Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2020

PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") contains information up to and including August 28, 2020.

The following MD&A of Harvest Gold Corp. (the "Company") should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 the related notes contained therein. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

All financial information in this MD&A have been prepared in accordance with International financial reporting standards ("IFRS"), and all dollar amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Statements in this report that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements involving known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to vary considerably from these statements. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements. For more information on forward-looking information please refer to the "Caution Regarding Forward Looking Statements" section below.

OVERVIEW

The Company was incorporated on June 28, 2005 under the BC Business Corporations Act and is a reporting issuer in British Columbia and Alberta. The Company's common shares are traded on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol "HVG". Subsequent to September 30, 2019, the Company completed a 10 for 1 share consolidation. All references to number of shares and per share amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the consolidation.

The Company is a mineral exploration and resource development company engaged in the business of acquiring, exploring and evaluating natural resource properties, and either joint venturing or developing these properties further or disposing of them when the evaluation is complete. As at the date of this MD&A, the Company has not earned any production revenue and is considered to be an exploration stage company.

RESOURCE PROPERTIES - PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

Omineca Mining Division – British Columbia

On June 23, 2020, the Company entered into an Option Agreement with two private B.C. companies, Running Dog Resources Ltd. and Attunga Holdings Inc. (or collectively, "the Vendors") whereby the Company can earn up to an 100% interest in up to three early stage Copper-Gold porphyry projects located in the Omineca Mining Division of central B.C. This was approved by the TSX on July 21, 2020.

The Company can earn a 100% interest in any or all of the three projects by completing the following:

Time	Exploration (CDN)	Cash (CDN)
TSX-V Approval	-	$35,000 for all three projects
December 31, 2021	$450,000	$20,000 per property
December 31, 2022	-	$25,000 per property
December 31, 2023	-	$50,000 per property
December 31, 2024	-	$75,000 per property
TOTAL	$450,000	Minimum: $35,000;

		Maximum: $545,000

Once the Company has completed the Phase 1 work program it will have until December 31, 2021 to elect to retain one or more of the three projects or return any not selected to the Vendors with two years good standing. Providing that the Company continues to make cash payments or equivalent payments in shares on the anniversary dates it will earn a 100% interest in each project, subject to a 1.5% NSR royalty in favour of the Vendors. One half of the NSR royalty (0.75%) may be purchased for $500,000 prior to the publication of a mineral resource or for $1,500,000 thereafter. The Vendors will also be entitled to annual Advance Royalty Payments ("ARP") of $5,000 per project per year for four years commencing January 1, 2025 and increasing to $10,000 per project per year for four years commencing January 1, 2029. Thereafter and continuing for as long as the Company or successor owns the permits, the annual ARP will increase to $20,000 per project. All amounts provided as advance royalty payments can be paid in shares, at the Company's option and will be deductible from future NSR royalty payments.

CERRO CASCARON PROJECT - MEXICO

On June 7, 2017, as amended on April 17, 2018 and June 21, 2019, the Company entered into an Option Agreement (the "Option Agreement") to acquire up to an 80% interest in the Cerro Cascaron Project located in Mexico. Under the terms of the Option Agreement, the Company can earn an initial 70% interest (the "Initial Interest") in the Cerro Cascaron Project as follows:

Date	Payment
On or before June 10, 2017	Issuance of 100,000 common shares (issued)
On or before June 7, 2018 (amended to December 31, 2018 for a payment of $30,000 (paid))	Fund exploration of $1,000,000 and pay $200,000.
On or before June 7, 2019 (amended on June 21, 2019 to extend the deadline by six months for a payment of $55,000 (paid))	Fund further exploration of $1,000,000 and pay $100,000.
On or before June 7, 2020	Fund further exploration of $2,000,000 and pay $100,000
On or before June 7, 2021	Fund further exploration of $2,000,000, pay $500,000 and issue 100,000 common shares.

During the Initial Interest period, the Company can defer exploration expenditures at the end of the first, second or third anniversary for 12 months by making quarterly cash payments of $25,000 and maintaining all other cash payments and claim maintenance costs.

Once the Company has earned its Initial Interest, it will have a 90-day period during which it can elect to earn an additional 10% in the Cerro Cascaron Project by making a cash payment of $200,000 (or issuing 200,000 common shares) and fund a NI 43-101 compliant feasibility study over a five year period. Minimum annual exploration expenditures of $2 million are required during this period and a $200,000 cash payment is to be made if the minimum expenditures are not met by the Company.

