, 2017, we were in compliance with all covenants in the credit agreement governing the Senior Secured Credit Facilities.

Adjusted EBITDA

We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA is appropriate as it eliminates the effect of certain non-cash and other items not necessarily indicative of a company's underlying operating performance. We use Adjusted EBITDA in connection with certain components of our executive compensation program. In addition, investors, lenders, financial analysts and rating agencies have historically used EBITDA related measures in our industry, along with other measures, to estimate the value of a company, to make informed investment decisions and to evaluate companies in the industry. In addition, the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA provides additional information to investors about the calculation of, and compliance with, certain financial covenants in the Senior Secured Credit Facilities. Adjusted EBITDA is a material component of these covenants.

Adjusted EBITDA is not a recognized term under GAAP, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for a measure of our financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP and is not indicative of income from operations as determined under GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA and other non-GAAP financial measures have limitations which should be considered before using these measures to evaluate our financial performance. Adjusted EBITDA, as presented by us, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies due to varying methods of calculation.

The following table reconciles Adjusted EBITDA to net loss for the periods indicated:

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2017	2016
	<i>(Unaudited, in thousands)</i>	
Net loss	\$ (61,129)	\$ (84,049)
Benefit from income taxes	(41,801)	(49,957)
Loss on early extinguishment of debt and write-off of discounts and debt issuance costs (a)	8,020	—
Interest expense	18,261	14,581
Depreciation and amortization	38,867	75,048
Equity-based compensation expense (b)	4,114	29,590
Other non-cash expenses (c)	217	6,503
Other business optimization costs (d)	2,117	874
Other adjusting items (e)	971	1,403
Other items (f)	—	64
Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ (30,363)</u>	<u>\$ (5,943)</u>

- (a) Reflects primarily the write-off of \$8.0 million in debt issuance costs incurred on the Term B-5 Loans during the three months ended March 31, 2017. See Note 6—Long-Term Debt in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further details.
- (b) Reflects non-cash equity compensation expenses associated with the grants of equity compensation and includes \$27.5 million in the three months ended March 31, 2016 associated with the 2.25x Performance Restricted shares, which vested on April 1, 2016 (see Note 11—Equity-Based Compensation in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further details).
- (c) Reflects non-cash expenses related to miscellaneous asset write-offs, including \$6.4 million in the three months ended March 31, 2016 associated with the canceled Blue World Project, and non-cash losses on derivatives.
- (d) Reflects business optimization and other strategic initiative costs primarily composed of \$1.7 million of third party consulting costs incurred in the three months ended March 31, 2017. Also, as a result of changes to our Adjusted EBITDA covenant calculations from Amendment No. 8 to our Senior Secured Credit Facilities, for the three months ended March 31, 2017, also includes a net \$0.4 million of separation costs for certain positions eliminated not related to a formal restructuring program or cost saving initiative. For the three months ended March 31, 2016, reflects business optimization costs incurred primarily related to \$0.4 million of restructuring and related costs associated with severance and other employment expenses for certain positions eliminated in the first quarter of 2016 as a result of cost savings initiatives and \$0.5 million of third party consulting costs.
- (e) Reflects costs incurred of \$0.9 million and \$1.4 million related to product and intellectual property development for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and less than \$0.1 million of state franchise taxes paid in the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

- (f) Reflects the impact of certain items which we are permitted to exclude under the credit agreement governing our Senior Secured Credit Facilities due to the unusual nature of the items. The credit agreement allows these items to be excluded on an after-tax basis only, and accordingly, these items are presented net of related taxes of less than \$0.1 million in the three months ended March 31, 2016.

Contractual Obligations

There have been no material changes to our contractual obligations from those previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K other than the long-term debt, interest obligations and other contractual obligations pursuant to Amendment No. 8 to our Senior Secured Credit Facilities entered into on March 31, 2017. As a result of these changes, our long-term debt obligations as of March 31, 2017, not including any possible prepayments are as follows for the less than one year, 1-3 year, and 3-5 year periods, and over 5 years, respectively (in thousands): \$91,500; \$47,414; \$543,315; and \$948,390. Our estimated future interest payments for our Senior Secured Credit Facilities based on interest rates in effect at March 31, 2017 are as follows for the less than one year, 1-3 year, 3-5 year periods, and over 5 years, respectively (in thousands): \$61,736; \$104,346; \$59,471; and \$56,379. Interest obligations also include letter of credit and commitment fees for the used and unused portions of our New Revolving Credit Facility. See Note 6-Long-Term Debt to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements therein for further discussion.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses, and disclosure of contingencies during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions include the valuation and useful lives of long-lived tangible and intangible assets, the valuation of goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets, the accounting for income taxes, the accounting for self-insurance and revenue recognition. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The critical accounting estimates associated with these policies are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." These critical accounting policies include property and equipment, impairment of long-lived assets, goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets, accounting for income taxes, self-insurance reserves, and revenue recognition. There have been no material changes to our significant accounting policies as compared to the significant accounting policies described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed on March 1, 2017.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We had no off-balance sheet arrangements as of March 31, 2017.

Recently Issued Financial Accounting Standards

Refer to Note 2—Recent Accounting Pronouncements in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further details.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Inflation

The impact of inflation has affected, and will continue to affect, our operations significantly. Our costs of food, merchandise and other revenues are influenced by inflation and fluctuations in global commodity prices. In addition, costs for construction, repairs and maintenance are all subject to inflationary pressures.

Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to market risks from fluctuations in interest rates, and to a lesser extent on currency exchange rates, from time to time, on imported rides and equipment. The objective of our financial risk management is to reduce the potential negative impact of interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations to acceptable levels. We do not acquire market risk sensitive instruments for trading purposes.

We manage interest rate risk through the use of a combination of fixed-rate long-term debt and interest rate swaps that fix a portion of our variable-rate long-term debt.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives is recognized directly in earnings. Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive loss related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest expense as interest payments are made on our variable-rate debt. During the next 12 months, our estimate is that an additional \$10.8 million will be reclassified as an increase to interest expense.

After considering the impact of interest rate swap agreements, at March 31, 2017, approximately \$1.0 billion of our outstanding long-term debt represents fixed-rate debt and approximately \$565.6 million represents variable-rate debt. Assuming an average balance on our revolving credit borrowings of approximately \$40.0 million, a hypothetical 100 bps increase in 3 month LIBOR on our variable-rate debt would lead to an increase of approximately \$6.1 million in annual cash interest costs due to the impact of our fixed-rate swap agreements.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Regulations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), require public companies, including us, to maintain “disclosure controls and procedures,” which are defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act to mean a company’s controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required or necessary disclosures. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. Our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded, based on the evaluation of the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures by our management as of the end of the fiscal quarter covered by this Quarterly Report, that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to accomplish their objectives at a reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Regulations under the Exchange Act require public companies, including our Company, to evaluate any change in our “internal control over financial reporting” as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and Rule 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the fiscal quarter covered by this Quarterly Report that have materially affected, or that are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

See Note 10—Commitments and Contingencies in our notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further details concerning our legal proceedings.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors set forth in Item 1A. to Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, as filed on March 1, 2017, except as noted below and except to the extent factual information disclosed elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q relates to such risk factors.

Affiliates of ZHG Group will be able to significantly influence our decisions and their interests may conflict with ours or yours in the future.

As Blackstone completed its sale of our common stock to ZHG Group on May 8, 2017, affiliates of ZHG Group beneficially own approximately 21% of our common stock as of such date and have the ability to elect members of our Board of Directors as described in our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 24, 2017. Thus, for so long as ZHG Group continues to own specified percentages of our stock, ZHG Group will be able to influence the composition of our Board of Directors and the approval of actions requiring stockholder approval. Accordingly, during that period of time, ZHG Group will have influence with respect to our management, business plans and policies, including the appointment and removal of our officers. For example, for so long as ZHG Group continues to own a significant percentage of our stock, ZHG Group may be able to influence whether or not a change of control of our company or a change in the composition of our Board of Directors occurs. The concentration of ownership could deprive you of an opportunity to receive a premium for your shares of common stock as part of a sale of our company and ultimately might affect the market price of our common stock.

ZHG Group and its respective affiliates engage in a broad spectrum of activities, including investments in the real estate, leisure, culture, and tourism industries. In the ordinary course of their business activities, ZHG Group and its respective affiliates may engage in activities where their interests conflict with ours or those of our stockholders. For example, the ZHG Group recently acquired Abercrombie & Kent, Group of Companies, S.A., a major international luxury and adventure tour operator. Under the Company's stockholders agreement with ZHG Group, the Company agreed to renounce any interest or expectancy, or right to be offered an opportunity to participate in, any business opportunity or corporate opportunity presented to ZHG Group or its affiliates. ZHG Group also may pursue acquisition opportunities that may be complementary to our business, and, as a result, those acquisition opportunities may be unavailable to us. In addition, ZHG Group may have an interest in pursuing acquisitions, divestitures and other transactions that, in their judgment, could enhance their respective investments, even though such transactions might involve risks to you.

We may not realize the benefits of acquisitions or other strategic initiatives.

Our business strategy may include selective expansion, both domestically and internationally, through acquisitions of assets or other strategic initiatives, such as joint ventures, that allow us to profitably expand our business and leverage our brands. For example, on December 13, 2016, we announced our partnership with Miral Asset Management LLC (the "Miral Partnership") to develop SeaWorld Abu Dhabi, a first-of-its-kind marine life themed park on Yas Island. In addition, on March 24, 2017, we entered into a Park Exclusivity and Concept Design Agreement ("ECDA") and a Center Concept & Preliminary Design Support Agreement ("CDSA") with an affiliate of ZHG Group to provide design, support and advisory services for various potential projects and granting exclusive rights in China, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau. There is no assurance that the Miral Partnership or any other expansion effort for our business, including without limitation the ECDA and the CDSA, will be successful. Any international transactions and partnerships are subject to additional risks, including foreign and U.S. regulations on the import and export of animals, the impact of economic fluctuations in economies outside of the United States, difficulties and costs of staffing and managing foreign operations due to distance, language and cultural differences, as well as political instability and lesser degree of legal protection in certain jurisdictions, currency exchange fluctuations and potentially adverse tax consequences of overseas operations. In addition, the success of any acquisitions depends on effective integration of acquired businesses and assets into our operations, which is subject to risks and uncertainties, including realization of anticipated synergies and cost savings, the ability to retain and attract personnel, the diversion of management's attention from other business concerns, and undisclosed or potential legal liabilities of acquired businesses or assets.