During the year ended March 31, 2020, the Company and the Optionor agreed to terminate the agreement. The Company wrote off $1,602,425 to operations.

SURINAME CONCESSIONS

On July 27, 2016, the Company completed its 100% acquisition of Canasur Gold Limited ("CanaSur") and its wholly owned projects located in Suriname.

On May 7, 2018, the Company entered into a Share Purchase Agreement for the sale of its 100% interest in Canasur for $192,753 (US$150,000). The consideration of US$150,000 is payable in increments of US$30,000 due on or before July 1, 2018, November 1, 2018, March 1, 2019, July 1, 2019 and November 1, 2019. The option is secured by a pledge of the 100% interest in Canasur.

During the year ended March 31, 2018, the Company had derecognized the assets and liabilities of Canasur from the consolidated statements of financial position setting up the amount to be collected as the fair value of the remaining exploration and evaluation asset and recognized a corresponding impairment.

During the year ended March 31, 2020, the Company received US$10,000 ($13,051) (2019 – US$35,000 ($44,820)) in relation to this agreement.

ROSEBUD GOLD MINE, NEVADA

During the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company reached an option to sell agreement with Rosebud Exploration LLC ("RE"), a private Nevada corporation, for its Rosebud Gold Mine Property as follows. In Stage One, RE paid the Company US$25,000 upon signing. RE then paid US$50,000 to Newmont for the Company's December 15, 2015 Advanced Royalty Payment on Rosebud. RE also paid all Bureau of Land Management ("BLM") and county fees on Rosebud for its 2015 obligations. RE then informed the Company of its intention to continue with the project and paid the Company US$15,000 in in September 2016. RE also paid the US$50,000 2016 Advanced Royalty Payment to Newmont and has committed to pay 2017 BLM and county fees on the property by the end of July 2017.

RE exercised its option to purchase Rosebud any time after January 1, 2016 up to November 23, 2017 and paid the Company CDN$100,000. As RE exercised its option to purchase, it has also committed to paying CDN$1,000,000 to the Company within 30 days of RE receiving funding designed to commission and construct a mine at Rosebud. On Closing of the sale of Rosebud, RE assumed all obligations of the Company in respect of the 3% NSR on Rosebud including the obligations to make annual advance Royalty payments

RW PROPERTY, EUREKA COUNTY, NEVADA

Effective January 1, 2012 the Company entered into a mining lease and option to purchase agreement with Kinetic Gold (US) Inc. ("Kinetic"). As per the terms in the agreement the Company is in receipt of the first US$10,000 upon execution of the agreement and is in receipt of the next installment which was paid on December 21, 2012. On September 5, 2013 there was an amendment to the Mining Lease and Option to Purchase RW Claims to incorporate an additional year on the payment schedule. On August 13, 2015 the agreement was amended whereby Kinetic paid US$5,000 (CDN$6,475; received) and will pay US$15,000 thirty days after Kinetic assigns the property to a third party. Kinetic will then pay a further US$30,000 on the first anniversary and US$40,000 on the second anniversary of assigning the property to a third party. With the property optioned to Kinectic, the Company no longer manages the property and has no activities planned.

On June 1, 2019, the Company entered into a royalty agreement with Kinetic whereby the Company received a 1% net smelter royalty on the RW claims located in Eureka County, Nevada, USA in exchange for $1,000.

RESULTS FROM OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2019

The Company incurred a loss of $63,298 for the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to a loss of $56,527 for the three months ended June 30, 2019. The loss was consistent between the periods.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Three Months Ended March 31, 2020	Three Months Ended December 31, 2019	Three Months Ended September 30, 2019
Total assets	$ 242,213	$ 299,056	$ 1,943,544	$ 2,017,083
Evaluation and exploration assets	134,882	134,882	1,729,570	1,729,570
Working capital (deficiency)	(765)	46,550	138,392	212,256
Shareholders' equity (deficiency)	134,117	197,415	1,883,945	1,957,809
Net income (loss) for the period	(63,298)	(1,692,165)	(73,864)	(66,608)
Net income (loss) per share	(0.01)	(0.21)	(0.01)	(0.01)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2019	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	Three Months Ended December 31, 2018	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018
Total assets	$ 2,097,242	$ 2,153,758	$ 2,206,196	$ 2,231,069
Evaluation and exploration assets	1,674,570	1,687,621	1,476,940	1,051,783
Working capital	339,499	382,975	484,134	904,573
Shareholders' equity	2,030,052	2,086,579	2,131,417	2,126,199
Loss for the period	(56,527)	23,196	(317,443)	(542,778)
Loss per share	(0.01)	0.00	(0.05)	(0.10)

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES,

As at June 30, 2020, the Company had cash of $103,462. The Company has slowed its utilization of its cash resources on administrative requirements. The Company has no significant income and will rely on replenishing cash balances by capital fundraising.