In November 2015, we communicated our roadmap to stabilize our business to drive sustainable growth. This plan encompasses five key points which include (i) providing experiences that matter; (ii) delivering distinct guest experiences that are fun and meaningful; (iii) pursuing organic and strategic revenue growth; (iv) addressing the challenges we face; and (v) financial discipline. As part of our five point plan, on December 6, 2016, we committed to and implemented a restructuring program to reduce costs, increase efficiencies, reduce duplication of functions and improve the Company's operations (the "2016 Restructuring Program"). The 2016 Restructuring Program is part of our previously announced comprehensive cost optimization program that is expected to reduce costs by approximately \$65.0 million, with a targeted \$40.0 million in net savings by the end of 2018. The 2016 Restructuring Program involved the elimination of approximately 320 positions by the end of the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2016 across our twelve theme parks and our headquarters. Any of these strategies to drive sustainable growth in our business may be unsuccessful and we may not be able to achieve the targeted cost savings or grow our business.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The Company had no unregistered sales of equity securities during the first quarter of 2017. The following table sets forth information with respect to shares of our common stock purchased by the Company during the periods indicated:

<u>Period Beginning</u>	<u>Period Ended</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)</u>	<u>Average Price Paid per Share</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</u>	<u>Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (2)</u>
January 1, 2017	January 31, 2017	123	\$ 18.93	—	\$ 190,000,035
February 1, 2017	February 28, 2017	2,492	\$ 19.21	—	190,000,035
March 1, 2017	March 31, 2017	37,423	\$ 18.65	—	190,000,035
		<u>40,038</u>		<u>—</u>	<u>\$ 190,000,035</u>

- (1) All purchases were made pursuant to the Company's Omnibus Incentive Plan, under which participants may satisfy tax withholding obligations incurred upon the vesting of restricted stock by requesting the Company to withhold shares with a value equal to the amount of the withholding obligation.
- (2) In 2014, the Company announced a share repurchase program approved by the Board authorizing the repurchase of up to \$250.0 million of the Company's common stock (the "Share Repurchase Program"). Under the Share Repurchase Program, the Company is authorized to repurchase shares through open market purchases, privately-negotiated transactions or otherwise in accordance with applicable federal securities laws, including through Rule 10b5-1 trading plans and under Rule 10b-18 of the Exchange Act. The Share Repurchase Program has no time limit and may be suspended or discontinued completely at any time.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Board of Director Changes

On May 8, 2017, in connection with the closing of the Sale, Peter F. Wallace notified the Board of Directors of the Company that he would resign from the Board immediately after the Company's 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "Annual Meeting"). Mr. Wallace has served as a director of the Company since 2009. Mr. Wallace advised the Board that his decision to resign was a condition precedent to the Sale and was not due to a disagreement with the Company on any matters involving the Company's operations, policies or practices. Immediately after the Annual Meeting, the Company will increase the size of the Board from 10 directors to 11 directors and appoint two ZHG director designees to the Board, Mr. Yoshikazu Maruyama and Mr. Yongli Wang, for initial terms expiring in 2018 and 2019, respectively.

Rule 10b5-1 Plans

Our policy governing transactions in our securities by our directors, officers and employees permits such persons to adopt stock trading plans pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 promulgated by the SEC under the Exchange Act. Our directors, officers and employees have in the past and may from time to time establish such stock trading plans. We do not undertake any obligation to disclose, or to update or revise any disclosure regarding, any such plans and specifically do not undertake to disclose the adoption, amendment, termination or expiration of any such plans.

Item 6. Exhibits

See Exhibit Index immediately following signature page hereto, which is incorporated herein by reference.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC.
(Registrant)

Date: May 9, 2017

By: /s/ Peter J. Crage

Peter J. Crage
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: May 9, 2017

By: /s/ Marc G. Swanson

Marc G. Swanson
Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

The following is a list of all exhibits filed or furnished as part of this report:

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
10.1 †	Second Amended and Restated Stock Ownership Guidelines, effective January 18, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.56 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 1, 2017) (File no. 001-35883)
10.2 †	Amendment #1 to Offer Letter, dated February 1, 2017, between SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc. and Denise L. Godreau (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.55 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 1, 2017) (File no. 001-35883)
10.3 †	Amended and Restated Key Employee Severance Plan, effective March 1, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.57 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 1, 2017) (File no. 001-35883)
10.4	Stockholders Agreement, dated as of March 24, 2017, by and among SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., Sun Wise (UK) Co., Ltd. and, solely for purposes of Section 4.3 thereof, Zhonghong Zhuoye Group Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 24, 2017) (File no. 001-35883)
10.5	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of March 24, 2017, by and between SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc. and Sun Wise (UK) Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 24, 2017) (File no. 001-35883)
10.6	Amendment No. 8, dated as of March 31, 2017, to the Credit Agreement, among SeaWorld Parks & Entertainment, Inc., the guarantors party thereto from time to time, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, collateral agent, L/C issuer and swing line lender and the other agents and lenders from time to time party thereto (the Amended credit Agreement is included as Exhibit A thereto) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 4, 2017) (File no. 001-35883)
10.7 † *	Form of Restricted Stock Grant Notice and Restricted Stock Agreement (Employees—Annual Incentive Plan Award)
10.8 † *	Form of Restricted Stock Grant Notice and Restricted Stock Agreement (Senior Leadership Team—Time-Based Shares)
10.9 † *	Form of Restricted Stock Grant Notice and Restricted Stock Agreement (Senior Leadership Team—Performance-Based Shares)
10.10 † *	Fourth Amended and Restated Outside Director Compensation Policy, effective April 12, 2017
31.1*	Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Executive Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Financial Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
99.1	Park Exclusivity and Concept Design Agreement, dated as of March 24, 2017, between Sea Holdings I, LLC and Zhonghong Holding Co., Ltd. (Portions of this exhibit have been omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 24, 2017) (File no. 001-35883)
99.2	Center Concept and Preliminary Design Support Agreement, dated as of March 24, 2017 between Sea Holdings I, LLC and Zhonghong Holding Co., Ltd. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.4 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 24, 2017) (File no. 001-35883)
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

† Identifies exhibits that consist of a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
* Filed herewith.

The agreements and other documents filed as exhibits to this report are not intended to provide factual information or other disclosure other than with respect to the terms of the agreements or other documents themselves, and you should not rely on them for that purpose. In particular, any representations and warranties made by us in these agreements or other documents were made solely within the specific context of the relevant agreement or document and may not describe the actual state of affairs as of the date they were made or at any other time.

**RESTRICTED STOCK GRANT NOTICE
UNDER THE
SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC.
2013 OMNIBUS INCENTIVE PLAN
(Employees – Annual Incentive Plan Award)**

SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), pursuant to its 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), hereby grants to the Participant set forth below the number of shares of Restricted Stock set forth below. The shares of Restricted Stock are subject to all of the terms and conditions as set forth herein, in the Restricted Stock Agreement (attached hereto or previously provided to the Participant in connection with a prior grant), and in the Plan, all of which are incorporated herein in their entirety. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

Participant : [*Participant Name*]

Date of Grant : [*Date of Grant*]

Performance Period: The period commencing on January 1, 2017 and ending on December 31, 2017 (the “Performance Period”)

**Target Number of
Shares of Restricted Stock :** [*Target No. of Shares of Restricted Stock*]

**Maximum Number of
Shares of Restricted Stock** [*Maximum No. of Shares of Restricted Stock at Maximum Level of Performance*]

Vesting Schedule : The shares of Restricted Stock shall vest at such times and in such amounts as set forth in Exhibit A to the Restricted Stock Agreement.

* **

THE UNDERSIGNED PARTICIPANT ACKNOWLEDGES RECEIPT OF THIS RESTRICTED STOCK GRANT NOTICE, THE RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT AND THE PLAN, AND, AS AN EXPRESS CONDITION TO THE GRANT OF SHARES OF RESTRICTED STOCK HEREUNDER, AGREES TO BE BOUND BY THE TERMS OF THIS RESTRICTED STOCK GRANT NOTICE, THE RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT AND THE PLAN.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. PARTICIPANT 1

By:
Title:

1 To the extent that the Company has established, either itself or through a third-party plan administrator, the ability to accept this award electronically, such acceptance shall constitute the Participant's signature hereof.

**RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT
UNDER THE
SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC.
2013 OMNIBUS INCENTIVE PLAN**

Pursuant to the Restricted Stock Grant Notice (the “Grant Notice”) delivered to the Participant (as defined in the Grant Notice), and subject to the terms of this Restricted Stock Agreement (this “Restricted Stock Agreement”) and the SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc. 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), and the Participant agree as follows. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meaning as set forth in the Plan.

1. **Grant of Shares of Restricted Stock**. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein and in the Plan, the Company hereby grants to the Participant the number of shares of Restricted Stock provided in the Grant Notice. The Company may make one or more additional grants of shares of Restricted Stock to the Participant under this Restricted Stock Agreement by providing the Participant with a new Grant Notice, which may also include any terms and conditions differing from this Restricted Stock Agreement to the extent provided therein. The Company reserves all rights with respect to the granting of additional shares of Restricted Stock hereunder and makes no implied promise to grant additional shares of Restricted Stock.

2. **Vesting**. Subject to the conditions contained herein and in the Plan, the shares of Restricted Stock shall vest and the restrictions on such shares of Restricted Stock shall lapse as provided in Exhibit A attached hereto. With respect to any share of Restricted Stock, the period of time that such share of Restricted Stock remains subject to vesting shall be its Restricted Period.

3. **Issuance of Shares of Restricted Stock**. The provisions of Section 9(d)(i) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.

4. **Treatment of Shares of Restricted Stock Upon Termination**. The provisions of Sections 9(b) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof. In the event the Participant undergoes a Termination, the treatment of the unvested shares of Restricted Stock shall be set forth in Exhibit A attached hereto.

5. **Company; Participant**.

(a) The term “Company” as used in this Restricted Stock Agreement with reference to employment shall include the Company and its Subsidiaries.

(b) Whenever the word “Participant” is used in any provision of this Restricted Stock Agreement under circumstances where the provision should logically be construed to apply to the executors, the administrators, or the person or persons to whom the shares of Restricted Stock may be transferred by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, the word “Participant” shall be deemed to include such person or persons.

6. **Non-Transferability**. The shares of Restricted Stock are not transferable by the Participant except to Permitted Transferees in accordance with Section 14(b) of the Plan. Except as otherwise provided herein, no assignment or transfer of the shares of Restricted Stock, or of the rights represented thereby, whether voluntary or involuntary, by operation of law or otherwise, shall vest in the assignee or transferee any interest or right herein whatsoever, but immediately upon such assignment or transfer the shares of Restricted Stock shall terminate and become of no further effect.

7. **Rights as Stockholder; Legend**. The provisions of Sections 9(b) and 9(e) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof; provided, that any cash or in-kind dividends paid with respect to the shares of Restricted Stock which have not, prior to the record date of the dividend, become vested shall be withheld by the Company without interest and shall be paid to the Participant only when, and if, such shares of Restricted Stock shall become vested pursuant to Section 2.

8. **Tax Withholding**. The provisions of Section 14(d) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.

9. **Notice.** Every notice or other communication relating to this Restricted Stock Agreement between the Company and the Participant shall be in writing, and shall be mailed to or delivered to the party for whom it is intended at such address as may from time to time be designated by such party in a notice mailed or delivered to the other party as herein provided; *provided* that, unless and until some other address be so designated, all notices or communications by the Participant to the Company shall be mailed or delivered to the Company at its principal executive office, to the attention of the Corporate Secretary, and all notices or communications by the Company to the Participant may be given to the Participant personally or may be mailed to the Participant at the Participant's last known address, as reflected in the Company's records. Notwithstanding the above, all notices and communications between the Participant and any third-party plan administrator shall be mailed, delivered, transmitted or sent in accordance with the procedures established by such third-party plan administrator and communicated to the Participant from time to time.

10. **No Right to Continued Service.** This Restricted Stock Agreement does not confer upon the Participant any right to continue as an employee or service provider to the Company.

11. **Binding Effect.** This Restricted Stock Agreement shall be binding upon the heirs, executors, administrators and successors of the parties hereto.

12. **Waiver and Amendments.** Except as otherwise set forth in Section 13 of the Plan, any waiver, alteration, amendment or modification of any of the terms of this Restricted Stock Agreement shall be valid only if made in writing and signed by the parties hereto; *provided, however*, that any such waiver, alteration, amendment or modification is consented to on the Company's behalf by the Committee. No waiver by either of the parties hereto of their rights hereunder shall be deemed to constitute a waiver with respect to any subsequent occurrences or transactions hereunder unless such waiver specifically states that it is to be construed as a continuing waiver.