Subsequent to June 30, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors approved and completed a private placement to raise up to $127,500 through a non-brokered private placement of up to 1.275 million units at a price of $0.10 per unit. Each unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant will be exercisable into one transferable common share of the Company at a price of $0.15 for three years from the date of closing. A finders' fee may be payable in cash or warrants in accordance with the policies of the exchange.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and to commence profitable operations in the future.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, GST receivable, trade payables and advances payable. Cash is designated as amortized cost. Trade payables and due to related party are designated as other financial liabilities and recorded at amortized cost.

The fair value hierarchy establishes three levels to classify inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

Cash is stated at fair value and are classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair values of trade payables and due to related party approximate carrying value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

The fair value of available for sale investments are determined based on a market approach reflecting the closing price of each particular security at the closing balance sheet date. The closing price is a quoted market price obtained from the exchange that is the principal active market for the particular security, and therefore available for sale securities are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is in the mineral exploration and development business and as such is exposed to a number of risks and uncertainties that are not uncommon to other companies in the same business. Exploration for mineral resources involves a high degree of risk, and the cost of conducting programs may be substantial and the likelihood of success is difficult to assess. The Company attempts to mitigate its exploration risk through joint ventures with other companies.

Beyond exploration risk, management is faced with other possible risks which include the following:

Metal Price Risk

The price of gold and silver greatly affects the value of the Company and the potential value of its properties and investments. This, in turn, greatly affects its ability to form joint ventures and the structure of any joint ventures formed.

Financial Market Risk

The Company is dependent on the equity markets as its sole source of operating working capital and the Company's capital resources are largely determined by the strength of the resource markets and by the status of the Company's projects in relation to these markets, and its ability to compete for the investor support of its projects.

Title Risk

The Company has investigated its right to explore and exploit its properties and, to the best of its knowledge, has title to properties in which it has a material interest. However, the results of the Company's investigations should not be construed as a guarantee of title.

Environmental Risk

The Company seeks to operate within environmental protection standards that meet or exceed existing requirements in the country in which the Company operates. Present or future laws and regulations, however, may affect the Company's operations. Future environmental costs may increase due to changing requirements or costs associated with exploration and the developing, operating and closing of mines. Programs may also be delayed or prohibited in some areas. Although minimal at this time, site restoration costs are a component of exploration expenses.

Value Risk

There is no certainty that the properties which the Company has deferred as assets on its consolidated balance sheet will be realized at the amounts recorded. These amounts should not be taken to reflect realizable value.

Should one or more of these risks and uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, then actual results may vary materially from those described on forward-looking statements. The Company has not completed a feasibility study on any of its properties to determine if it hosts a mineral resource that can be economically developed and profitably mined.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company did not enter into any off-balance sheet arrangements during the period.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information provided in this report, including the financial statements, is the responsibility of management. In the preparation of these statements, estimates are sometimes necessary to make a determination of future values for certain assets or liabilities. Management believes such estimates have been based on careful judgments and have been properly reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

OUTSTANDING COMMON SHARE DATA

As at June 30, 2020, the Company had 8,872,486 common shares issued and outstanding. The Company also had 2,106,200 warrants with an exercise price range of $1.00 - $1.20 expiring to September 7, 2020. The Company also had 789,500 stock options exercisable between $0.60 and $0.75 to December 18, 2023.

As at the date of this report, the Company had 10,147,486 common shares issued and outstanding. The Company also had 1,625,000 warrants with an exercise price range of $0.15 - $1.20 expiring to August 12, 2023. The Company also had 1,084,500 stock options exercisable between $0.15 and $0.75 to August 23, 2025.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions are measured at their exchange amounts, which is the amount of consideration paid or received as agreed by the parties. Related party transactions are as follows:

a. **Contractual commitment with related parties**

   On January 1, 2015, the Company entered into a management agreement with an officer and director to fulfil the role as Chief Executive Officer for a period of 5 years for a monthly rate of $4,000 per month. In October 2016, the contract was renewed at a new monthly rate of $5,000. In October of 2018, the contract was renewed at a new monthly rate of $7,500 with a bonus payment of $40,000 for past services rendered to the Company.

b. Transactions with related parties

During the period ended June 30, 2020, the Company paid or accrued $6,000 (June 30, 2019 - $6,000) of consulting fees and $27,000 (June 30, 2019 - $22,500) of management fees to officers and directors and companies controlled by officers and directors of the Company.