13. **Clawback/Forfeiture.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein or in the Plan, if the Participant has engaged in or engages in any Detrimental Activity, then the Committee may, in its sole discretion, take actions permitted under the Plan, including: (i) cancel the shares of Restricted Stock, or (ii) require that the Participant forfeit any gain realized on the vesting of the Restricted Stock, and repay such gain to the Company. In addition, if the Participant receives any amount in excess of what the Participant should have received under the terms of this Restricted Stock Agreement for any reason (including without limitation by reason of a financial restatement, mistake in calculations or other administrative error), then the Participant shall be required to repay any such excess amount to the Company. Without limiting the foregoing, all shares of Restricted Stock shall be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture or recoupment to the extent necessary to comply with applicable law and applicable Company policies.

14. **Governing Law.** This Restricted Stock Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law thereof. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Restricted Stock Agreement, the Grant Notice or the Plan to the contrary, if any suit or claim is instituted by the Participant or the Company relating to this Restricted Stock Agreement, the Grant Notice or the Plan, the Participant hereby submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of and venue in the courts of Delaware.

15. **Plan.** The terms and provisions of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference. In the event of a conflict or inconsistency between the terms and provisions of the Plan and the provisions of this Restricted Stock Agreement, the Plan shall govern and control.

Exhibit A

1. Normal Vesting of Restricted Stock.

(a) The Performance Period shall mean the period from January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017. Fifty percent (50%) of the “Target Number of Shares of Restricted Stock” provided on the Grant Notice will be eligible to be earned based on the Adjusted EBITDA Component (as set forth in Section 1(b)(A) below), thirty percent (30%) of the “Target Number of Shares of Restricted Stock” provided on the Grant Notice will be eligible to be earned based on the Total Revenue Component (as set forth in Section 1(b)(B) below) and twenty percent (20%) of the “Target Number of Shares of Restricted Stock” provided on the Grant Notice will be eligible to be earned based on the EBITDA Margin Component (as set forth in Section 1(b)(C) below), in each case, (based on a multiple from zero percent (0%) up to a maximum of two hundred percent (200%)) pursuant to Section 1(b) below at the end of the Performance Period and the Earned Amount (as defined below) will be eligible to become vested pursuant to Section 1(c) below. The Adjusted EBITDA Component, the Total Revenue Component and the EBITDA Margin Component below shall collectively be referred to herein as the “Performance Components” and the applicable portion of the “Target Number of Shares of Restricted Stock” shall each be referred to herein as the applicable “Performance Component Percentage”.

Performance Component	Performance Component Percentage
Adjusted EBITDA	50%
Total Revenue	30%
EBITDA Margin	20%

(b) During the first ninety (90) days of the Performance Period, the Committee will determine:

(A) Adjusted EBITDA Component. A projected Adjusted EBITDA target for the Performance Period (the “Adjusted EBITDA Target”). For purposes of this Exhibit A, the term “Adjusted EBITDA” shall mean the Adjusted EBITDA which is publicly disclosed in (or otherwise calculated in a manner consistent with) the Company’s earnings release for the applicable fiscal year during the Performance Period.

(B) Total Revenue Component. A projected Net Revenue for the Performance Period (the “Revenue Target”). For purposes of Exhibit A, the term “Net Revenue” shall mean the Company’s net revenue, as reported in (or otherwise calculated in a manner consistent with) the Company’s Form 10-Ks and Form 10-Qs as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission for the fiscal year during the Performance Period.

(C) EBITDA Margin Component. A projected EBITDA Margin for the Performance Period (the “EBITDA Margin Target”). For purposes of Exhibit A, the term “EBITDA Margin” shall mean the percentage equal to the Adjusted EBITDA divided by the Net Revenue during the Performance Period.

In connection with the foregoing, the Company’s Chief Financial Officer shall certify in writing to the Committee the Adjusted EBITDA, the Net Revenue and the EBITDA Margin.

Following the completion of the Performance Period, the Committee will determine the “Actual Performance Percentage” for each Performance Component by calculating for the applicable Performance Component the percentage by which the Adjusted EBITDA, Net Revenue and EBITDA Margin, as applicable, met or exceeded the Adjusted EBITDA Target, Revenue Target and EBITDA Margin Target, respectively. The number of shares of Restricted Stock that will be earned (the “Earned Amount”) with respect to each Performance Component will be based on the achievement of the Actual Performance Percentage as set forth in the table below times the applicable Performance Component Percentage set forth in the table above:

Actual Performance Percentage for the Adjusted EBITDA Component*	Percentage of Restricted Stock Earned for the Adjusted EBITDA Component***
Actual Performance Percentage less than [threshold]%	0%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [threshold]%	30%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [target]%	100%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [maximum]%	200%

* For an Actual Performance Percentage at least equal to [threshold]% which falls in between the levels set forth in the table above, the Committee shall apply straight-line interpolation to determine the Earned Amount for the Adjusted EBITDA Component, provided that in no event shall the Earned Amount exceed 200% of such Performance Component.

Actual Performance Percentage for the Total Revenue Component and EBITDA Margin Component**	Percentage of Restricted Stock Earned for the Total Revenue Component and EBITDA Margin Component ***
Actual Performance Percentage less than [threshold]%	0%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [threshold]%	30%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [target]%	100%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [maximum]%	200%

** For an Actual Performance Percentage at least equal to [threshold]% which falls in between the levels set forth in the table above, the Committee shall apply straight-line interpolation to determine the Earned Amount for the Total Revenue Component and EBITDA Margin Component, provided that in no event shall the Earned Amount exceed 200% of any such Performance Component.

*** By way of illustration, if the “Target Number of Shares of Restricted Stock” is [*] shares of Restricted Stock and the Company’s Actual Performance Percentage (x) for the Adjusted EBITDA Component is [%], (y) for the Total Revenue Component is [%] and (z) for the EBITDA Margin Component is [%], then the Earned Amount with respect to Adjusted EBITDA Component, Total Revenue Component and EBITDA Component will be [*] shares ([*] shares x [%]), [*] shares ([*] shares x [%]) and [*] shares ([*] shares x [%]), respectively. [*] shares of Restricted Stock will vest on the date the Committee determines the Actual Performance Percentages for the Performance Period.

The sum of the Earned Amount for each Performance Component is referred to as the “Total Earned Amount”. A number of shares of Restricted Stock equal to the Total Earned Amount will be eligible to vest pursuant to Section 1(c) below.

(c) Provided the Participant has not undergone a Termination on or prior to the last day of the Performance Period, a number of shares of Restricted Stock equal to the Total Earned Amount shall vest and the restrictions on such shares of Restricted Stock shall lapse on the date (the “Normal Vesting Date”) the Committee determines the Actual Performance Percentages of the Performance Period and the Company publicly discloses the Adjusted EBITDA for the Performance Period in the Company’s earnings release. Any remaining shares of unvested Restricted Stock that do not become vested in accordance with the preceding sentence (if any) shall immediately be forfeited to the Company by the Participant for no consideration as of the Normal Vesting Date. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Restricted Stock Agreement, the Grant Notice or the Plan to the contrary, no shares of Restricted Stock shall vest in the event the Actual Performance Percentage for the Adjusted EBITDA Component is less than [threshold]% and, in such event, all shares of Restricted Stock shall immediately be forfeited to the Company by the Participant for no consideration as of the Normal Vesting Date.

2. Treatment of Shares of Restricted Stock Upon Termination

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 9(c)(ii) of the Plan, in the Event of Participant’s Termination for any reason on or prior to the last day of the Performance Period, all unvested shares of Restricted Stock shall be forfeited to the Company by the Participant for no consideration as of the date of such Termination. For the avoidance of doubt, in the event the Participant’s Termination occurs after the last day of the Performance Period but prior to the Vesting Date, the shares of Restricted Stock shall remain eligible to vest in accordance with Section 1 of this Exhibit A.

**RESTRICTED STOCK GRANT NOTICE
UNDER THE
SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC.
2013 OMNIBUS INCENTIVE PLAN
(Senior Leadership Team – Time-Based Shares)**

SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), pursuant to its 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), hereby grants to the Participant set forth below the number of shares of Restricted Stock set forth below. The shares of Restricted Stock are subject to all of the terms and conditions as set forth herein, in the Restricted Stock Agreement (attached hereto or previously provided to the Participant in connection with a prior grant), and in the Plan, all of which are incorporated herein in their entirety. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

Participant : [*Participant Name*]

Date of Grant : [*Date of Grant*]

***Number of Shares
of Restricted Stock :** [*No. of Shares of Restricted Stock Granted*]

Vesting Schedule : Provided the Participant has not undergone a Termination at the time of each applicable vesting date (or event), 1/3rd of the Restricted Stock will vest on each of the third, fourth and fifth anniversaries of the Date of Grant.

* **

* The number of shares of Restricted Stock represents (a) the Participant’s 2017 time-vesting award under the Company’s 2017 long-term incentive plan and (b) an early grant of the Participant’s 2018 time-vesting award under the Company’s 2018 long-term incentive plan.

THE UNDER SIGNED PARTICIPANT ACKNOWLEDGES RECEIPT OF THIS RESTRICTED STOCK GRANT NOTICE, THE RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT AND THE PLAN, AND, AS AN EXPRESS CONDITION TO THE GRANT OF SHARES OF RESTRICTED STOCK HEREUNDER, AGREES TO BE BOUND BY THE TERMS OF THIS RESTRICTED STOCK GRANT NOTICE, THE RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT AND THE PLAN.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

PARTICIPANT 1

By:
Title:

1 _____ To the extent that the Company has established, either itself or through a third-party plan administrator, the ability to accept this award electronically, such acceptance shall constitute the Participant's signature hereof.

**RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT
UNDER THE
SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC.
2013 OMNIBUS INCENTIVE PLAN**

Pursuant to the Restricted Stock Grant Notice (the "Grant Notice") delivered to the Participant (as defined in the Grant Notice), and subject to the terms of this Restricted Stock Agreement (this "Restricted Stock Agreement") and the SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc. 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and the Participant agree as follows. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meaning as set forth in the Plan.

1. **Grant of Shares of Restricted Stock**. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein and in the Plan, the Company hereby grants to the Participant the number of shares of Restricted Stock provided in the Grant Notice. The Company may make one or more additional grants of shares of Restricted Stock to the Participant under this Restricted Stock Agreement by providing the Participant with a new Grant Notice, which may also include any terms and conditions differing from this Restricted Stock Agreement to the extent provided therein. The Company reserves all rights with respect to the granting of additional shares of Restricted Stock hereunder and makes no implied promise to grant additional shares of Restricted Stock.

2. **Vesting**. Subject to the conditions contained herein and in the Plan, the shares of Restricted Stock shall vest and the restrictions on such shares of Restricted Stock shall lapse as provided in the Grant Notice. With respect to any share of Restricted Stock, the period of time that such share of Restricted Stock remains subject to vesting shall be its Restricted Period.

3. **Issuance of Shares of Restricted Stock**. The provisions of Section 9(d)(i) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.

4. **Treatment of Shares of Restricted Stock Upon Termination**.

(a) The provisions of Sections 9(b) and 9(c)(ii) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof. In addition to (and not in lieu of) Section 9(c)(ii) of the Plan, in the event of the Participant's Termination due to (i) death or Disability prior to the fifth anniversary of the Date of Grant and other than within 12 months following a Change in Control, or (ii) Qualified Retirement prior to the fifth anniversary of the Date of Grant, a pro-rata portion (rounded up to the nearest whole number) of the next tranche (*i.e.* , 1/3rd) of the shares of Restricted Stock that was scheduled to vest on the next vesting date immediately following Participant's Termination due to death or Disability or Qualified Retirement shall vest (and the restrictions thereon shall immediately lapse) as of the date of such Termination based on a fraction (x) the numerator of which is equal to the number of completed months that have elapsed in the one-year period (or three-year period as applicable) ending on such next vesting date through and including the date of such Termination and (y) the denominator of which is equal to 12 (or 36, as applicable).

(b) If the Participant undergoes a Termination other than under circumstances described in Section 4(a), then all unvested shares of Restricted Stock shall be forfeited to the Company by the Participant for no consideration as of the date of such Termination.

5. **Company; Participant; Qualified Retirement**.

(a) The term "Company" as used in this Restricted Stock Agreement with reference to employment shall include the Company and its Subsidiaries.

(b) Whenever the word "Participant" is used in any provision of this Restricted Stock Agreement under circumstances where the provision should logically be construed to apply to the executors, the administrators, or the person or persons to whom the shares of Restricted Stock may be transferred by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, the word "Participant" shall be deemed to include such person or persons.

(c) The term "Qualified Retirement" as used in this Restricted Stock Agreement shall mean the Participant undergoes a Termination (other than when grounds existed for a termination for Cause at the time thereof) when the Participant is at least age 55 with a combination of age and service years with the Company of at least 65.

6. **Non-Transferability**. The shares of Restricted Stock are not transferable by the Participant except to Permitted Transferees in accordance with Section 14(b) of the Plan. Except as otherwise provided herein, no assignment or transfer of the shares of Restricted Stock, or of the rights represented thereby, whether voluntary or involuntary, by operation of law or otherwise, shall vest in the assignee or transferee any interest or right herein whatsoever, but immediately upon such assignment or transfer the shares of Restricted Stock shall terminate and become of no further effect.

7. **Rights as Stockholder; Legend.** The provisions of Sections 9(b) and 9(e) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof; provided, that any cash or in-kind dividends paid with respect to the shares of Restricted Stock which have not, prior to the record date of the dividend, become vested shall be withheld by the Company without interest and shall be paid to the Participant only when, and if, such shares of Restricted Stock shall become vested pursuant to Section 2.

8. **Tax Withholding.** The provisions of Section 14(d) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.

9. **Notice.** Every notice or other communication relating to this Restricted Stock Agreement between the Company and the Participant shall be in writing, and shall be mailed to or delivered to the party for whom it is intended at such address as may from time to time be designated by such party in a notice mailed or delivered to the other party as herein provided; *provided* that, unless and until some other address be so designated, all notices or communications by the Participant to the Company shall be mailed or delivered to the Company at its principal executive office, to the attention of the Corporate Secretary, and all notices or communications by the Company to the Participant may be given to the Participant personally or may be mailed to the Participant at the Participant's last known address, as reflected in the Company's records. Notwithstanding the above, all notices and communications between the Participant and any third-party plan administrator shall be mailed, delivered, transmitted or sent in accordance with the procedures established by such third-party plan administrator and communicated to the Participant from time to time.

10. **No Right to Continued Service.** This Restricted Stock Agreement does not confer upon the Participant any right to continue as an employee or service provider to the Company.

11. **Binding Effect.** This Restricted Stock Agreement shall be binding upon the heirs, executors, administrators and successors of the parties hereto.

12. **Waiver and Amendments.** Except as otherwise set forth in Section 13 of the Plan, any waiver, alteration, amendment or modification of any of the terms of this Restricted Stock Agreement shall be valid only if made in writing and signed by the parties hereto; *provided, however*, that any such waiver, alteration, amendment or modification is consented to on the Company's behalf by the Committee. No waiver by either of the parties hereto of their rights hereunder shall be deemed to constitute a waiver with respect to any subsequent occurrences or transactions hereunder unless such waiver specifically states that it is to be construed as a continuing waiver.

13. **Restrictive Covenants; Clawback/Forfeiture.**

(a) Participant acknowledges and recognizes the highly competitive nature of the businesses of the Company and its Affiliates and accordingly agrees, in his capacity as an equity (and/or equity-based Award) holder in the Company, to the provisions of Appendix A to this Agreement (the "Restrictive Covenants"). Participant acknowledges and agrees that the Company's remedies at law for a breach or threatened breach of any of the provisions of Section 1 of Appendix A (or a material breach or material threatened breach of any of the provisions of Section 2 of Appendix A of this Agreement) would be inadequate and the Company would suffer irreparable damages as a result of such breach or threatened breach. In recognition of this fact, Participant agrees that, in the event of such a breach or threatened breach, in addition to any remedies at law, the Company, without posting any bond, shall be entitled to cease making any payments or providing any benefit otherwise required by this Agreement and obtain equitable relief in the form of specific performance, temporary restraining order, temporary or permanent injunction or any other equitable remedy which may then be available. Notwithstanding the foregoing and Appendix A, the provisions of Section 1(a)(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)(B) of Appendix A shall not apply to the Participant if Participant's principal place of employment is located in the State of California. The shares of Restricted Stock granted hereunder shall be subject to Participant's continued compliance with such restrictions. For the avoidance of doubt, the Restrictive Covenants contained in this Agreement are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other restrictive covenants or similar covenants or agreements between the Participant and the Company or any of its Affiliates.

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein or in the Plan, if the Participant has engaged in or engages in any Detrimental Activity (including, without limitation, a breach of any of the covenants contained in Appendix A to this Agreement), then the Committee may, in its sole discretion, take actions permitted under the Plan, including: (i) cancel the shares of Restricted Stock, or (ii) require that the Participant forfeit any gain realized on the vesting of the Restricted Stock, and repay such gain to the Company. In addition, if the Participant receives any amount in excess of what the Participant should have received under the terms of this Restricted Stock Agreement for any reason (including without limitation by reason of a financial restatement, mistake in calculations or other administrative error), then the Participant shall be required to repay any such excess amount to the Company. Without limiting the foregoing, all shares of Restricted Stock shall be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture or recoupment to the extent necessary to comply with applicable law and applicable Company policies.

14. **Governing Law**. This Restricted Stock Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law thereof. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Restricted Stock Agreement, the Grant Notice or the Plan to the contrary, if any suit or claim is instituted by the Participant or the Company relating to this Restricted Stock Agreement, the Grant Notice or the Plan, the Participant hereby submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of and venue in the courts of Delaware.

15. **Plan**. The terms and provisions of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference. In the event of a conflict or inconsistency between the terms and provisions of the Plan and the provisions of this Restricted Stock Agreement, the Plan shall govern and control.

Appendix A

Restrictive Covenants

1. Non-Competition; Non-Solicitation; Non-Disparagement.

(a) Participant acknowledges and recognizes the highly competitive nature of the businesses of the Company and its Affiliates and accordingly agrees as follows:

(i) During Participant's employment with the Company or its Subsidiaries (the "Employment Term") and for a period of one year following the date Participant ceases to be employed by the Company or its Subsidiaries (the "Restricted Period"), Participant will not, whether on Participant's own behalf or on behalf of or in conjunction with any person, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation or other business organization, entity or enterprise whatsoever ("Person"), directly or indirectly solicit or assist in soliciting in competition with the Restricted Group in the Business, the business of any then current or prospective client or customer with whom Participant (or his direct reports) had personal contact or dealings on behalf of the Company during the one-year period preceding Participant's termination of employment.

(ii) During the Restricted Period, Participant will not directly or indirectly:

(A) engage in the Business in any geographical area that is within 100 miles of any geographical area where the Restricted Group engages in the Business, including the greater metropolitan areas of Orlando, Florida, Tampa, Florida, San Diego, California, San Antonio, Texas, Williamsburg, Virginia and Philadelphia/Langhorne, Pennsylvania;

(B) enter the employ of, or render any services to, a Core Competitor, except where such employment or services do not relate in any manner to the Business;

(C) acquire a financial interest in, or otherwise become actively involved with, any Person engaged in the Business, directly or indirectly, as an individual, partner, shareholder, officer, director, principal, agent, trustee or consultant; or

(D) intentionally and adversely interfere with, or attempt to adversely interfere with, business relationships between the members of the Restricted Group and any of their clients, customers, suppliers, partners, members or investors.

(iii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Appendix A, Participant may, directly or indirectly own, solely as an investment, securities of any Person engaged in a Business (including, without limitation, a Core Competitor) which are publicly traded on a national or regional stock exchange or on the over-the-counter market if Participant (i) is not a controlling person of, or a member of a group which controls, such person and (ii) does not, directly or indirectly, own 2% or more of any class of securities of such Person.

(iv) During the Employment Term and for a period of two years from the date Participant ceases to be an employee by the Company or its Subsidiaries, Participant will not, whether on Participant's own behalf or on behalf of or in conjunction with any Person, directly or indirectly:

(A) solicit or encourage any employee of the Restricted Group to leave the employment of the Restricted Group;

(B) hire any executive-level employee who was employed by the Restricted Group as of the date of Participant's termination of employment with the Company or who left the employment of the Restricted Group coincident with, or within one year prior to or after, the termination of Participant's employment with the Company; or

(C) encourage any material consultant of the Restricted Group to cease working with the Restricted Group.

(v) For purposes of this Appendix A:

(A) “Restricted Group” shall mean, collectively, the Company and its Subsidiaries and, to the extent engaged in the Business, their respective Affiliates.

(B) “Business” shall mean the entertainment and theme park business.

(C) “Core Competitor” shall mean Walt Disney Parks and Resorts, Universal Studios, Six Flags, Inc., Cedar Fair Entertainment Company, Merlin Entertainments Group Ltd. or Herschend Family Entertainment, and each of their respective Affiliates.

(b) Non-Disparagement. Participant will not at any time (whether during or after Participant’s Employment Term) make public statements or public comments (or having the effect of being) of defamatory or disparaging nature regarding (including any statements or comments likely to be harmful to the business, business reputation or personal reputation of) the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates or any of their respective businesses, shareholders, members, partners, employees, agents, officers, directors or contractors (it being understood that comments made in Participant’s good faith performance of his duties hereunder shall not be deemed disparaging or defamatory for purposes of this paragraph); provided that the Participant shall be permitted to make truthful disclosures that are required by applicable law, regulations or order of a court or government agency.

(c) It is expressly understood and agreed that although Participant and the Company consider the restrictions contained in this Section 1 to be reasonable, if a determination is made by a court of competent jurisdiction that the time or territory or any other restriction contained in this Appendix A is an unenforceable restriction against Participant, the provisions of this Appendix A shall not be rendered void but shall be deemed amended to apply as to such maximum time and territory and to such maximum extent as such court may judicially determine or indicate to be enforceable. Alternatively, if any court of competent jurisdiction finds that any restriction contained in this Appendix A is unenforceable, and such restriction cannot be amended so as to make it enforceable, such finding shall not affect the enforceability of any of the other restrictions contained herein.

(d) The period of time during which the provisions of Section 1(a) shall be in effect shall be extended by the length of time during which Participant is in breach of the terms hereof as determined by any court of competent jurisdiction on the Company’s application for injunctive relief.

(e) The provisions of Section 1 hereof shall survive the termination of Participant’s employment for any reason, including but not limited to, any termination other than for Cause (except as otherwise set forth in Section 1 hereof).

(f) The provisions of Section 1(a)(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)(B) hereof shall not apply if Participant’s principal place of employment is in the state of California.

2. Confidentiality: Intellectual Property.

(a) Confidentiality.