As at June 30, 2020, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities was $43,250 (March 31, 2019 - $16,000), owing for fees due to certain officers and directors of the Company. These amounts are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment.

c. Transactions with key management personnel

	Three months ended			
		Jun. 30, 2020		**Jun. 30, 2019**
Management and professional fees	$	33,000	$	28,500

CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements contained in this MD&A that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements (within the meaning of the Canadian securities legislation and the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995) that involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the future price of metals; the estimation of mineral reserves and resources, the realization of mineral reserve estimates; the timing and amount of estimated future production, costs of production, and capital expenditures; costs and timing of the development of new deposits; success of exploration activities, permitting time lines, currency fluctuations, requirements for additional capital, government regulation of mining operations, environmental risks, unanticipated reclamation expenses, title disputes or claims, limitations on insurance coverage and the timing and possible outcome of pending litigation. In certain cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", or "believes", or variations of such words and phrases or state that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved". Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such risks and other factors include, among others, risks related to the integration of acquisitions; risks related to operations; risks related to joint venture operations; actual results of current exploration activities; actual results of current reclamation activities; conclusions of economic evaluations; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; future prices of metals; possible variations in ore reserves, grade or recovery rates; failure of plant, equipment or processes to operate as anticipated; accidents, labour disputes and other risks of the mining industry; delays in obtaining governmental approvals or financing or in the completion of development or construction activities, as well as those factors discussed in the sections entitled "Risks and Uncertainties" in this MD&A. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could affect the Company and may cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this MD&A speak only as of the date hereof. The Company does not undertake any obligation to release publicly any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Forward-looking statements and other information contained herein concerning the mining industry and general expectations concerning the mining industry are based on estimates prepared by the Company using data from publicly available industry sources as well as from market research and industry analysis and on assumptions based on data and knowledge of this industry which the Company believes to be reasonable. However, this data is inherently imprecise, although generally indicative of relative market positions, market shares and performance characteristics. While the Company is not aware of any misstatements regarding any industry data presented herein, the industry involves risks and uncertainties and is subject to change based on various factors.

INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent period ended June 30, 2020 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

APPROVAL

The Board of Directors of Harvest Gold Corporation has approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A. A copy of this MD&A will be provided to anyone who requests it.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments Effective This Year

IFRS 16, Leases: This standard replaces IAS 17 "Leases" and the related interpretative guidance. IFRS 16 applies a control model to the identification of leases, distinguishing between a lease and a service contract on the basis of whether the customer controls the asset being leased. For those assets determined to meet the definition of a lease, IFRS 16 introduces significant changes to the accounting by lessees, introducing a single, on-balance sheet accounting model that is similar to current finance lease accounting, with limited exceptions for short-term leases or leases of low value assets. Lessor accounting is not substantially changed. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. The Company has considered the impact of this change and has determined that, since the Company currently has no leases, the adoption of this standard did not result in any impact on the Company's financial statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Certain new accounting standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued, effective for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2020. These standards have been assessed to not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

GOING CONCERN ISSUE

The Company is in the exploration stage and has no revenue or income from operations. The Company has limited capital resources and has to rely upon the sale of equity and/or debt securities for cash required for exploration and development purposes, for acquisitions and to fund the administration of the Company. Since the Company does not expect to generate any revenues from operations in the near future, it must continue to rely upon the sales of its equity or debt securities or joint venture agreements to raise capital. It follows that there can be no assurance that financing, whether debt or equity, will be available to the Company in the amount required by the Company at any particular time or for any period and that such financing can be obtained on terms satisfactory to the Company.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to obtain the necessary financing to meet its ongoing commitments and further its mineral exploration programs.

The Company may encounter difficulty sourcing future financing in light of the recent economic downturn. The current financial equity market conditions and the inhospitable funding environment make it difficult to raise capital through the private placements of shares. The junior resource industry has been severely affected by the world economic situation as it is considered speculative and high-risk in nature, making it even more difficult to fund. While the Company is using its best efforts to achieve its business plans by examining various financing alternatives, there is no assurance that the Company will be successful with any financing ventures.

OTHER INFORMATION
Additional information is available on the Company's website at www.harvestgoldcorp.com.