(i) Participant will not at any time (whether during or after Participant’s Employment Term) (x) retain or use for the benefit, purposes or account of Participant or any other Person; or (y) disclose, divulge, reveal, communicate, share, transfer or provide access to any Person outside the Company (other than its professional advisers who are bound by confidentiality obligations or otherwise in performance of Participant’s duties under Participant’s employment and pursuant to customary industry practice), any non-public, proprietary or confidential information—including without limitation trade secrets, know-how, research and development, software, databases, inventions, processes, formulae, technology, designs and other intellectual property, information concerning finances, investments, profits, pricing, costs, products, services, vendors, customers, clients, partners, investors, personnel, compensation, recruiting, training, advertising, sales, marketing, promotions, government and regulatory activities and approvals—concerning the past, current or future business, activities and operations of the Company, its Subsidiaries or Affiliates and/or any third party that has disclosed or provided any of same to the Company on a confidential basis (“Confidential Information”) without the prior written authorization of the Board.

(ii) "Confidential Information" shall not include any information that is (a) generally known to the industry or the public other than as a result of Participant's breach of this covenant; (b) made legitimately available to Participant by a third party without breach of any confidentiality obligation of which Participant has knowledge; or (c) required by law to be disclosed; provided that with respect to subsection (c) Participant shall give prompt written notice to the Company of such requirement, disclose no more information than is so required, and reasonably cooperate with any attempts by the Company to obtain a protective order or similar treatment.

(iii) Except as required by law, Participant will not disclose to anyone, other than Participant's family (it being understood that, in this Agreement, the term "family" refers to Participant, Participant's spouse, children, parents and spouse's parents) and advisors, the existence or contents of this Agreement; provided that Participant may disclose to any prospective future employer the provisions of this Appendix A. This Section 2(a)(iii) shall terminate if the Company publicly discloses a copy of this Agreement (or, if the Company publicly discloses summaries or excerpts of this Agreement) to the extent so disclosed.

(iv) Upon termination of Participant's employment with the Company for any reason, Participant shall (x) cease and not thereafter commence use of any Confidential Information or intellectual property (including without limitation, any patent, invention, copyright, trade secret, trademark, trade name, logo, domain name or other source indicator) owned or used by the Company, its Subsidiaries or Affiliates and (y) immediately destroy, delete, or return to the Company, at the Company's option, all originals and copies in any form or medium (including memoranda, books, papers, plans, computer files, letters and other data) in Participant's possession or control (including any of the foregoing stored or located in Participant's office, home, laptop or other computer, whether or not Company property) that contain Confidential Information, except that Participant may retain only those portions of any personal notes, notebooks and diaries that do not contain any Confidential Information.

(b) Intellectual Property.

(i) If Participant has created, invented, designed, developed, contributed to or improved any works of authorship, inventions, intellectual property, materials, documents or other work product (including without limitation, research, reports, software, databases, systems, applications, presentations, textual works, content, or audiovisual materials) ("Works"), either alone or with third parties, prior to Participant's employment by the Company, that are relevant to or implicated by such employment ("Prior Works"), Participant hereby grants the Company a perpetual, non-exclusive, royalty-free, worldwide, assignable, sublicensable license under all rights and intellectual property rights (including rights under patent, industrial property, copyright, trademark, trade secret, unfair competition and related laws) therein for all purposes in connection with the Company's current and future business.

(ii) If Participant creates, invents, designs, develops, contributes to or improves any Works, either alone or with third parties, at any time during Participant's employment by the Company and within the scope of such employment and with the use of any the Company resources ("Company Works"), Participant shall promptly and fully disclose same to the Company and hereby irrevocably assigns, transfers and conveys, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, all rights and intellectual property rights therein (including rights under patent, industrial property, copyright, trademark, trade secret, unfair competition and related laws) to the Company to the extent ownership of any such rights does not vest originally in the Company.

(iii) Participant shall take all reasonably requested actions and execute all reasonably requested documents (including any licenses or assignments required by a government contract) at the Company's expense (but without further remuneration) to assist the Company in validating, maintaining, protecting, enforcing, perfecting, recording, patenting or registering any of the Company's rights in the Prior Works and Company Works. If the Company is unable for any other reason, after reasonable attempt, to secure Participant's signature on any document for this purpose, then Participant hereby irrevocably designates and appoints the Company and its duly authorized officers and agents as Participant's agent and attorney in fact, to act for and in Participant's behalf and stead to execute any documents and to do all other lawfully permitted acts required in connection with the foregoing.

(iv) Participant shall not improperly use for the benefit of, bring to any premises of, divulge, disclose, communicate, reveal, transfer or provide access to, or share with the Company any confidential, proprietary or non-public information or intellectual property relating to a former employer or other third party without the prior written permission of such third party. Participant shall comply with all relevant policies and guidelines of the Company that are from time to time previously disclosed to Participant, including regarding the protection of Confidential Information and intellectual property and potential conflicts of interest. Participant acknowledges that the Company may amend any such policies and guidelines from time to time, and that Participant remains at all times bound by their most current version from time to time previously disclosed to Participant.

(v) The provisions of Section 2 hereof shall survive the termination of Participant's employment for any reason (except as otherwise set forth in Section 2(a)(iii) hereof).

**RESTRICTED STOCK GRANT NOTICE
UNDER THE
SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC.
2013 OMNIBUS INCENTIVE PLAN
(Senior Leadership Team – Performance-Based Shares)**

SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), pursuant to its 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), hereby grants to the Participant set forth below the “Maximum Number of Shares of Restricted Stock” set forth below. The shares of Restricted Stock are subject to all of the terms and conditions as set forth herein, in the Restricted Stock Agreement (attached hereto or previously provided to the Participant in connection with a prior grant), and in the Plan, all of which are incorporated herein in their entirety. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

Participant : [*Participant Name*]

Date of Grant : [*Date of Grant*]

Performance Period: The period commencing on January 1, 2017 and ending on December 31, 2019 (the “Performance Period”)

**Target Number of
Shares of Restricted Stock :** [*Target No. of Shares of Restricted Stock*]

**Maximum Number of
Shares of Restricted Stock :** [*Maximum No. of Shares of Restricted Stock at Maximum Level of Performance*]

Vesting Schedule : The shares of Restricted Stock shall vest at such times and in such amounts as set forth in Exhibit A to the Restricted Stock Agreement.

* **

THE UNDERSIGNED PARTICIPANT ACKNOWLEDGES RECEIPT OF THIS RESTRICTED STOCK GRANT NOTICE, THE RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT AND THE PLAN, AND, AS AN EXPRESS CONDITION TO THE GRANT OF SHARES OF RESTRICTED STOCK HEREUNDER, AGREES TO BE BOUND BY THE TERMS OF THIS RESTRICTED STOCK GRANT NOTICE, THE RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT AND THE PLAN.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

PARTICIPANT 1

By:
Title:

1 To the extent that the Company has established, either itself or through a third-party plan administrator, the ability to accept this award electronically, such acceptance shall constitute the Participant's signature hereof.

**RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT
UNDER THE
SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC.
2013 OMNIBUS INCENTIVE PLAN**

Pursuant to the Restricted Stock Grant Notice (the "Grant Notice") delivered to the Participant (as defined in the Grant Notice), and subject to the terms of this Restricted Stock Agreement (this "Restricted Stock Agreement") and the SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc. 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and the Participant agree as follows. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the same meaning as set forth in the Plan.

1. **Grant of Shares of Restricted Stock**. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein and in the Plan, the Company hereby grants to the Participant the "Maximum Number of Shares of Restricted Stock" provided in the Grant Notice. The Company may make one or more additional grants of shares of Restricted Stock to the Participant under this Restricted Stock Agreement by providing the Participant with a new Grant Notice, which may also include any terms and conditions differing from this Restricted Stock Agreement to the extent provided therein. The Company reserves all rights with respect to the granting of additional shares of Restricted Stock hereunder and makes no implied promise to grant additional shares of Restricted Stock.

2. **Vesting**. Subject to the conditions contained herein and in the Plan, the shares of Restricted Stock shall vest and the restrictions on such shares of Restricted Stock shall lapse as provided in Exhibit A attached hereto. With respect to any share of Restricted Stock, the period of time that such share of Restricted Stock remains subject to vesting shall be its Restricted Period.

3. **Issuance of Shares of Restricted Stock**. The provisions of Section 9(d)(i) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.

4. **Treatment of Shares of Restricted Stock Upon Termination**. The provisions of Sections 9(b) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof. In the event the Participant undergoes a Termination, the treatment of the unvested shares of Restricted Stock shall be set forth in Exhibit A attached hereto.

5. **Company; Participant**.

(a) The term "Company" as used in this Restricted Stock Agreement with reference to employment shall include the Company and its Subsidiaries.

(b) Whenever the word "Participant" is used in any provision of this Restricted Stock Agreement under circumstances where the provision should logically be construed to apply to the executors, the administrators, or the person or persons to whom the shares of Restricted Stock may be transferred by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, the word "Participant" shall be deemed to include such person or persons.

6. **Non-Transferability**. The shares of Restricted Stock are not transferable by the Participant except to Permitted Transferees in accordance with Section 14(b) of the Plan. Except as otherwise provided herein, no assignment or transfer of the shares of Restricted Stock, or of the rights represented thereby, whether voluntary or involuntary, by operation of law or otherwise, shall vest in the assignee or transferee any interest or right herein whatsoever, but immediately upon such assignment or transfer the shares of Restricted Stock shall terminate and become of no further effect.

7. **Rights as Stockholder; Legend**. The provisions of Sections 9(b) and 9(e) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof; provided, that any cash or in-kind dividends paid with respect to the shares of Restricted Stock which have not, prior to the record date of the dividend, become vested shall be withheld by the Company without interest and shall be paid to the Participant only when, and if, such shares of Restricted Stock shall become vested pursuant to Section 2.

8. **Tax Withholding**. The provisions of Section 14(d) of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.

9. **Notice.** Every notice or other communication relating to this Restricted Stock Agreement between the Company and the Participant shall be in writing, and shall be mailed to or delivered to the party for whom it is intended at such address as may from time to time be designated by such party in a notice mailed or delivered to the other party as herein provided; *provided that*, unless and until some other address be so designated, all notices or communications by the Participant to the Company shall be mailed or delivered to the Company at its principal executive office, to the attention of the Corporate Secretary, and all notices or communications by the Company to the Participant may be given to the Participant personally or may be mailed to the Participant at the Participant's last known address, as reflected in the Company's records. Notwithstanding the above, all notices and communications between the Participant and any third-party plan administrator shall be mailed, delivered, transmitted or sent in accordance with the procedures established by such third-party plan administrator and communicated to the Participant from time to time.

10. **No Right to Continued Service.** This Restricted Stock Agreement does not confer upon the Participant any right to continue as an employee or service provider to the Company.

11. **Binding Effect.** This Restricted Stock Agreement shall be binding upon the heirs, executors, administrators and successors of the parties hereto.

12. **Waiver and Amendments.** Except as otherwise set forth in Section 13 of the Plan, any waiver, alteration, amendment or modification of any of the terms of this Restricted Stock Agreement shall be valid only if made in writing and signed by the parties hereto; *provided, however*, that any such waiver, alteration, amendment or modification is consented to on the Company's behalf by the Committee. No waiver by either of the parties hereto of their rights hereunder shall be deemed to constitute a waiver with respect to any subsequent occurrences or transactions hereunder unless such waiver specifically states that it is to be construed as a continuing waiver.

13. **Restrictive Covenants; Clawback/Forfeiture.**

(a) Participant acknowledges and recognizes the highly competitive nature of the businesses of the Company and its Affiliates and accordingly agrees, in his capacity as an equity (and/or equity-based Award) holder in the Company, to the provisions of Appendix A to this Agreement (the "**Restrictive Covenants**"). Participant acknowledges and agrees that the Company's remedies at law for a breach or threatened breach of any of the provisions of Section 1 of Appendix A (or a material breach or material threatened breach of any of the provisions of Section 2 of Appendix A of this Agreement) would be inadequate and the Company would suffer irreparable damages as a result of such breach or threatened breach. In recognition of this fact, Participant agrees that, in the event of such a breach or threatened breach, in addition to any remedies at law, the Company, without posting any bond, shall be entitled to cease making any payments or providing any benefit otherwise required by this Agreement and obtain equitable relief in the form of specific performance, temporary restraining order, temporary or permanent injunction or any other equitable remedy which may then be available. Notwithstanding the foregoing and Appendix A, the provisions of Section 1(a)(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)(B) of Appendix A shall not apply to the Participant if Participant's principal place of employment is located in the State of California. The shares of Restricted Stock granted hereunder shall be subject to Participant's continued compliance with such restrictions. For the avoidance of doubt, the Restrictive Covenants contained in this Agreement are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other restrictive covenants or similar covenants or agreements between the Participant and the Company or any of its Affiliates.

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein or in the Plan, if the Participant has engaged in or engages in any Detrimental Activity (including, without limitation, a breach of any of the covenants contained in Appendix A to this Agreement), then the Committee may, in its sole discretion, take actions permitted under the Plan, including: (i) cancel the shares of Restricted Stock, or (ii) require that the Participant forfeit any gain realized on the vesting of the Restricted Stock, and repay such gain to the Company. In addition, if the Participant receives any amount in excess of what the Participant should have received under the terms of this Restricted Stock Agreement for any reason (including without limitation by reason of a financial restatement, mistake in calculations or other administrative error), then the Participant shall be required to repay any such excess amount to the Company. Without limiting the foregoing, all shares of Restricted Stock shall be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture or recoupment to the extent necessary to comply with applicable law and applicable Company policies.

14. **Governing Law.** This Restricted Stock Agreement shall be construed and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to the principles of conflicts of law thereof. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Restricted Stock Agreement, the Grant Notice or the Plan to the contrary, if any suit or claim is instituted by the Participant or the Company relating to this Restricted Stock Agreement, the Grant Notice or the Plan, the Participant hereby submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of and venue in the courts of Delaware.

15. Plan. The terms and provisions of the Plan are incorporated herein by reference. In the event of a conflict or inconsistency between the terms and provisions of the Plan and the provisions of this Restricted Stock Agreement, the Plan shall govern and control.

Exhibit A

1. Normal Vesting of Restricted Stock

(a) The Performance Period shall mean the period from January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2019. Fifty percent (50%) of the “Target Number of Shares of Restricted Stock” provided on the Grant Notice will be eligible to be earned based on the Adjusted EBITDA Component (as set forth in Section 1(b)(A) below), 30% of the of the “Target Number of Shares of Restricted Stock” provided on the Grant Notice will be eligible to be earned based on the Total Revenue Component (as set forth in Section 1(b)(B) below) and 20% of the “Target Number of Shares of Restricted Stock” provided on the Grant Notice will be eligible to be earned based on the ROIC Component (as set forth in Section 1(b)(C) below), in each case, (based on a multiple from 0% up to a maximum of 200%) pursuant to Section 1(b) below at the end of the Performance Period and the Earned Amount (as defined below) will be eligible to become vested pursuant to Section 1(c) below. The Adjusted EIBTDA Component, the Total Revenue Component and the ROIC Component below shall collectively be referred to herein as the “Performance Components” and the applicable portion of the “Target Number of Shares of Restricted Stock” shall each be referred to herein as the applicable “Performance Component Percentage”.

Performance Component	Performance Component Percentage
Adjusted EBITDA	50%
Total Revenue	30%
ROIC	20%

(b) During the first ninety (90) days of the Performance Period, the Committee will determine:

(A) Adjusted EBITDA Component. A projected cumulative Adjusted EBITDA target for the Performance Period (the “Cumulative Adjusted EBITDA Target”). For purposes of this Exhibit A, the term “Adjusted EBITDA” shall mean the Adjusted EBITDA which is publicly disclosed in (or otherwise calculated in a manner consistent with) the Company’s earnings release for the applicable fiscal year and the term “Performance Period EBITDA” shall mean the cumulative Adjusted EBITDA over the Performance Period.

(B) Total Revenue Component. A projected cumulative Net Revenue for the Performance Period (the “Cumulative Revenue Target”). For purposes of Exhibit A, the term “Net Revenue” shall mean the Company’s net revenue, as reported in (or otherwise calculated in a manner consistent with) the Company’s Form 10-Ks and Form 10-Qs as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and the term “Performance Period Revenue” shall mean the cumulative Net Revenue over the Performance Period.

(C) ROIC Component. A projected ROIC target for the performance Period (the “ROIC Target”). For purposes of Exhibit A, the term “ROIC” means the Company’s return on invested capital over the Performance Period calculated as follows:

$$\frac{(\text{Cumulative NOPAT} - (\text{Base Period NOPAT} * 3))}{\text{Cumulative Cash CAPEX}}$$

For purposes of this Exhibit A, the following terms mean:

“Base Period NOPAT” means NOPAT for the year immediately preceding the beginning of the Performance Period.

“Cumulative Cash CAPEX” means the aggregate “Cash Capital” expenditures as reported on the Company’s Statement of Cash Flows during the Performance Period.

“Cumulative NOPAT” means the aggregate NOPAT during the Performance Period.

“Depreciation & Amortization” means as defined by US GAAP and reported on the Company’s Income Statement (NOPAT components will be adjusted for non-cash gains or losses of an unusual or infrequent type).

“NOPAT” means Adjusted EBITDA less Depreciation & Amortization (both NOPAT components will be adjusted for non-cash gains or losses of an unusual or infrequent type).

In connection with foregoing, the Company's Chief Financial Officer shall certify in writing to the Committee the Performance Period EBITDA, the Performance Period Revenue and the ROIC.

Following the completion of the Performance Period, the Committee will determine the "Actual Performance Percentage" for each Performance Component by calculating for the applicable Performance Component the percentage by which the Performance Period EBITDA, Performance Period Revenue and ROIC, as applicable, met or exceeded the Cumulative Adjusted EBITDA Target, Cumulative Revenue Target and ROIC Target, respectively. The number of shares of Restricted Stock that will be earned (the "Earned Amount") with respect to each Performance Component will be based on the achievement of the Actual Performance Percentage as set forth in the table below times the applicable Performance Component Percentage set forth in the table above:

Actual Performance Percentage* for the Adjusted EBITDA Component and ROIC Component	Percentage of Restricted Stock for the Adjusted EBITDA Component and ROIC Component Earned***
Actual Performance Percentage less than [threshold]%	0%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [threshold]%	50%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [target]%	100%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [maximum]%	200%

* For an Actual Performance Percentage at least equal to [threshold]% which falls in between the levels set forth in the table above, the Committee shall apply straight-line interpolation to determine the Earned Amount for the Adjusted EBITDA Component and ROIC Component, provided that in no event shall the Earned Amount exceed 200% of any such Performance Component.

Actual Performance Percentage** for the Total Revenue Component	Percentage of Restricted Stock for the Total Revenue Component Earned***
Actual Performance Percentage less than [threshold]%	0%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [threshold]%	50%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [target]%	100%
Actual Performance Percentage greater than or equal to [maximum]%	200%

** For an Actual Performance Percentage at least equal to [threshold]% which falls in between the levels set forth in the table above, the Committee shall apply straight-line interpolation to determine the Earned Amount for the Revenue Component, provided that in no event shall the Earned Amount exceed 200% of the Revenue Component.

*** By way of illustration, if the "Target Number of Shares of Restricted Stock" is [*] shares of Restricted Stock and the Company's Actual Performance Percentage (x) for the Adjusted EBITDA Component is [%], (y) for the Total Revenue Component is [%] and (z) for the ROIC Component is [%], then the Earned Amount with respect to Adjusted EBITDA Component, Total Revenue Component and ROIC Component will be [*] shares ([*] shares x [%]), [*] shares ([*] shares x [%]) and [*] shares ([*] shares x [%]), respectively. [*] shares of Restricted Stock will vest on the date the Committee determines the Actual Performance Percentages for the Performance Period.

The sum of the Earned Amount for each Performance Component is referred to as the "Total Earned Amount". A number of shares of Restricted Stock equal to the Total Earned Amount will be eligible to vest pursuant to Section 1(c) below.

(c) Subject to Section 2 of this Exhibit A, provided the Participant has not undergone a Termination on or prior to the last day of the Performance Period, a number of shares of Restricted Stock equal to the Total Earned Amount shall vest and the restrictions on such shares of Restricted Stock shall lapse on the date (the “Normal Vesting Date”) on which the Committee determines the Actual Performance Percentages in respect of Year 3 of the Performance Period and the Company publicly discloses the Adjusted EBITDA in the Company’s earnings release for Year 3. Any remaining shares of unvested Restricted Stock that do not become vested in accordance with the preceding sentence (if any) shall immediately be forfeited to the Company by the Participant for no consideration as of the Normal Vesting Date. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Restricted Stock Agreement, the Grant Notice or the Plan to the contrary, no shares of Restricted Stock shall vest in the event the Actual Performance Percentage for the Adjusted EBITDA Component is less than [threshold]% and, in such event, all shares of Restricted Stock shall immediately be forfeited to the Company by the Participant for no consideration as of the Normal Vesting Date.

2. Treatment of Shares of Restricted Stock Upon a Change in Control.

(a) Notwithstanding Section 1 of this Exhibit A, in the event a Change in Control that occurs during the Participant’s employment and prior to the Normal Vesting Date, to the extent outstanding and unvested at such time, a number of unvested Restricted Stock equal to the Specified Number (as defined below) shall remain outstanding and shall vest (and the restrictions thereon shall immediately lapse) on the later of (x) the last day of the Performance Period and (y) the date of the Change in Control, solely based on Participant’s continued employment with the Company through such date (and without regard to the conditions set forth in Sections 1(b) and (c) of this Exhibit). Any remaining shares of unvested Restricted Stock that do not become vested pursuant to the preceding sentence (if any) shall immediately be forfeited to the Company by the Participant for no consideration as of the last day of the Performance Period.

(b) For purposes of this Exhibit A, the term “Specified Number” shall mean:

(A) in the event a Change in Control occurs at any time prior to the completion of the Performance Period, the actual number of shares of Restricted Stock that would have been earned in accordance with Section 1 of this Exhibit A based on the Committee’s good-faith determination of the Actual Performance Percentages for the portion of Performance Period that has elapsed through the date of the Change in Control (the “Partial Period”) measured against an adjusted Cumulative Adjusted EBITDA Target, Cumulative Revenue Target and ROIC Target which shall be pro-rated based on a fraction (i) the numerator of which is the number of days in the Partial Period and (ii) the denominator of which is the number of days in the Performance Period (such resulting number of shares, the “Pro-Rata Actual Performance Amount”); and

(B) in the event a Change in Control occurs at any time after the completion of the Performance Period but before the Normal Vesting Date, the Total Earned Amount.

3. Treatment of Shares of Restricted Stock Upon Certain Terminations.

(a) In the Event of Participant’s Termination on or prior to the last day of the Performance Period other than under circumstances described in Sections 3(b) of this Exhibit A, all unvested shares of Restricted Stock shall be forfeited to the Company by the Participant for no consideration as of the date of such Termination. For the avoidance of doubt, in the event the Participant’s Termination occurs after the last day of the Performance Period but prior to the Normal Vesting Date, the shares of Restricted Stock shall remain eligible to vest in accordance with Sections 1 and 2 of this Exhibit A.

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 9(c)(ii) of the Plan:

(A) in the event of (i) Participant’s Termination by the Company other than for Cause, or (ii) Participant’s Termination due to death or Disability, in each case, on or prior to the last day of the Performance Period and within 12 months following a Change in Control, to the extent outstanding and unvested at such time, a number of shares of Restricted Stock (if any) equal to the Specified Number shall vest (and the restrictions thereon shall immediately lapse) as of the date of such Termination. Any remaining shares of unvested Restricted Stock that do not become vested pursuant to the preceding sentence (if any) shall immediately be forfeited to the Company by the Participant for no consideration as of the date of such Termination.

(B) in the event of the Participant's Termination due to (i) death or Disability on or prior to the last day of the Performance Period and other than within 12 months following a Change in Control, or (ii) Qualified Retirement on or prior to the last day of the Performance Period, in each case, to the extent outstanding and unvested at such time, a number of shares of Restricted Stock equal to the product of (x) the D&D Specified Number (as defined below) multiplied by (y) a fraction, the numerator of which is equal to the number of completed months that have elapsed in the Performance Period through and including the date of such Termination and the denominator of which is equal to 36, (rounded up to the nearest whole number) shall vest (and the restrictions thereon shall immediately lapse) as of the date of such Termination. Any remaining shares of unvested Restricted Stock that do not become vested pursuant to the preceding sentence (if any) shall immediately be forfeited to the Company by the Participant for no consideration as of the date of such Termination. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "D&D Specified Number" shall mean the Specified Number (as defined in Section 2(b) of this Exhibit A) assuming solely for purposes of this definition (and not for purposes of the vesting of shares of Restricted Stock under Section 3 (b)(B) of this Exhibit A) that a Change in Control had occurred on the date of the Participant's Termination due to death or Disability or Qualified Retirement.

The term "Qualified Retirement" as used in this Exhibit A shall mean the Participant undergoes a Termination (other than when grounds existed for a termination for Cause at the time thereof) when the Participant is at least age 55 with a combination of age and service years with the Company of at least 65.

Appendix A

Restrictive Covenants

1. Non-Competition; Non-Solicitation; Non-Disparagement.

(a) Participant acknowledges and recognizes the highly competitive nature of the businesses of the Company and its Affiliates and accordingly agrees as follows:

(i) During Participant's employment with the Company or its Subsidiaries (the "Employment Term") and for a period of one year following the date Participant ceases to be employed by the Company or its Subsidiaries (the "Restricted Period"), Participant will not, whether on Participant's own behalf or on behalf of or in conjunction with any person, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation or other business organization, entity or enterprise whatsoever ("Person"), directly or indirectly solicit or assist in soliciting in competition with the Restricted Group in the Business, the business of any then current or prospective client or customer with whom Participant (or his direct reports) had personal contact or dealings on behalf of the Company during the one-year period preceding Participant's termination of employment.

(ii) During the Restricted Period, Participant will not directly or indirectly:

(A) engage in the Business in any geographical area that is within 100 miles of any geographical area where the Restricted Group engages in the Business, including the greater metropolitan areas of Orlando, Florida, Tampa, Florida, San Diego, California, San Antonio, Texas, Williamsburg, Virginia and Philadelphia/Langhorne, Pennsylvania;

(B) enter the employ of, or render any services to, a Core Competitor, except where such employment or services do not relate in any manner to the Business;

(C) acquire a financial interest in, or otherwise become actively involved with, any Person engaged in the Business, directly or indirectly, as an individual, partner, shareholder, officer, director, principal, agent, trustee or consultant; or

(D) intentionally and adversely interfere with, or attempt to adversely interfere with, business relationships between the members of the Restricted Group and any of their clients, customers, suppliers, partners, members or investors.

(iii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Appendix A, Participant may, directly or indirectly own, solely as an investment, securities of any Person engaged in a Business (including, without limitation, a Core Competitor) which are publicly traded on a national or regional stock exchange or on the over-the-counter market if Participant (i) is not a controlling person of, or a member of a group which controls, such person and (ii) does not, directly or indirectly, own 2% or more of any class of securities of such Person.

(iv) During the Employment Term and for a period of two years from the date Participant ceases to be an employee by the Company or its Subsidiaries, Participant will not, whether on Participant's own behalf or on behalf of or in conjunction with any Person, directly or indirectly:

(A) solicit or encourage any employee of the Restricted Group to leave the employment of the Restricted Group;

(B) hire any executive-level employee who was employed by the Restricted Group as of the date of Participant's termination of employment with the Company or who left the employment of the Restricted Group coincident with, or within one year prior to or after, the termination of Participant's employment with the Company; or

(C) encourage any material consultant of the Restricted Group to cease working with the Restricted Group.

(v) For purposes of this Appendix A:

(A) “ Restricted Group ” shall mean, collectively, the Company and its Subsidiaries and, to the extent engaged in the Business, their respective Affiliates.

(B) “ Business ” shall mean the entertainment and theme park business.

(C) “ Core Competitor ” shall mean Walt Disney Parks and Resorts, Universal Studios, Six Flags, Inc., Cedar Fair Entertainment Company, Merlin Entertainments Group Ltd. or Herschend Family Entertainment, and each of their respective Affiliates.

(b) Non-Disparagement. Participant will not at any time (whether during or after Participant’s Employment Term) make public statements or public comments (or having the effect of being) of defamatory or disparaging nature regarding (including any statements or comments likely to be harmful to the business, business reputation or personal reputation of) the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates or any of their respective businesses, shareholders, members, partners, employees, agents, officers, directors or contractors (it being understood that comments made in Participant’s good faith performance of his duties hereunder shall not be deemed disparaging or defamatory for purposes of this paragraph); provided that the Participant shall be permitted to make truthful disclosures that are required by applicable law, regulations or order of a court or government agency.

(c) It is expressly understood and agreed that although Participant and the Company consider the restrictions contained in this Section 1 to be reasonable, if a determination is made by a court of competent jurisdiction that the time or territory or any other restriction contained in this Appendix A is an unenforceable restriction against Participant, the provisions of this Appendix A shall not be rendered void but shall be deemed amended to apply as to such maximum time and territory and to such maximum extent as such court may judicially determine or indicate to be enforceable. Alternatively, if any court of competent jurisdiction finds that any restriction contained in this Appendix A is unenforceable, and such restriction cannot be amended so as to make it enforceable, such finding shall not affect the enforceability of any of the other restrictions contained herein.

(d) The period of time during which the provisions of Section 1(a) shall be in effect shall be extended by the length of time during which Participant is in breach of the terms hereof as determined by any court of competent jurisdiction on the Company’s application for injunctive relief.

(e) The provisions of Section 1 hereof shall survive the termination of Participant’s employment for any reason, including but not limited to, any termination other than for Cause (except as otherwise set forth in Section 1 hereof).

(f) The provisions of Section 1(a)(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)(B) hereof shall not apply if Participant’s principal place of employment is in the state of California.

2. Confidentiality: Intellectual Property .

(a) Confidentiality .

(i) Participant will not at any time (whether during or after Participant’s Employment Term) (x) retain or use for the benefit, purposes or account of Participant or any other Person; or (y) disclose, divulge, reveal, communicate, share, transfer or provide access to any Person outside the Company (other than its professional advisers who are bound by confidentiality obligations or otherwise in performance of Participant’s duties under Participant’s employment and pursuant to customary industry practice), any non-public, proprietary or confidential information—including without limitation trade secrets, know-how, research and development, software, databases, inventions, processes, formulae, technology, designs and other intellectual property, information concerning finances, investments, profits, pricing, costs, products, services, vendors, customers, clients, partners, investors, personnel, compensation, recruiting, training, advertising, sales, marketing, promotions, government and regulatory activities and approvals—concerning the past, current or future business, activities and operations of the Company, its Subsidiaries or Affiliates and/or any third party that has disclosed or provided any of same to the Company on a confidential basis (“ Confidential Information ”) without the prior written authorization of the Board.

(ii) "Confidential Information" shall not include any information that is (a) generally known to the industry or the public other than as a result of Participant's breach of this covenant; (b) made legitimately available to Participant by a third party without breach of any confidentiality obligation of which Participant has knowledge; or (c) required by law to be disclosed; provided that with respect to subsection (c) Participant shall give prompt written notice to the Company of such requirement, disclose no more information than is so required, and reasonably cooperate with any attempts by the Company to obtain a protective order or similar treatment.

(iii) Except as required by law, Participant will not disclose to anyone, other than Participant's family (it being understood that, in this Agreement, the term "family" refers to Participant, Participant's spouse, children, parents and spouse's parents) and advisors, the existence or contents of this Agreement; provided that Participant may disclose to any prospective future employer the provisions of this Appendix A. This Section 2(a)(iii) shall terminate if the Company publicly discloses a copy of this Agreement (or, if the Company publicly discloses summaries or excerpts of this Agreement) to the extent so disclosed.

(iv) Upon termination of Participant's employment with the Company for any reason, Participant shall (x) cease and not thereafter commence use of any Confidential Information or intellectual property (including without limitation, any patent, invention, copyright, trade secret, trademark, trade name, logo, domain name or other source indicator) owned or used by the Company, its Subsidiaries or Affiliates and (y) immediately destroy, delete, or return to the Company, at the Company's option, all originals and copies in any form or medium (including memoranda, books, papers, plans, computer files, letters and other data) in Participant's possession or control (including any of the foregoing stored or located in Participant's office, home, laptop or other computer, whether or not Company property) that contain Confidential Information, except that Participant may retain only those portions of any personal notes, notebooks and diaries that do not contain any Confidential Information.

(b) Intellectual Property.

(i) If Participant has created, invented, designed, developed, contributed to or improved any works of authorship, inventions, intellectual property, materials, documents or other work product (including without limitation, research, reports, software, databases, systems, applications, presentations, textual works, content, or audiovisual materials) ("Works"), either alone or with third parties, prior to Participant's employment by the Company, that are relevant to or implicated by such employment ("Prior Works"), Participant hereby grants the Company a perpetual, non-exclusive, royalty-free, worldwide, assignable, sublicensable license under all rights and intellectual property rights (including rights under patent, industrial property, copyright, trademark, trade secret, unfair competition and related laws) therein for all purposes in connection with the Company's current and future business.

(ii) If Participant creates, invents, designs, develops, contributes to or improves any Works, either alone or with third parties, at any time during Participant's employment by the Company and within the scope of such employment and with the use of any the Company resources ("Company Works"), Participant shall promptly and fully disclose same to the Company and hereby irrevocably assigns, transfers and conveys, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, all rights and intellectual property rights therein (including rights under patent, industrial property, copyright, trademark, trade secret, unfair competition and related laws) to the Company to the extent ownership of any such rights does not vest originally in the Company.

(iii) Participant shall take all reasonably requested actions and execute all reasonably requested documents (including any licenses or assignments required by a government contract) at the Company's expense (but without further remuneration) to assist the Company in validating, maintaining, protecting, enforcing, perfecting, recording, patenting or registering any of the Company's rights in the Prior Works and Company Works. If the Company is unable for any other reason, after reasonable attempt, to secure Participant's signature on any document for this purpose, then Participant hereby irrevocably designates and appoints the Company and its duly authorized officers and agents as Participant's agent and attorney in fact, to act for and in Participant's behalf and stead to execute any documents and to do all other lawfully permitted acts required in connection with the foregoing.

(iv) Participant shall not improperly use for the benefit of, bring to any premises of, divulge, disclose, communicate, reveal, transfer or provide access to, or share with the Company any confidential, proprietary or non-public information or intellectual property relating to a former employer or other third party without the prior written permission of such third party. Participant shall comply with all relevant policies and guidelines of the Company that are from time to time previously disclosed to Participant, including regarding the protection of Confidential Information and intellectual property and potential conflicts of interest. Participant acknowledges that the Company may amend any such policies and guidelines from time to time, and that Participant remains at all times bound by their most current version from time to time previously disclosed to Participant.

(v) The provisions of Section 2 hereof shall survive the termination of Participant's employment for any reason (except as otherwise set forth in Section 2(a)(iii) hereof).

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

OUTSIDE DIRECTOR COMPENSATION POLICY

Effective March 4, 2014

Amended and Restated April 3, 2014

Amended and Restated as of March 3, 2015

Amended and Restated as of April 13, 2016

Amended and Restated as of April 12, 2017

SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc. (the “Company”) believes that the granting of equity and cash compensation to its members of the Board of Directors (the “Board,” and members of the Board, “Directors”) represents a powerful tool to attract, retain and reward Directors who are not employees of the Company, The Blackstone Group L.P. (or its affiliates) or Zhonghong Zhuoye Group Co., Ltd. (or its affiliates) (“Outside Directors”). This Outside Director Compensation Policy (this “Policy”) is intended to formalize the Company’s policy regarding cash compensation and grants of equity to its Outside Directors. The cash compensation and equity grants described in this Policy will be paid or made, as applicable, automatically and without further action of the Board, to each Outside Director. Unless otherwise defined herein, capitalized terms used in this Policy will have the meaning given such terms in the Company’s 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the “Plan”). Outside Directors will be solely responsible for any tax obligations they incur as a result of the equity and cash payments received under this Policy.

I. CASH COMPENSATION.

A. Annual Fee. Subject to Section I.B. below, the Company will pay each Outside Director an annual fee of \$60,000 for serving on the Board (the “Annual Fee”). At the election of the Outside Director, the Annual Fee will be paid, in arrears, either (a) in twelve equal installments on a monthly basis with each monthly payment paid on the last day of the applicable month or (b) in four equal installments on a quarterly basis with each quarterly payment paid on the last day of the applicable quarter.

B. Annual Board Chairperson Fee. In lieu of the Annual Fee, the Company will pay the Outside Director who serves as the Chairperson of the Board an annual fee of \$200,000 for such service (the “Annual Board Chairperson Fee”). At the election of the Outside Director, the Annual Board Chairperson Fee will be paid, in arrears, either (a) in twelve equal installments on a monthly basis with each monthly payment paid on the last day of the applicable month or (b) in four equal installments on a quarterly basis with each quarterly payment paid on the last day of the applicable quarter.

C. Annual Lead Director Fee. In addition to the Annual Fee, the Company will pay any Outside Director who serves as the Lead Director (as defined in the Company’s Corporate Governance Guidelines) an annual fee of \$25,000 for such service (the “Annual Lead Director Fee”). At the election of the Outside Director, the Lead Director Fee will be paid, in arrears, either (a) in twelve equal installments on a monthly basis with each monthly payment paid on the last day of the applicable month or (b) in four equal installments on a quarterly basis with each quarterly payment paid on the last day of the applicable quarter.

D. Annual Committee Chairperson Fee. In addition to the Annual Fee, the Annual Board Chairperson Fee and the Annual Lead Director Fee, as applicable, the Company will pay each Outside Director who serves as the Chairperson of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, Regulatory & Governmental Affairs Committee or Special/Ad Hoc Committee of the Board the applicable annual fee set forth in the table below for such service (the “Annual Committee Chairperson Fee”). At the election of the Outside Director, the Annual Committee Chairperson Fee will be paid, in arrears, either (a) in twelve equal installments on a monthly basis with each monthly payment paid on the last day of the applicable month or (b) in four equal installments on a quarterly basis with each quarterly payment paid on the last day of the applicable quarter.

<u>Committee</u>	<u>Annual Committee Chairperson Fee</u>
Audit Committee	\$20,000
Compensation Committee	\$15,000
Nominating and Corporate Governance	\$15,000
Regulatory & Governmental Affairs	\$15,000
Special/Ad Hoc Committee	\$20,000

E. Committee Members. In addition to the Annual Fee, the Annual Board Chairperson Fee and the Annual Lead Director Fee, as applicable, the Company will pay each Outside Director who serves as a non-Chairperson member of Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, Regulatory & Governmental Affairs Committee, Revenue Group or Special/Ad Hoc Committee of the Board (collectively, the “Committees.”) the applicable annual fee set forth in the table below for such service (the “Annual Committee Member Fee”). At the election of the Outside Director, the Annual Committee Member Fee will be paid, in arrears, either (a) in twelve equal installments on a monthly basis with each monthly payment paid on the last day of the applicable month or (b) in four equal installments on a quarterly basis with each quarterly payment paid on the last day of the applicable quarter.

<u>Committee</u>	<u>Annual Committee Member Fee</u>
Audit Committee	\$15,000
Compensation Committee	\$10,000
Nominating and Corporate Governance	\$10,000
Regulatory & Governmental Affairs	\$10,000
Revenue Group	*\$10,000
Special/Ad Hoc Committee	\$15,000

*The members of the Revenue Group will receive an Annual Committee Member Fee of \$10,000 that will be paid retroactive to January 1, 2017.

F. Meetings of the Board or Committees. There are no per meeting attendance fees for attending Board meetings or meetings of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, Regulatory & Governmental Affairs Committee, Revenue Group or Special/Ad Hoc Committee of the Board.

G. Special Committees. In the event that the Board appoints any Outside Director to a special committee of the Board, the Board will determine the amount and terms of any fees payable to such Outside Director for service on such special committee at the time of appointment.

H. Newly Elected or Appointed Outside Director: Ceasing Board Service. The Company will pay each individual who is first elected or appointed as an Outside Director after the effective date of this Policy a prorated portion of the applicable annual fees set forth in this Section I based on the number of days that the Outside Director provided partial service during the year of election or appointment. If any Outside Director ceases to serve on the Board for any reason, the Company will pay such Outside Director a prorated portion of the monthly or quarterly installment due to such Outside Director under this Section I based on the number of days that such Outside Director provided partial service during the applicable month or quarter. Subject to Section I.I. below, after payment of the aforementioned prorated monthly or quarterly installment to any Outside Director that ceases to serve on the Board, the Company will have no further obligations to such Outside Director under this Section I.

I. Reimbursement of Expenses. The Company will reimburse each Outside Director for all reasonable and documented travel and lodging expenses associated with attendance at Board and committee meetings in accordance with the Company’s then current policies.

J. Special Compensation. The Board may provide additional compensation to members of the Board from time to time for “Extraordinary Board Service” (such fees, “Special Compensation”). “Extraordinary Board Service” shall mean services provided outside of the services typically required and/or expected of members of the Board or the Committees related to events or circumstances that are unusual or infrequent in nature. The Special Compensation payable with respect to such Extraordinary Board Service shall be determined and paid retroactively after the applicable Extraordinary Board Services are completed (intermittently or in a lump sum) but shall be determined based on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, (i) length of special services, (ii) number of meetings attended outside general Board or Committee meetings, (iii) time demands in between meetings, (iv) travel commitments and (v) anything else the Board determines to be relevant. The Special Compensation shall be determined by the Board based on the Board’s internal comparisons to the various time commitment and obligations of the other Committees. Consistent with Section F of the Policy, per meeting fees will generally not be paid; provided, that, in some instances, fixed per diem rates may be appropriate based on the nature of the Extraordinary Board Service.

K. Stock Election with respect to Cash Compensation. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section I, an Outside Director may elect (an “Election”) to receive shares of Common Stock in lieu of all or a portion of the Annual Fee, the Annual Board Chairperson Fee, the Annual Lead Director Fee, the Annual Committee Chairperson Fee, the Annual Committee Member Fee, and/or the fees payable in respect of service on a special committee (if any) and/or Special Compensation (if any), in each case, to the extent applicable (the “Election Amount”). An Outside Director must make any such Election in writing to the Company at least 15 days prior to the applicable payment date of the cash fee(s). If a timely Election is made, the Outside Director will receive a number of shares of Common Stock (rounded down to the nearest whole number) with a Fair Market Value equal to the Election Amount, measured as of the date such fee(s) would normally be paid to the Outside Director. Any remaining portion of the Election Amount which would have resulted in the delivery of fractional shares of Common Stock to the Outside Director will be paid to the Outside Director in cash on the normal payment date of such fee(s).

II. EQUITY COMPENSATION.

Outside Directors will be entitled to receive all types of Awards (except Incentive Stock Options) under the Plan, including discretionary Awards not covered under this Policy. All grants of Awards to Outside Directors pursuant to this Section II will be automatic and will be made in accordance with the following provisions:

A. Initial Award. Each individual who is first elected or appointed as an Outside Director after the effective date of this Policy, will automatically be granted, on the date of such initial election or appointment, an Award (“Initial Award”) of Restricted Stock with an aggregate Fair Market Value of \$120,000.

B. Annual Award. On the date of each Annual Stockholders Meeting of the Company, beginning with the 2014 Annual Stockholders Meeting of the Company, but after any stockholder votes are taken on such date, each Outside Director who is to continue to serve as such will automatically be granted an Award (“Annual Award”) of Restricted Stock with an aggregate Fair Market Value of \$120,000, provided that such Outside Director has served on the Board for at least the preceding six (6) months.

C. Vesting. Each Initial Award and each Annual Award granted prior to the 2016 Annual Stockholders Meeting of the Company will vest in three equal installments, with one-third vesting on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of grant, subject to the Outside Director’s continued service on the Board through each such vesting date. Each Annual Award granted on or after the 2016 Annual Stockholders Meeting of the Company will vest 100% on the day before the next Annual Stockholders Meeting of the Company occurring after the date of grant, subject to the Outside Director’s continued service on the Board through each such vesting date. For clarification purposes, each Initial Award granted on or after the 2016 Annual Stockholders Meeting of the Company will continue to vest in three equal installments consistent with the Company’s past practices. In addition, each Initial Award and Annual Award will become fully vested upon the occurrence of a Change in Control (as defined in the Plan) provided that the Outside Director serves on the Board through the date of such Change in Control.

D. Award Agreement. Each Initial Award and Annual Award granted pursuant to this Policy will be made solely by and subject to the terms set forth in a written agreement in a form, consistent with the terms of the Plan, approved by the Board (or the Compensation Committee of the Board) and duly executed by an executive officer of the Company.

III. AMENDMENT, MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION.

This Policy may be amended, modified or terminated by the Board in the future at its sole discretion.

**CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT UNDER SECTION 302 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Joel K. Manby, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2017 of SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 9, 2017

Signature: /s/ Joel K. Manby
Joel K. Manby
President and Chief Executive Officer, Director
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2017 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Joel K. Manby, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented therein.

Date: May 9, 2017

/s/ Joel K. Manby

Joel K. Manby

President and Chief Executive Officer, Director
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2017 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Peter J. Crage, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented therein.

Date: May 9, 2017

/s/ Peter J. Crage
Peter J. Crage
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)